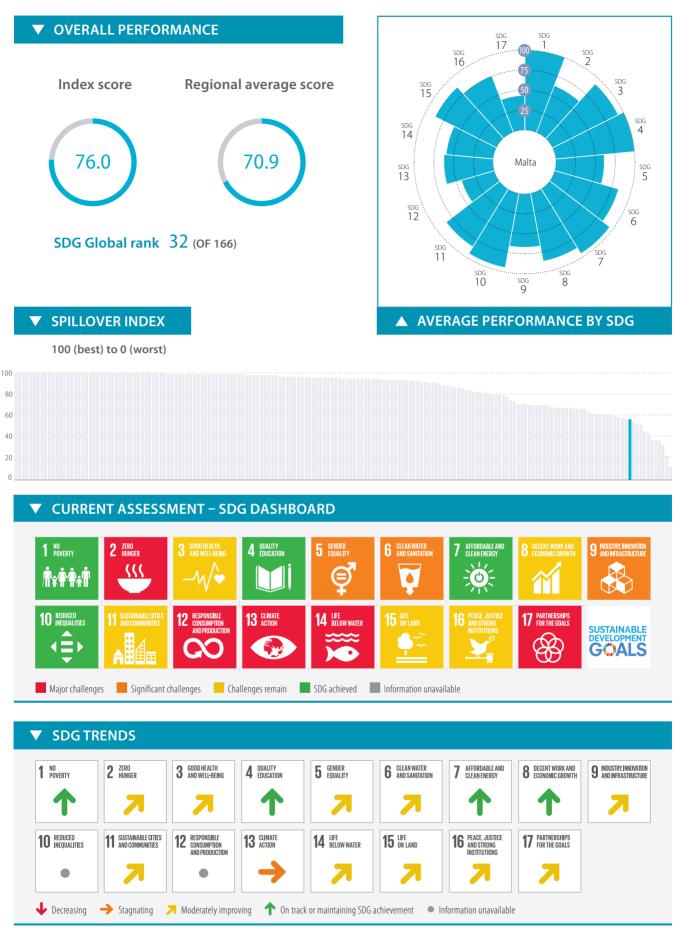
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Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

MALTA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	lating	Trend
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.1	2020	٠	1
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.2	2020	٠	1
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
revalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	٠	1
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) *	2.6	2016	٠	1
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) *	0.7	2016	٠	1
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	28.9	2016	٠	↓
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	→
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.8	2017	٠	1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	٠	1
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.7	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	7.0	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	14.0	2018	•	1
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.8	2016	•	↑
vge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	20	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	6.1	2016	٠	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	81.5	2016	٠	1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	12.9	2017	٠	1
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8	2016	٠	1
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96	2018	٠	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	82.0	2017	٠	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.7	2019	٠	1
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	99.5	2017	٠	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	100.4	2016	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.3	2018	٠	٠
DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females * aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	74.8	2017	•	↑
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	94.8	2018	•	→
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	65.5	2019	•	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	13.4	2020	٠	→
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	52.3	2015	•	•
Inthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) *	100.0	2018	٠	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	39.2	2013	•	→
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100.0	2017	٠	1
		2017		•
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0			
		2017	•	Т
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2017	•	Τ
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population of the population o	1.0		•	T
Topulation with access to electricity (%) Topulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C02 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth vdjusted GDP growth (%)	1.0	2018	•	Т •
topulation with access to electricity (%) topulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) to2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	1.0	2018	•	т •
Topulation with access to electricity (%) Topulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth vdjusted GDP growth (%) fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) vdlust with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	1.0 1.5 NA	2018	•	т • •
topulation with access to electricity (%) topulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) to2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	1.0 1.5 NA 97.4	2018 NA	•	Т • • ↑

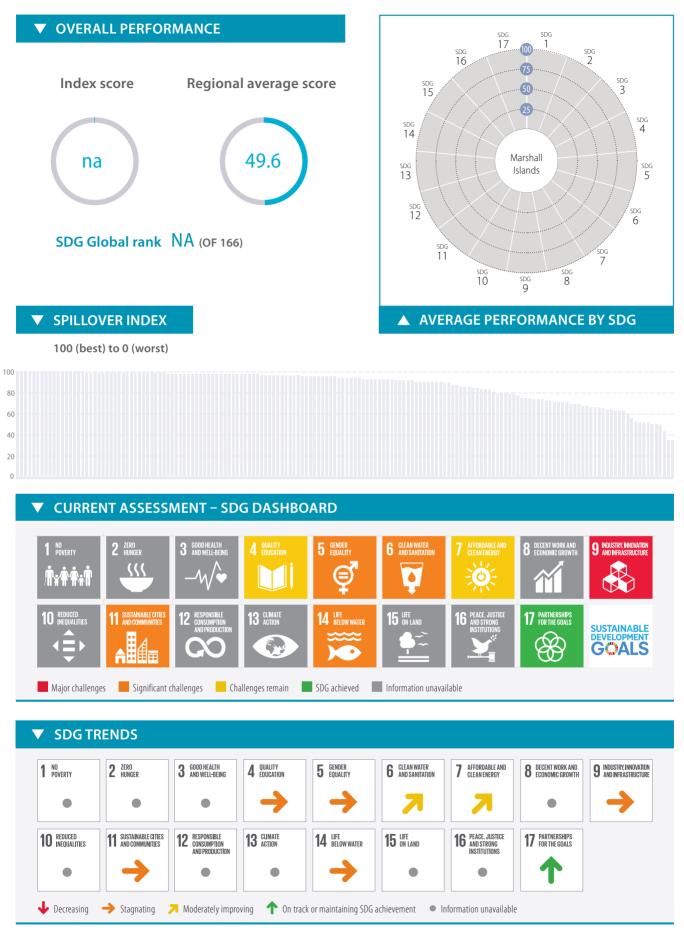
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year Ra	ting Trend
Population using the internet (%)	81.7 2018	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	104.3 2018	• 1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.9 2018	• ↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 2 universities (worst 0–100 best)	3 31.8 2020	• •
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.0 2018	• 1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.5 2017	• ↓
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	29.6 2015	• •
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	13.9 2017	• л
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0 2017	• •
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	60.3 2019	• •
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.8 2015	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	15.5 2016	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	555.8 2012	
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	17.0 2012	
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	34.3 2010	
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	17.4 2010	
SDG13 – Climate Action		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)**	6.3 2017	• -
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.8 2017	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in Imports (ICO ₂ /Capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 2019	• •
	0.0 2019	
SDG14 – Life Below Water) 000 2010	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	41.1 2019	• •
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	12.5 2014	
Fish caught by trawling (%)	93.6 2014 0.1 2018	• •
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2018	
SDG15 – Life on Land	() 00.2	•
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%		T •
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%		
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2019	• •
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA NA	••
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.1 2018	• •
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9 2015	
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	27.9 2018	• 1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	74.5 2019	• ↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.1 2019	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 2018	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	54 2019	• •
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA NA	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.1 2019	• •
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	29.7 2019	• 1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.9 2015	• 1
	al 0.2 2017 •	• →
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessiona public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		
5	NA NA	• •

5. Country Profiles

**In Malta, the "Country-Reported" data of CO2 emissions from energy is significantly lower than the "Third-Party" estimate used in this report and has improved since 2014 (Gütschow et al, 2019). The "Country-Reported" data reflects the shift made by Malta in 2014 to a gas-fired power plant from a Heavy Fuel Oil (HFO) plant in addition to the 2015 linkage to mainland Europe's interconnector.

^{*} Imputed data point

MARSHALL ISLANDS



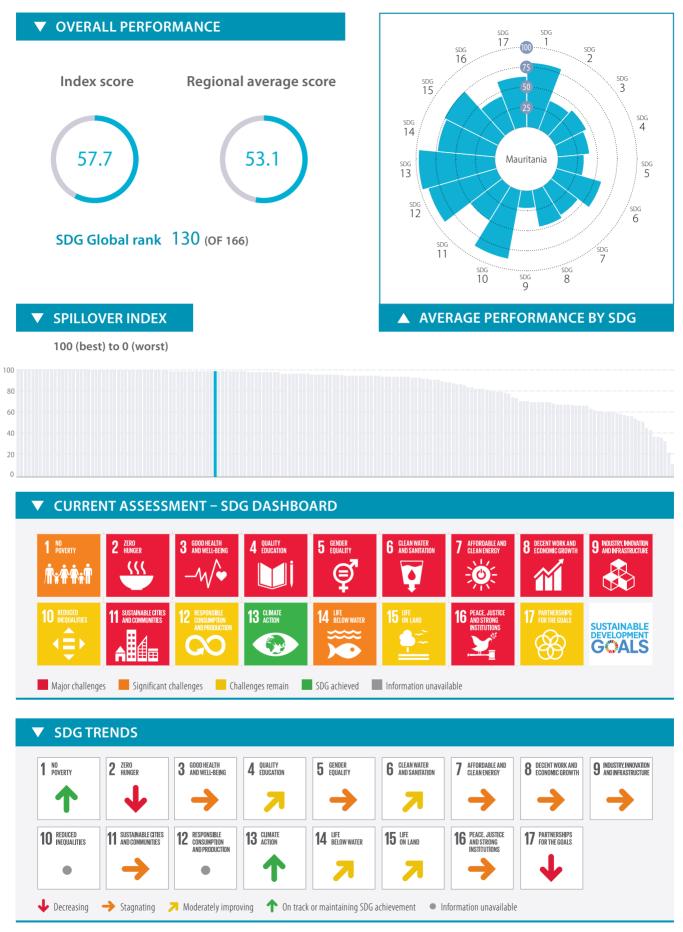
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MARSHALL ISLANDS

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	52.9	2016	•	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.3	2015	٠	1
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	NA	٠	٠
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.5	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	33.1	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	434.0	2018	٠	1
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
vge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	5.7	2013	•	٠
ife expectancy at birth (years)	NA	NA	٠	٠
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	NA	NA	•	٠
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	90.1	2011	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	81	2018	٠	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA		٠
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
5DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	73.2	2016	•	→
ower secondary completion rate (%)	109.5	2011	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.5	2011	٠	
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	80.5	2007	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	973	2018	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	NA	NA	•	
ieats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020	•	T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	88 5	2017		•
Population using at least basic unitality water services (%)		2017		4
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA		•
	11/1	11/1	-	-
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	04.0	2017		
Yopulation with access to electricity (%) Yopulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		ा _
	UD.4	2016	•	~
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	٠	٠
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-3.3	2018	٠	٠
a second a second se	NA	NA	٠	٠
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		NA		•
	NA	11/1		
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)	NA NA	NA	•	•

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017	-	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2017		->
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	NA	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	\mathbf{I}
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA		•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	NA		
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	11/1	11/1		•
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)		2017		1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)	13.0 NA	2017 NA		•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.6	2013	٠	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	NA			•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA			
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA			
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	NA			
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA			•
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	24	2017	•	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA			
CO2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	10/1			
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	123	2018		-
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2018		2
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2019		*
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA			
Varine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA		•	•
	11/4	11/4		
SDG15 – Life on Land	15.0	2010		
Wean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		-
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA			
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		*
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA	NA		-
ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA	•	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA		٠
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	8.5	2015	٠	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	NA	•	٠
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
	83.8	2018	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	NA	NA		٠
Sirth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		NA		٠
	NA			•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD		2019 NA		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	0.0			•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.0 NA		•	•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	0.0 NA 22.5	NA 2003	•	•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.0 NA 22.5 NA	NA 2003 NA	•	•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.0 NA 22.5 NA	NA 2003	•	• • •

MAURITANIA



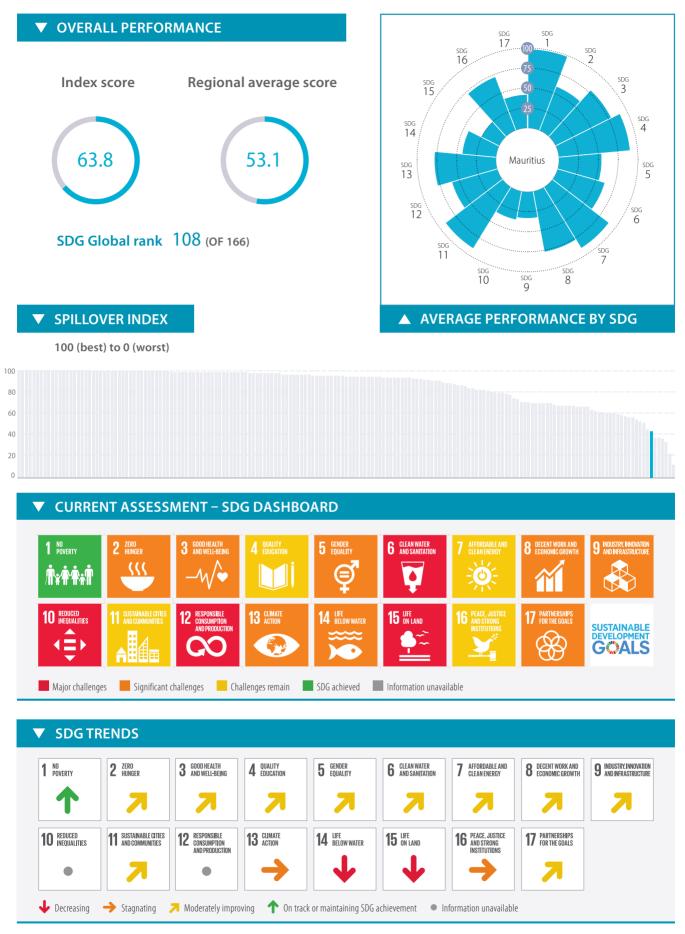
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MAURITANIA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	3.2	2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	16.9	2020	٠	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	10.4	2017	•	$\mathbf{+}$
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	27.9	2015	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	14.8	2015	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	12.7	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.4	2017	•	$\mathbf{+}$
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	٠	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	766	2017	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	33.5	2018	٠	→
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	75.7	2018	٠	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	93.0	2018	٠	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	18.1	2016	•	↓
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	169	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	24.7	2016	٠	↓
Life expectancy at birth (years)	63.9	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	71.0	2017	•	7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	69.3	2015	٠	7
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	78	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	41.0	2017	٠	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.2	2019	٠	→
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	79.6	2018	٠	7
ower secondary completion rate (%)	41.9	2018	٠	7
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	63.9	2017	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	30.4	2015	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	67.3	2018	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	46.3	2019	٠	→
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	20.3	2020	٠	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	70.7	2017	٠	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	48.4	2017	•	7
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	13.2	2005	•	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	1.6	2013	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	42.9	2017	•	→
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	->
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-56	2018	•	
		2018	•	
victims of modern slavery (per 1.000 population)	- 1. T			
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	20.9	2017	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2017 2019		▼ →

	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	e Year F	Ratino	Trend
	Population using the internet (%)		2017	-	7
	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018		1
	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018		¥
	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2020	•	•
		0.0	2018		-
	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)			-	7
-	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	•
	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	22.0	2014		
	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	32.6	2014	•	•
	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	47.4	2017	٠	↓
	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		7
	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	42.5	2019	٠	>
	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.5	2009	٠	٠
	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	1.3	2016	٠	٠
	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	33.0	2012	•	•
	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
1	SDG13 – Climate Action	0.7	2010	-	-
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.7	2017		•
			2017		
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)				T
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	, NA		
	SDG14 – Life Below Water		2011		
	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		+
	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		1
	Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		1
	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	٠	٠
	SDG15 – Life on Land				
	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	14.6	2018	٠	→
	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0	2019	٠	1
	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	٠
	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	* 9.9	2015	٠	•
	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2015		٠
	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019		7
	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	27	2019		•
	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019		
	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2010		J.
	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2019		-
			2010		
	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019	•	•
	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	31.7	2019	•	♦
	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	4.2	2016	٠	↓
	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
		NA		•	•

MAURITIUS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

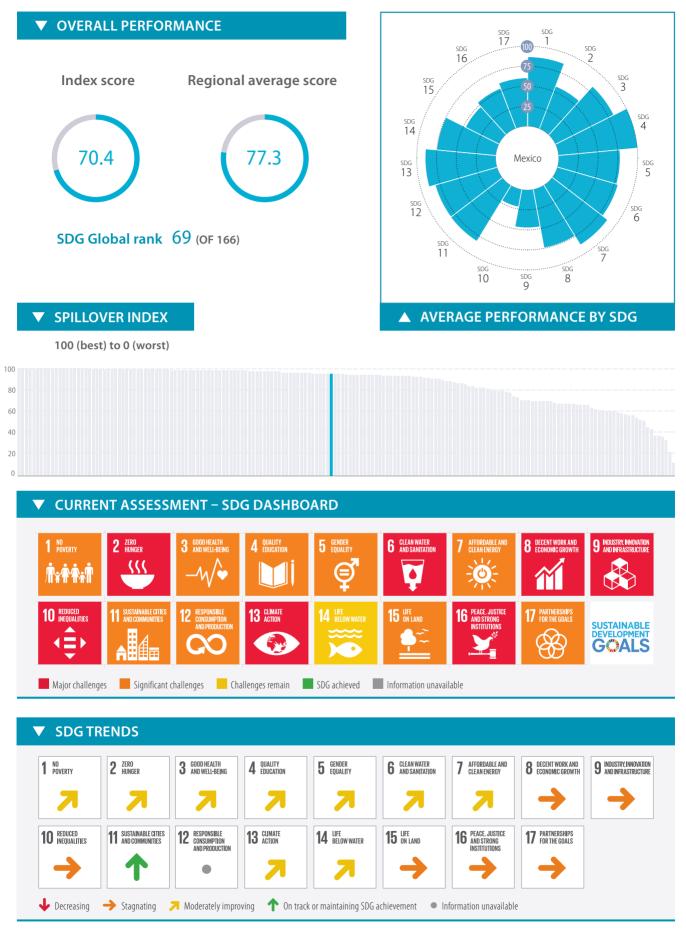
MAURITIUS

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.2	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	1.1	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	6.5	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	٠	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	10.8	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	•	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	5.2	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	61	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.2	2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.5	2018	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	13.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.7	2018	•	→
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	22.6	2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	38	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	127	2016		Ŧ
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2010		7
Adolescent fertility rate (birth ger 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2010		1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017		1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2018		7
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2017		
	0.2	2019	-	<u> </u>
SDG4 – Quality Education	04.0	2010		•
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2018		~
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2018		T
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.0	2018	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	40.8	2014	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	97.9	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	62.9	2019	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	20.0	2020	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9	2017	٠	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	95.5	2017	•	1
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	26.3	2005	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.5	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	72.4	2013	٠	↓
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	98.0	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	93.3	2016	•	1
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4	2017	•	→
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	07	2018	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	1.0	2010		-
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	89.8	2017	٠	1
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	6.7	2019	•	1
		2010	•	J.
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)				

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infra	structure Value	Year Ra	ting	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018	-	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 populati			•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and t infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	ransport-related	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: A universities (worst 0–100 best)	Average score of top 3 * 0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 p	opulation) 0.1	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.4	2017	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	50.4	2012	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Comm	unities			
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	of loss than	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urba	in population) 99.0	2017	•	•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	70.2		•	*
		2015	- -	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption an Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2016	•	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)				
	225.4	2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
	uj 19.2 .	2010	-	-
SDG13 – Climate Action	3.6	2017	•	•
Energy-related CO_2 emissions (t CO_2 /capita)		2017	•	~
CO_2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO_2 /capita)		2015	•	7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/	capita) 0.0 .	2016	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites importa			•	>
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–1	,	2019		?
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks		2014		4
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2008		•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (pe	r million population) 1.8	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites impor	tant to biodiversity (%) 9.3	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites impor	tant to biodiversity (%) NA	NA	•	•
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.4	2019	•	↓
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year a	verage) 0.1	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats ember (per million population)	odied in imports 22.1	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Ins	titutions			
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.8	2016	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	40.7	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alc city or area where they live (%)	one at night in the 65.1	2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.3	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children	n under age 5) NA	NA		٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	52	2019	•	↓
Children involved in child labor (% of population a	ged 5 to 14) NA	NA		٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV const. per 100,000 population)	ant million USD * 0.0 1	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	28.5	2019	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (%	6 of GDP) 7.5	2016	•	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: Inter	national concessional NA	NA	•	•
public finance, including official development as	sistance (% of GNI)			
public finance, including official development as: Other countries: Government revenue excluding g		2018	•	1

5. Country Profiles

MEXICO



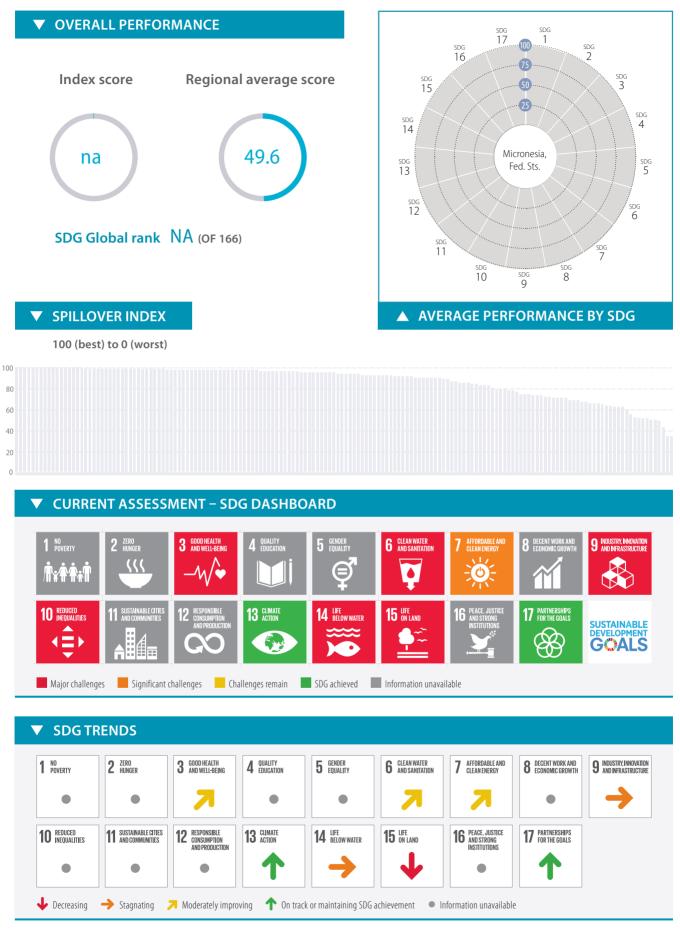
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MEXICO

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		7
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	10.0	2016	•	→
5DG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017	•	T
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2015	-	T
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2015 2016	-	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2016	-	÷
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		J.
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA	•	•
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			-	
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	33	2017	•	1
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	÷
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	15.7	2016		
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	12./	2010	-	Τ
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	37	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016		↓
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) .ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		$\stackrel{\bullet}{\rightarrow}$
Adolescent fertility rate (birth years)		2016		$\overrightarrow{\rightarrow}$
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017	•	Ť
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)			•	Ť
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2018		Ť
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	3.7	2016	•	•
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	NA	NA		٠
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	7.6	2017		1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
	* 100.0	2017		1
	* 100.0	2017	٠	Ť
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.3	2018		٠
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	99.0	2017	٠	1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	23.4	2018	•	7
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	416.0	2018	•	->
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	•	4
Jnderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	>
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	21.6	2018	•	T
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	79.8	2015	•	•
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		~
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019 2020		7
eats held by women in national parliament (%) Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		T
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2018		
	2	2017	-	
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	00.2	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2015 2018		•
		2018		1
	4.2	2013		-
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2V1/	-	7
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%)	42.9	2017		
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	42.9	2017	•	
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	42.9 50.4			
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	42.9 50.4 100.0	2017	•	↑
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4	2017 2016	•	↑ ↑
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4	2017	•	1 1 7
Carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4 1.5	2017 2016	•	↑ ↑ 7 →
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4 1.5	2017 2016 2017	•	↑ ↑ 7 →
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4 1.5 9.0	2017 2016 2017 2018	•	↑ ↑ 7 →
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4 1.5 9.0	2017 2016 2017 2018 2018	•	↑ ↑ 7 →
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4 1.5 9.0 -2.3 2.7	2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018	• • •	↑↑ 7 → • •
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) <i>Victims</i> of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4 1.5 9.0 -2.3 2.7	2017 2016 2017 2018 2018	• • •	↑↑ 7 → •
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4 1.5 9.0 -2.3 2.7 36.9	2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018	• • •	↑↑ 7 → • • • •
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	42.9 50.4 100.0 85.4 1.5 9.0 -2.3 2.7 36.9 0.2	2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017	• • •	$\uparrow \uparrow 7 \rightarrow \bullet \bullet \bullet + \uparrow \uparrow$

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
opulation using the internet (%)	65.8	2018	•	1
obile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	70.0	2018	•	1
igistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related nfrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.8	2018	•	↓
e Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)		2020	•	•
ientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018	•	÷
penditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2016		4
esearchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2016	-	?
iadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		4
ap in internet access by income (percentage points) omen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science		2012	•	•
and engineering)	29.2	2015	-	•
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities	EE 4	2016		
ni coefficient adjusted for top income		2016		~
Ima ratio		2016		3
derly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	24.7	2016	•	→
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	20.9	2017	•	ѫ
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98.1	2017	•	1
tisfaction with public transport (%)		2018	•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
pulation with rent overburden (%)		2014		•
OG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
ectronic waste (kg/capita)	8.2	2016	•	
oduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
D ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
oduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		٠
trogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.5	2010	•	٠
on-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.9	2012	•	٠
DG13 – Climate Action				
ergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.0	2017	•	→
D ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		1
D_2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2019		•
fective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)	0.3	2016	•	•
DG14 – Life Below Water	70.4	2010		
ean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
cean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		<u>л</u>
sh caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014 2014		*
sh caught by trawling (%) arine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014		T
DG15 – Life on Land	0.0	2010	-	9
ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 31.7	2018	•	→
ean area that is protected in reshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		->
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		4
rmanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018		٠
rrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		2018		•
per million population)	0.7	2010	-	
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions omicides (per 100,000 population)	7/ 9	2017		J.
nsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2017	-	*
recentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the				ľ
ity or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2018 2019	•	7
th registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019	•	•
prruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		J.
ildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016	•	•
ports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD		2019	•	•
per 100,000 population) ess Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	46.8	2019	•	→
rsons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	140.9		•	1
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	7.8	2016	•	1
r high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	NA	•	•
bublic finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)				
ther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		2018		→ ●
prporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) nancial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.0	2019 2020		•
ifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2020		-
	11.1	2010	-	-

MICRONESIA, FEDERATED STATES OF



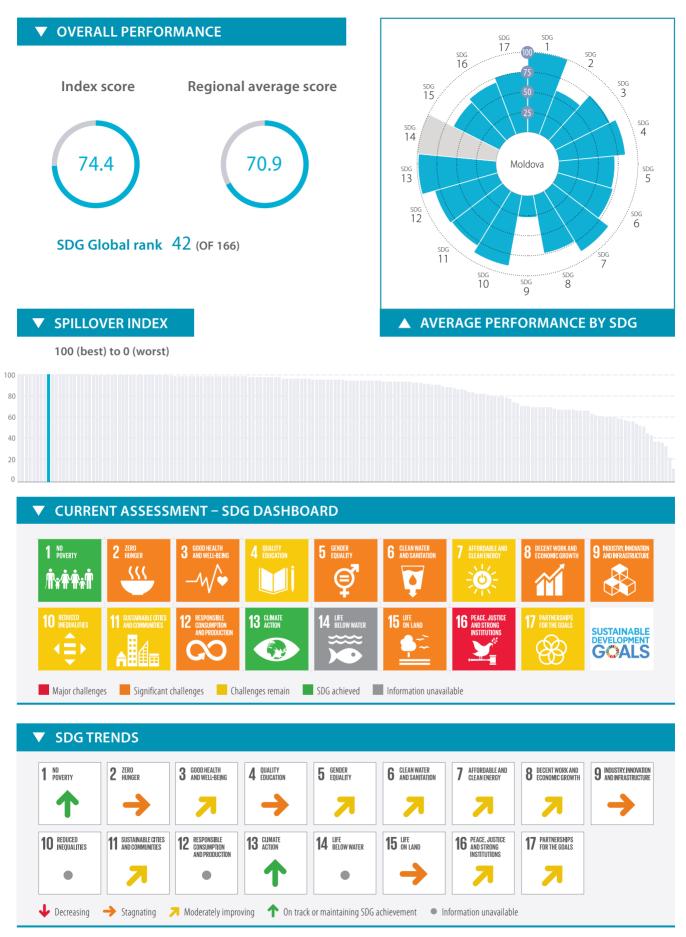
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MICRONESIA, FEDERATED STATES OF Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	•
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA		
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	٠	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	٠	•
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	45.8	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA	NA	٠	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.7	2017	•)
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1	2015	٠	-
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	88	2017	•	1
veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	16.0	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	30.8	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	108.0	2018	٠	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA		•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	26.1	2016	•	-)
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	152	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	1.9	2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	69.6	2016	٠	-
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	13.9	2017	•	1
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2009	٠	•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	73	2018	٠	-)
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	47.0	2017	٠	-
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	85.5	2015	•	
ower secondary completion rate (%)	NA	NA	٠	•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA		•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	NA	NA	•	•
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	NA	NA		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	0.0	2020	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	78.6	2017	•	J
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	/ 0.0	2017		1
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA	•	
Inthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	•	
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA		
	14/1	14/1		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	00 0	2017		4
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		_
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	12.0	2010	-	-
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				-
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA	٠	•
Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)	NA	NA	٠	•
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	•	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Value	Year F	lating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)			2017	-	7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)			2017	٠	->
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		NA	NA	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 2 universities (worst 0–100 best)	3 *	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		0.0	2018	٠	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		45.7	2013	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μq/m ³)		11.3	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		NA	NA	•	
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		NA			•
		14/1	14/1		-
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		0.2	2016		
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)			2016		
Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO2 emissions (kg/capita)		NA			
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		NA			
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		NA			•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		NA			
		1 1/7	1474	-	-
SDG13 – Climate Action		0.7	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)			2017		T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	*	NA			
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	^	0.0	2017	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	,				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	>
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)			2019	•	Ť
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)			2014	•	+
Fish caught by trawling (%)		NA	NA	•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (9		0.0	2018	٠	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		0.7	2019	٠	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	*	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		NA	NA	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	*	4.7	2015	٠	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		17.7	2015	•	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		NA	NA	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	*	0.0	2019		•
per 100,000 population)				-	-
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		NA	NA		
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)		15.7	2015	٠	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessiona	al	NA	NA	٠	•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)					
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		44.7	2018	٠	T

MOLDOVA



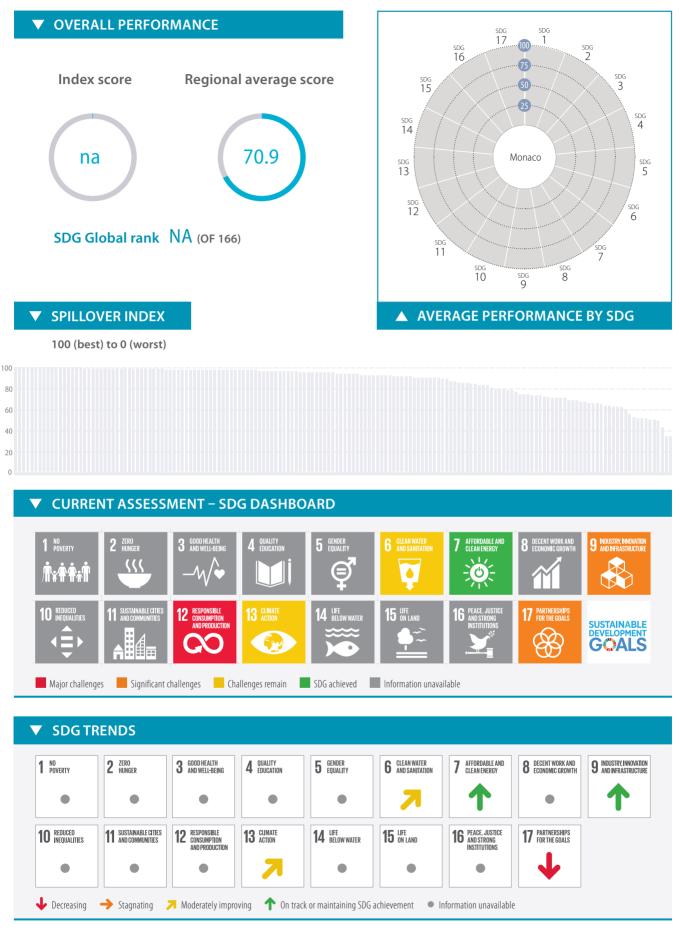
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

MOLDOVA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.0	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.3	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.4	2012	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.9	2012	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	18.9	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	>
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	Ť
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	٠	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	19	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.9	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.8	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	86.0	2018	•	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.3	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	24.9	2016	•	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	78	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	9.7	2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	71.5	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	22.4	2017	٠	1
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2014	•	•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	•	T
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	T
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.8	2019	•	4
5DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)		2018	•	4
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•	~
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.8	2014	•	•
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Jemand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)		2012	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.9		•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	٠	T
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	24.8	2020	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	89.1	2017	•	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	•	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005	•	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.3	2013	•	T
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0		•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	92.2	2016	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6	2017	•	→
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-0.6	2018	٠	٠
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	5.5	2018	•	٠
	43.8	2017	•	1
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)	5.5	2019	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$

5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F		Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017	•	Ť
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	53.5	2018	•	Τ
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.0	2018	•	≁
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $_{\rm *}$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2018	٠	⇒
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3	2017	•	↓
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	31.4	2017	•	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	16.3	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	90.9	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.0	2019	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				-
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	6.3	2015	•	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		٠
5DG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	13	2017	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2018		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	0.0	2.10		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
Decan Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA			
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA			
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA			
Varine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		•
SDG15 – Life on Land	0.0	2010		-
Vean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	22.6	2018		~
Viean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Viean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		3
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2018		*
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019		
Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2014	٠	•
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	17.5	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019		1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	•	•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	4
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	16.3	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD * per 100,000 population)		2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	31.2	2019	•	4
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.0	2016	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	27.7	2018	•	1
		2019		

MONACO



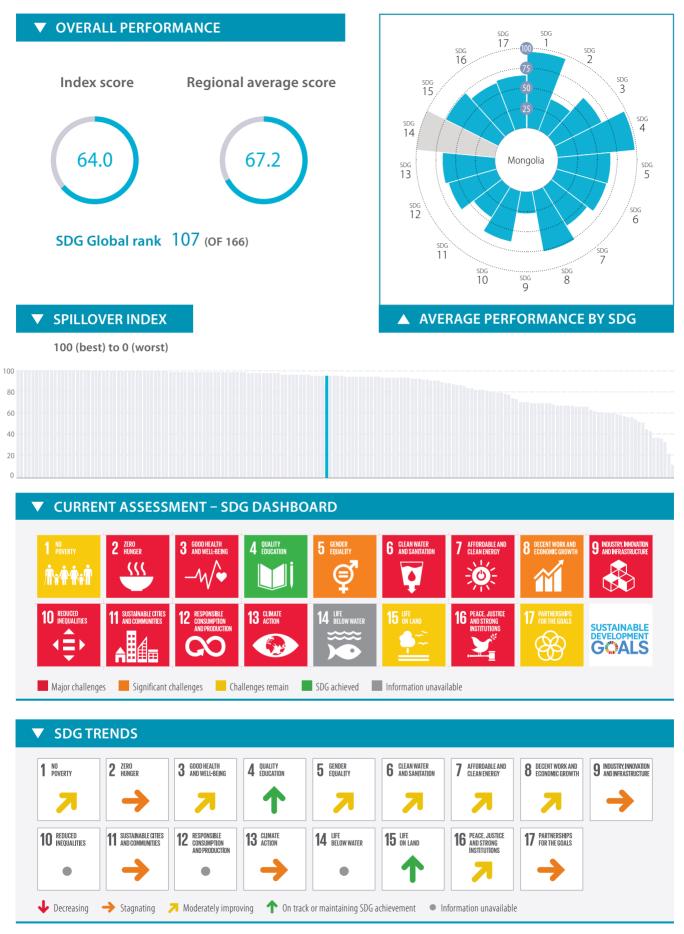
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MONACO

overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	Value	Year R	lating	Trenc
	NA	NA	٠	٠
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA		
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
revalence of undernourishment (%) *	1.2	2017	٠	٠
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) *	2.6	2016	٠	٠
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) *	0.7	2016	٠	٠
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA	NA	٠	۲
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA	NA	٠	٠
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	NA	NA		
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	NA		٠
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.7	2018	٠	1
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.2	2018	٠	1
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	1
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	NA	NA	•	•
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	0.0	2013	•	•
fe expectancy at birth (years)	NA	NA	•	•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	NA	NA	•	•
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA	NA	•	•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	•	→
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA		•
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA		•
DG4 – Quality Education			-	-
et primary enrollment rate (%)	NA	NA		
ower secondary completion rate (%)	NA	NA	•	
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA		
	11/1	11/1	-	•
DG5 – Gender Equality emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	NA	NA	•	•
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA		•	•
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	NA	NA	•	•
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	33.3	2020	•	1
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA	٠	٠
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	100.0	2018	•	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	28.1	2013	•	7
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
	NA	NA		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	IN/A			
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%)	N L A	INA		-
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA			
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%)	NA NA		•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) (ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		NA		•

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R		Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017	•	T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	84.1	2018	•	Τ
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.2	2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.0	2005	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	NA		٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) ($\mu g/m^3$)	NA	NA	•	•
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	٠	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	NA		٠
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	3.2	2012	•	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	NA	NA	•	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	109.5	2012	•	
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	30.9	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	48.0	2010	•	
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	13.8	2010	•	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8	2017	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	NA		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	4
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA			•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	٠
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•	٠
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	$\mathbf{+}$
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA	NA	•	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.9	2006	•	
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0		•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA	•	٠
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD				
per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019		-
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	2.8	2016	٠	4
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	NA	•	•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			-	-
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		

MONGOLIA



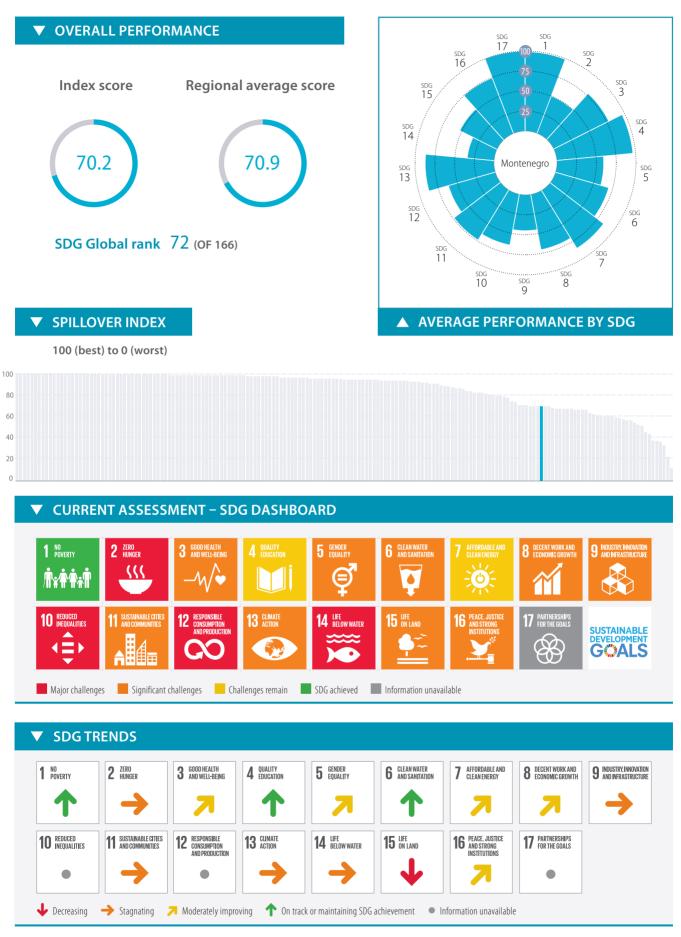
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MONGOLIA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.3	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	4.3	2020	•	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	13.4	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.8	2013	•	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0	2013	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	20.6	2016	٠	+
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5	2017	٠	+
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.6	2017	•	+
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1	2015	٠	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	45	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.7	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.3	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	428.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	30.2	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	156	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	16.5	2016	٠	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	69.8	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	31.0	2017	•	→
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2014	•	
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	•	Τ
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		7
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.6	2019	•	Τ
5DG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2018	•	T
ower secondary completion rate (%)	105.2		•	•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.6	2018	•	•
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	65.2	2013	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	106.1	2018	٠	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	79.8	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	17.3	2020	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	83.3	2017	٠	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	58.5	2017	٠	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	3.4	2015	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.3	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	3.6	2013	٠	1
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	85.9	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	42.8	2016	٠	7
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.4	2017	•	→
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-1.2	2018	•	٠
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	93.0	2017	•	1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
	6.0	2019	٠	1

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)			Year F 2018	lating	Trend
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)			2018	•	*
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)			2018	•	+
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of to	op 3 ∗	0.0	2020	•	•
universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		0.0	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		0.1	2017	•	↓
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		40.5	2016	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) $(\mu g/m^3)$		40.1	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		34.5	2017	٠	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		47.7	2019	٠	⊼
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production					
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		3.7	2016	٠	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		4.7	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		59.1	2012	•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		4.2	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		78.9	2010	٠	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		1.4	2010	•	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action					
Energy-related CO_2 emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		8.2	2017	٠	↓
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		0.6	2015	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	20	728.8	2018	٠	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water					
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity	(%)	NA	NA		٠
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	. ,	NA	NA	•	•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		NA	NA		٠
Fish caught by trawling (%)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million populatio	on)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity	v (%)	43.7	2018	•	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity			2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)			2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		0.0	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports					
(per million population)		0.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		6.2	2017	٠	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		23.1	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	2	50.0	2019	•	↓
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		3.5	2019	٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		99.3	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		35	2019	٠	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		17.3	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	*	0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		29.5	2019	٠	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)		7.3	2016	•	7
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessi	onal				
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		NA 24.9	NA 2017	•	•
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	*		2017		
		0.0	2017	-	-

MONTENEGRO



Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

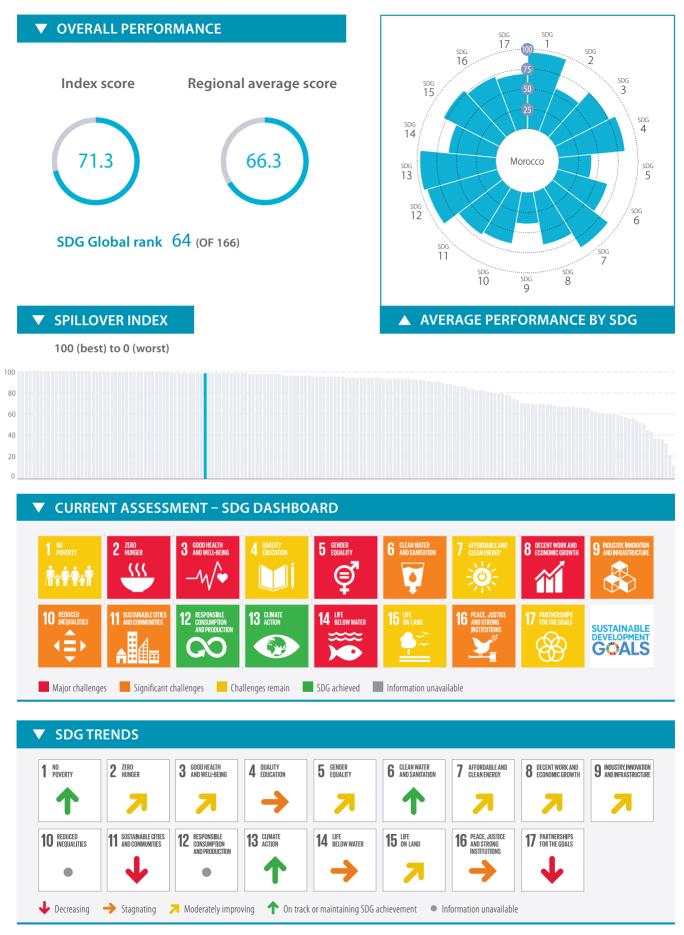
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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	lating	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.0	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.1	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.4	2013	•	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.8	2013	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	23.3	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5	2017	٠	→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.3	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1	2015	٠	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.7	2018	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.5	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	15.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	20.6	2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	79	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	10.7	2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	76.8	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	9.3	2017	•	1
3irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.0	2013	•	•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	58	2018	•	4
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	68.0	2017	•	7
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.4	2019	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	96.5	2018	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	99.4	2017	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.1	2018	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	42.8	2013	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	88.4	2018	•	4
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	75.2	2019	•	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	29.6	2020	•	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.0	2017	•	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	97.8	2017	٠	1
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA	٠	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	8.4	2018	٠	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	21.6	2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	7
D ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2017		1
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	20	2018		
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
	5.9	2010		-
	co. 1	2017	•	1
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	68.4	2017		
		2017		7

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	71.5	2018	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	73.2	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.6	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	16.4	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4	2018	•	7
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3	2016	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	40.5	2014	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μq/m ³)	20.8	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	94.1	2017	•	→
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	46.1	2019	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	2.2	2015	•	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	10.0	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	43.2	2012	•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	23.0	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	30.8	2010	•	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	10.7	2010	٠	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.1	2017	•	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8	2015	•	7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	131.1	2018	•	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	2018	•	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	61.3	2019	•	7
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA		•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	52.8	2014	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.1	2018	•	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	12.5	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2019	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) *	0.0	2018	•	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	5.3	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.4	2017	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	28.7	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	79.2	2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.3	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	99.4	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	45	2019	•	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	12.5	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	32.7	2019	•	→
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA	NA		٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	٠
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) *	0.0	2019	•	

5. Country Profiles

MOROCCO



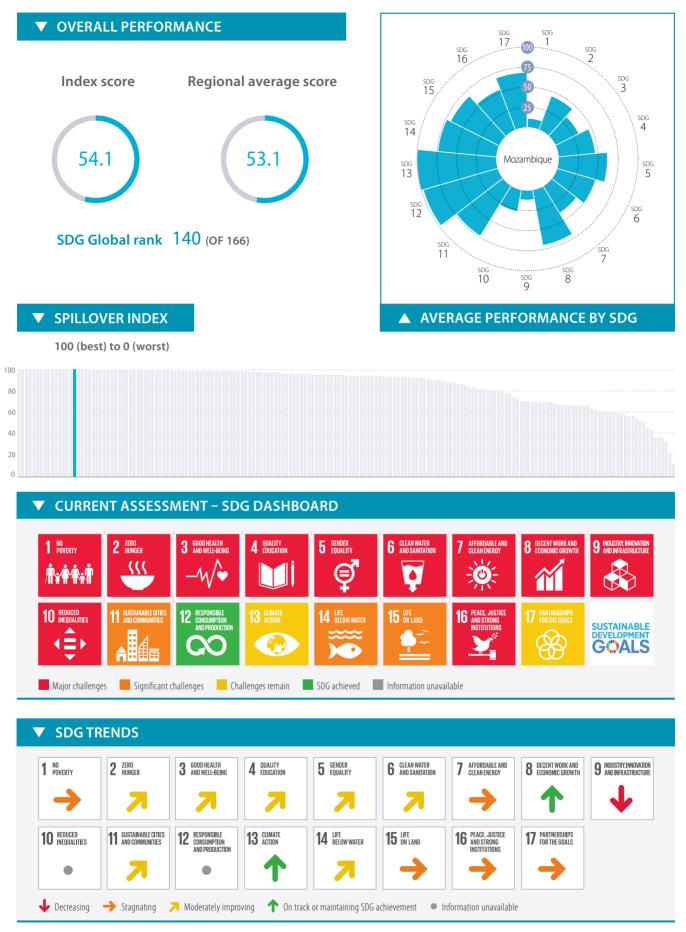
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R		Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.2	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	4.5	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	3.4	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	14.9	2011	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.3	2011	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	26.1	2016	•	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	T
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	70	2017	•	T
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	>
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	•	T
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	12.4	2016	•	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	49	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		7
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2011	•	•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	•	Ť
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.1	2019	•	♦
5DG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2018	•	T
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018		+
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	97.7	2018	•	•
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	68.6	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	71.9	2018	٠	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	30.4	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	20.5	2020	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	86.8	2017	٠	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	88.5	2017	•	1
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	49.7	2010	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	2.0	2013	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	96.8	2016	٠	1
	2.0	2017	•	→
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO_2/TWh)				
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	-3.2	2018	•	
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2018 2018	•	٠
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	2.4			•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	2.4 28.6	2018	•	•

5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018		1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	59.1	2018	٠	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.4	2018	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	21.5	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.7	2010	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	39.8	2013	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	32.6	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	94 1	2017	•	-
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		Ť
	77.2	2015	-	•
5DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2014		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2014		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2016		
502 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		
	0.7	2010	-	-
5DG13 – Climate Action	1.0	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017 2015		T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)				T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2018	•	•
5DG14 – Life Below Water	207			•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		7
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		+
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		T
ish caught by trawling (%)		2014		>
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.9	2018	٠	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	82.6	2018	•	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	>
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.2	2018	•	•
ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.1	2017	٠	4
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	23.4	2018	٠	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	57.4	2019	•	¥
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.3	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	96.1	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	41	2019	٠	7
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	8.3	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD * per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	٠
	44.0	2019	٠	1
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)				
		2000	•	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	7.8	2009		
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	7.8 NA	2009 NA	•	•
rress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA		•	•

MOZAMBIQUE



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

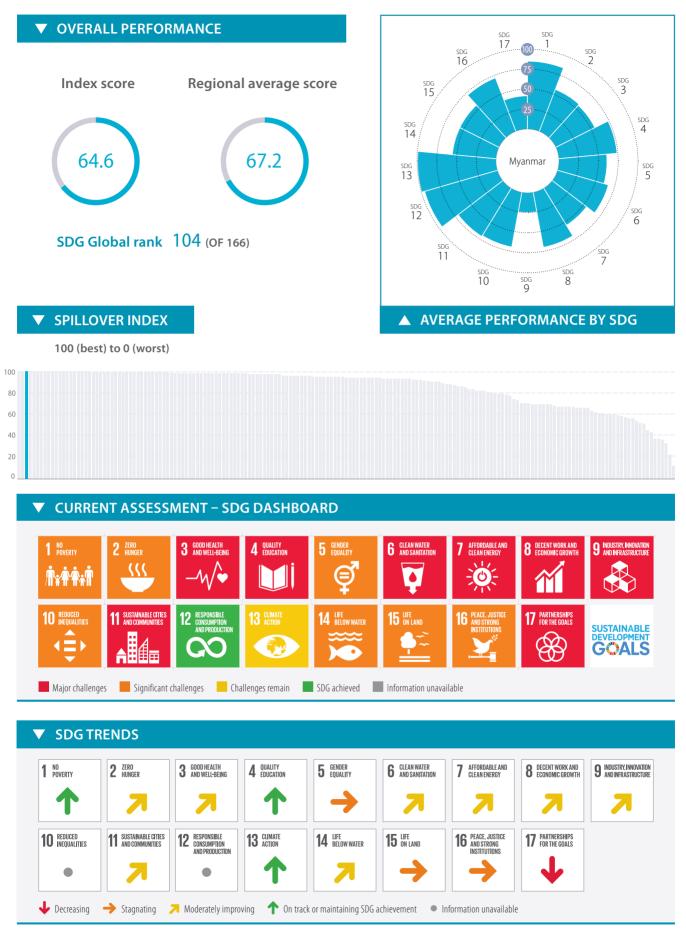
MOZAMBIQUE

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	lating	gTrend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	55.5	2020	٠	→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	77.5	2020	٠	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	27.9	2017	٠	↓
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	43.1	2011	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.1	2011	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	7.2	2016	٠	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.9	2017	٠	7
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	٠	>
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	289	2017	٠	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	27.8	2018	٠	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	73.2	2018	٠	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	551.0	2018	٠	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	5.3	2018	٠	7
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	18.4	2016	•	↑
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	110	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	30.1	2016	٠	→
ife expectancy at birth (years)	60.1	2016	٠	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19	148.6	2017	•	→
3 Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	54.3	2011	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) 80	2018	٠	⇒
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) 46.0	2017	٠	7
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.9	2019	٠	7
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Vet primary enrollment rate (%)	93.9	2018	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	22.8	2017	٠	↓
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	70.9	2017	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	55.5	2015	•	ѫ
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	54.3	2018	٠	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	97.2	2019	۲	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	41.2	2020	٠	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	55.7	2017	٠	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	29.4	2017	•	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	1.8	2015	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.2	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.2	2013	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	27.4	2017	٠	→
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	3.7	2016	•	→
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.5	2017	•	1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-6.5	2018	•	٠
		2018		٠
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)				•
	41.7	2017		
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2017		1

universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal artic Expenditure on research and developm SDG10 – Reduced Inequali Gini coefficient adjusted for top inco SDG11 – Sustainable Cities Annual mean concentration of part 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µ Access to improved water source, p Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Consi Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	y of trade and transport-related sities Ranking: Average score of top 3 a des (per 1,000 population) hent (% of GDP) ties ome and Communities iculate matter of less than ug/m ³) iped (% of urban population) %) umption and Production ay) g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) hports (kg/capita)	15.1 2.2 * 0.0 0.0 0.3 53.9 21.3 74.6 58.3 74.6 58.3 74.6 5.7 70.4 4 6.6	2017 2018 2020 2018 2018 2017 2014 2017 2017 2017 2017 2014 2016 2012 2012 2010 2010		
Logistics Performance Index: Quality infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Univer- universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal artice Expenditure on research and developm SDG10 – Reduced Inequalit Gini coefficient adjusted for top inco SDG11 – Sustainable Cities Annual mean concentration of part 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µ Access to improved water source, p Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Consis Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	y of trade and transport-related sities Ranking: Average score of top 3 a des (per 1,000 population) hent (% of GDP) ties ome and Communities iculate matter of less than ug/m ³) iped (% of urban population) %) umption and Production ay) g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) hports (kg/capita)	2.2 * 0.0 0.3 53.9 21.3 74.6 58.3 0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2016 2020 2018 2015 2014 2017 2017 2017 2019 2014 2016 2012 2012 2010		↓ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Logistics Performance Index: Quality infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Univer- universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal artice Expenditure on research and developm SDG10 – Reduced Inequali Gini coefficient adjusted for top inco SDG11 – Sustainable Cities Annual mean concentration of part 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µ Access to improved water source, p Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Consi Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	y of trade and transport-related sities Ranking: Average score of top 3 a des (per 1,000 population) hent (% of GDP) ties ome and Communities iculate matter of less than ug/m ³) iped (% of urban population) %) umption and Production ay) g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) hports (kg/capita)	* 0.0 0.0 53.9 21.3 74.6 58.3 0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2020 2018 2015 2014 2017 2017 2017 2017 2019 2014 2016 2012 2012 2010		
universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal artic Expenditure on research and developm SDG10 – Reduced Inequali Gini coefficient adjusted for top inco SDG11 – Sustainable Cities Annual mean concentration of part 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µ Access to improved water source, p Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Consi Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	ties (per 1,000 population) nent (% of GDP) ties come s and Communities iculate matter of less than 1g/m ³) iped (% of urban population) %) umption and Production ay) g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) aports (kg/capita)	 0.0 0.0 0.3 53.9 21.3 74.6 58.3 74.6 58.3 0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6 	2018 2015 2014 2017 2017 2019 2014 2016 2012 2012 2012 2010	 	• • • • • • • • • •
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SDG10 – Reduced Inequali Gini coefficient adjusted for top inco SDG11 – Sustainable Cities Annual mean concentration of part 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µ Access to improved water source, p Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Consi Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	ties ome s and Communities iculate matter of less than 1g/m ³) iped (% of urban population) %) umption and Production ay) g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) ipports (kg/capita)	53.9 21.3 74.6 58.3 0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2014 2017 2017 2019 2014 2016 2012 2012 2012	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
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SDG11 – Sustainable Cities Annual mean concentration of part 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µ Access to improved water source, p Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Const Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import: Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	s and Communities iculate matter of less than (g/m^3) iped (% of urban population) %) umption and Production and g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) aports (kg/capita)	74.6 58.3 0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2017 2019 2014 2016 2012 2012 2012	 • •<	⊼ ↑ 0 0
Annual mean concentration of part 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µ Access to improved water source, p Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Cons Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (ka SO ₂ emissions embodied in import: Production-based nitrogen emissio Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	iculate matter of less than (g/m ³) iped (% of urban population) (%) umption and Production (y) g/capita) (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) nports (kg/capita)	74.6 58.3 0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2017 2019 2014 2016 2012 2012 2012	 • •<	⊼ ↑ 0 0
Access to improved water source, p Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Const Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kk SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	iped (% of urban population) %) umption and Production and Production (y) g/capita) g/capita) (kg/capita) aports (kg/capita)	74.6 58.3 0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2017 2019 2014 2016 2012 2012 2012	 • •<	 7 7 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Satisfaction with public transport (9 SDG12 – Responsible Const Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kk SO ₂ emissions embodied in import: Production-based nitrogen emissio Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	6) umption and Production ay) g/capita) s (kg/capita) nports (kg/capita)	58.3 0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2019 2014 2016 2012 2012 2012	• • •	7 1 0 0 0 0 0
SDG12 – Responsible Const Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import: Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	umption and Production ay) g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) nports (kg/capita)	0.6 0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2014 2016 2012 2012 2012	• • •	1 • • •
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/da Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	yy) g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) nports (kg/capita)	0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2016 2012 2012 2010	• • •	• • • • •
Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	g/capita) s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) nports (kg/capita)	0.6 5.7 0.4 6.6	2016 2012 2012 2010	• • •	• • • • • •
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emission Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) nports (kg/capita)	5.7 0.4 6.6	2012 2012 2010	•	•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in import Production-based nitrogen emissio Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	s (kg/capita) ns (kg/capita) nports (kg/capita)	0.4 6.6	2012 2010	•	•
Production-based nitrogen emissio Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	ns (kg/capita) nports (kg/capita)	6.6	2010	•	•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in im SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	nports (kg/capita)			-	
SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂		0.2	2010	-	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂	v/capita)			•	٠
5,	/capita)				
	,,	0.3	2017	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in import	s (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	2015	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fu	uel exports (kg/capita)	733.2	2018	•	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water					
Mean area that is protected in marin	ne sites important to biodiversity (%)	66.1	2018	٠	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters s			2019	•	J.
Fish caught from overexploited or c	ollapsed stocks (% of total catch)	19.9	2014	•	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)		14.1	2014	•	Ť
Marine biodiversity threats embodied	d in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terres	trial sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.1	2018	•	→
	vater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	1
Red List Index of species survival (w		0.8	2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest	st area, 5-year average)	0.4	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversi (per million population)		0.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and	Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population	-	3.4	2011	•	
Unsentenced detainees (% of prisor			2018		-
Percentage of population who feel city or area where they live (%)			2019		7
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		3.4	2019	•	•
Birth registrations with civil authorit	ty (% of children under age 5)		2018		
Corruption Perception Index (worst	,		2019		↓
Children involved in child labor (% o			2016		
Exports of major conventional wear per 100,000 population)	ons (TIV constant million LISD		2019		٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 w	vorst)	32.7	2019	•	\mathbf{I}
SDG17 – Partnerships for t					
Government spending on health ar		9.1	2016	•	1
	countries: International concessional	NA		•	•
Other countries: Government reven		* 23.8	2018	•	1
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–			2019	•	•

5. Country Profiles

MYANMAR



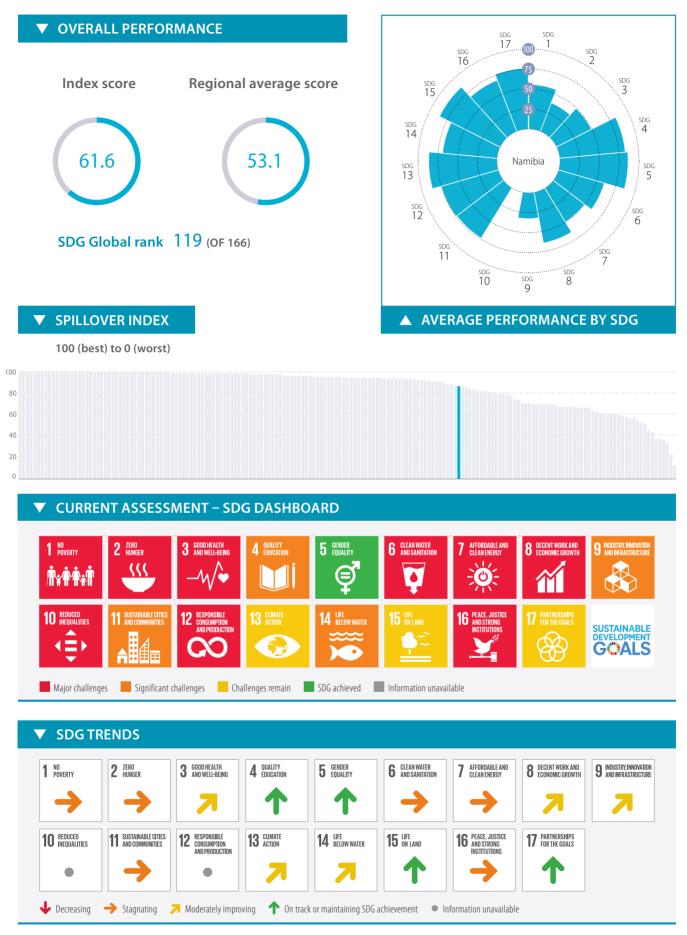
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year Rat	
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	13.8	2020	• 1
DG2 – Zero Hunger			
revalence of undernourishment (%)	10.6	2017	• 个
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	29.2	2016	• 7
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.0	2016	• 1
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	5.8	2016	• ↑
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	• →
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.6	2017	• ↑
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	• ↓
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	250	2017	• >
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	23.1	2018	• 7
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	46.2	2018	• 1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	338.0	2018	• 7
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.2	2018	• 1
vge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	24.2	2016	• →
vge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	156	2016	• •
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	19.9	2016	• →
ife expectancy at birth (years)	66.8	2016	• →
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	28.5	2017	• 7
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	60.2	2016	•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91	2018	• ↑
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	61.0	2017	• 1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.4	2019	• →
DG4 – Quality Education			
let primary enrollment rate (%)	97.9	2018	• 1
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	• 🛉
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2016	• •
DG5 – Gender Equality			
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	74.9	2016	• ↑
latio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	102.0	2018	• •
tatio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	• •
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020	• ↓
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		2020	
	01.0	2017	• •
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	64.3	2017	• •
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2000	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	5.8	2000	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) onthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	5.8 0.0	2018	•••
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) withropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	5.8 0.0		• • • ↑
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) withropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	5.8 0.0 0.0	2018	•••
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) withropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%)	5.8 0.0 0.0 69.8	2018 2013 2017	• • • ↑
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) unthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	5.8 0.0 0.0 69.8	2018	• • • ↑ • ↑
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) withropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%)	5.8 0.0 0.0 69.8 18.4	2018 2013 2017	• ↑ • →
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) withropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy topulation with access to electricity (%) topulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C02 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	5.8 0.0 0.0 69.8 18.4	2018 2013 2017 2016	• ↑ • →
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) unthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy topulation with access to electricity (%) topulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) .02 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	5.8 0.0 0.0 69.8 18.4 1.4	2018 2013 2017 2016	• ↑ • →
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) unthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy volulation with access to electricity (%) volulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C02 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	5.8 0.0 69.8 18.4 1.4	2018 (2013 (2017 (2016 (2017 (• ↑ • →
Topulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) unthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy topulation with access to electricity (%) topulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) .02 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth valueted GDP growth (%)	5.8 0.0 69.8 18.4 1.4 0.6 11.0	2018 (2013 (2017 (2016 (2017 (2017 (2018 (• ↑ • →
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) unthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy boulation with access to electricity (%) topulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C0_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth vdjusted GDP growth (%) fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) vduts with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	5.8 0.0 69.8 18.4 1.4 0.6 11.0 26.0	2018 (2013) 2017 (2016) 2017 (2018) 2018 (• ↑ • →

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	Ratinn	Trend
opulation using the internet (%)		2017		1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018		1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018		Ŷ
he Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2020	•	•
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	-
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2010		
	0.0	2017	-	
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities iini coefficient adjusted for top income	38.8	2015	•	•
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	50.0	2015	-	-
Innual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	35.6	2017	•	7
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	56.9	2017	٠	7
atisfaction with public transport (%)	77.0	2019	٠	1
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Iunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2000	٠	٠
lectronic waste (kg/capita)	1.0	2016	٠	٠
roduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.2	2012	٠	٠
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.0	2012	٠	٠
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	9.3	2010	٠	٠
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.0	2010	•	•
DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	2017	٠	$\mathbf{\uparrow}$
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	2015	•	1
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	748.6	2018	•	٠
DG14 – Life Below Water				
Aean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.4	2018	٠	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	48.5	2019	٠	↓
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	19.5	2014	٠	1
ish caught by trawling (%)	46.9	2014	٠	->
Aarine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
DG15 – Life on Land				
Alean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	27.5	2018	•	→
Alean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		->
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		4
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.4	2018	•	٠
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	2.3	2016	•	7
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2009		•
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019		¥
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	•	•
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	7
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016	•	•
vports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million LISD				-
per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	•
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	44.9	2019	•	→
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	1.0	2011	٠	٠
		NA	•	•
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	11/1		
		2017	•	Ŧ

NAMIBIA



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

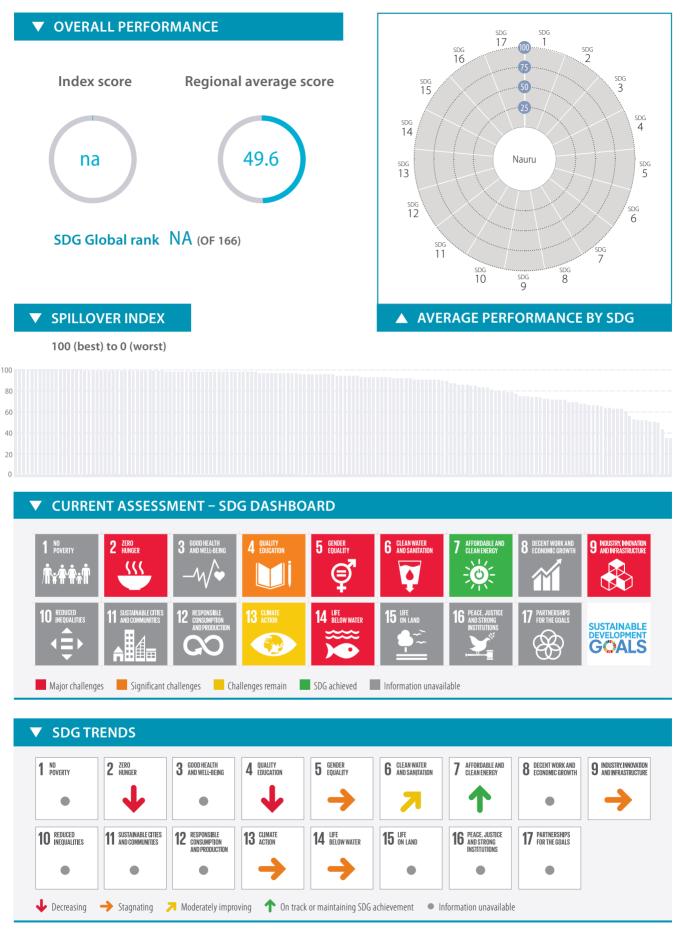
NAMIBIA

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R	-	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	31.2	2020	•	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	27.3	2017	•	7
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2013	•	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.1	2013	•	7
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	17.2	2016	•	+
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	•	>
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.4	2017	•	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.2	2015	٠	4
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	195	2017	٠	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.6	2018	٠	7
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	39.6	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	524.0	2018	٠	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	2.8	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	21.3	2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	145	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	30.4	2016	•	1
.ife expectancy at birth (years)	63.7	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	63.6	2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	88.2	2013	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	82	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	62.0	2017	•	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.4	2019	•	1
5DG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	97.5	2018	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	69.8	2017	•	•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	95.2	2018	•	
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	80.4	2013	•	↑
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	110.6	2018	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	•	*
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	825	2017	•	-
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		Ś
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2000		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2000		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		•
	J. T	2015	•	
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	50.5	2017		-
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017		7
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	42.2	2016	•	-
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.5	2017	•	→
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-6.0	2018	٠	٠
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	3.3	2018	•	
	80.6	2017	•	1
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)		2019	٠	→

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	51.0	2017	٠	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	73.4	2018	•	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.8	2016	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3	2014	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	64.2	2015	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	25.4	2017	•	→
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	07.5	2017		
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017 2019	•	4
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	6.0	2016	•	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	106.2	2012	•	٠
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	10.2	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	42.6	2010	•	
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	4.1	2010	٠	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	16	2017	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		
		2015		
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2010	-	-
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		T
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	12.3	2014	•	T
Fish caught by trawling (%)	88.1	2014	•	→
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.3	2018	•	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	83.5	2018	٠	1
Nean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.4	2018	•	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0	2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.3	2018	•	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.3	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	171	2012	•	
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2012		
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019		ł
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.0	2019	•	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019	•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2010		J
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	IN/A	11/1		-
per 100,000 population)		2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	19.0	2019	•	T
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.4	2014	•	٠
	NA	NA	•	•
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	19/3			
5		2018	•	1

5. Country Profiles

NAURU



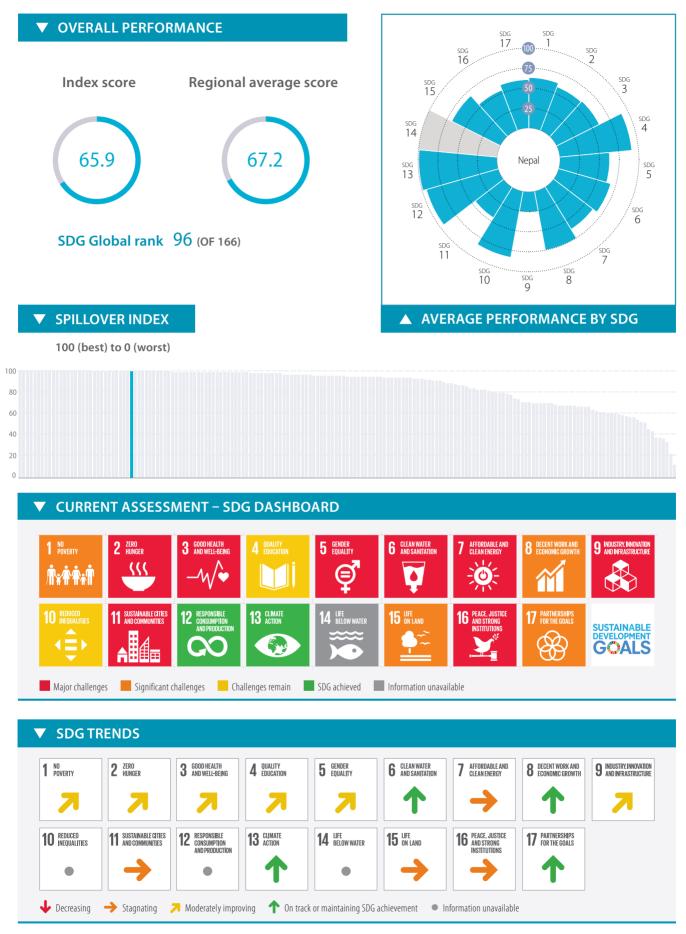
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

NAURU

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA		
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	24.0	2007	٠	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0	2007	٠	٠
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	61.0	2016	٠	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA	NA	٠	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0	2015	٠	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	19.9	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	31.8	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	54.0	2018	٠	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	٠	•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
ife expectancy at birth (years)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	NA	NA	٠	•
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.4	2007	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90	2018	٠	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA		
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	93.7	2016	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	73.3	2012	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	42.5	2007	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	NA	NA		
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	10.5	2020	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				-
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.5	2017	•	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		4
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	•	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA		•
	1474	11/1	-	-
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	00.6	2017		٨
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017 2016	-	
202 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	91.3	2010	•	Т
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	٠
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
		NA	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA			
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	NA	NA	•	٠

SDG	9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Value	Year F	Rating	Trend
	lation using the internet (%)			2017	-	•
	le broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)			2017		1
	tics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related					
	astructure (worst 1–5 best)		NA	NA	•	•
	imes Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 <i>v</i> ersities (worst 0–100 best)	*		2020	•	٠
Scien	tific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		0.0	2018	٠	4
Exper	iditure on research and development (% of GDP)		NA	NA		
SDG	10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Gini c	coefficient adjusted for top income		NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG	11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
	al mean concentration of particulate matter of less than microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)		NA	NA	•	•
	ss to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		52.8	2017	•	→
	action with public transport (%)		NA	NA		
	12 – Responsible Consumption and Production					
	cipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		15	2016		•
	ronic waste (kg/capita)		NA			•
	uction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		NA			
	emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		NA			•
	uction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		NA			•
	gen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		NA			•
	13 – Climate Action		/ .		-	
			ς ε	2017		
	yy-related CO2 emissions (tCO2/capita) emissions embodied in imports (tCO2/capita)			2017 NA		~
	emissions embodied in imports (LCO2/Capita) emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	*		2018		•
			0.0	2010	-	-
	14 – Life Below Water		0.0	2010		~
	a area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)			2018		7
	n Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)			2019		*
	aught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)			2014	•	T
	aught by trawling (%)		NA	NA	•	•
	e biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		NA	NA		•
	15 – Life on Land					
	area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)			2018	٠	→
	area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		NA	NA	•	•
	ist Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)			2019	٠	4
	anent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		NA	NA	•	•
	strial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports r million population)		NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG	16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					_
	icides (per 100,000 population)	*	NA	NA		٠
	ntenced detainees (% of prison population)		NA	NA	٠	٠
	ntage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the or area where they live (%)		NA	NA	•	•
Prope	erty Rights (worst 1–7 best)		NA	NA	٠	٠
	registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		95.9	2018	•	٠
Corru	ption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Child	ren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		NA	NA		
	rts of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD 100,000 population)	*	0.0	2019	•	•
	Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		NA	NA		٠
	i17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
SUC	rnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)		NA	NA		
				11/1		
Gove	igh income and all OECD DAC countries: International conservational					
Gove For h	igh-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional lic finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NA	NA		
Gove For hi pub				NA 2017	•	1

NEPAL



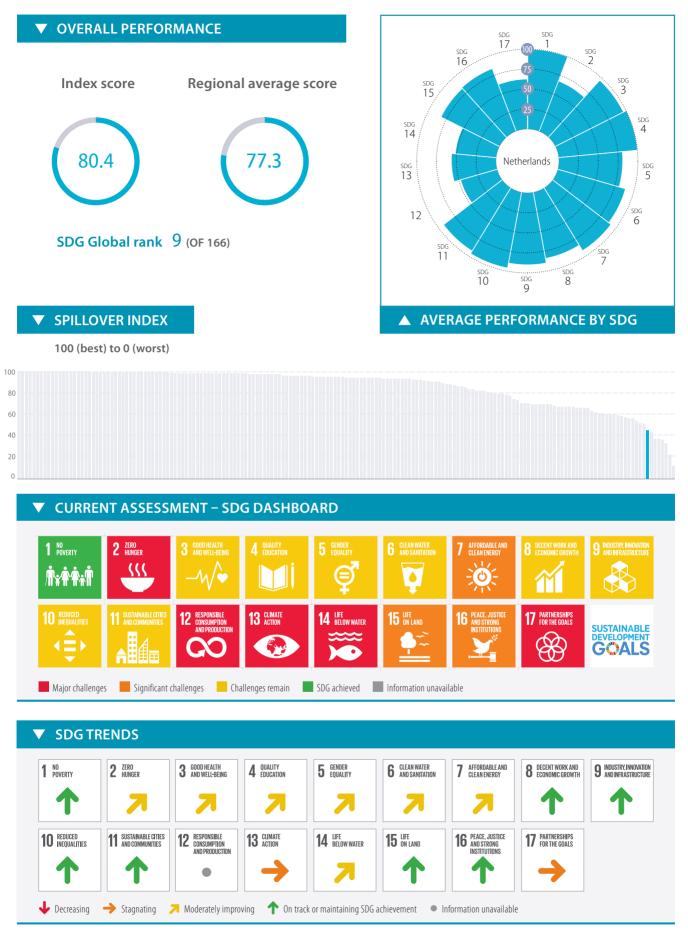
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NEPAL

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	6.8	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	33.0	2020	•	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	8.7	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	35.8	2016	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.7	2016	٠	7
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	4.1	2016	•	1
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	٠	1
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	T
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7	2015	٠	4
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	186	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	19.9	2018	٠	1
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	32.2	2018	٠	1
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	151.0	2018	•	>
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	٠	1
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	21.8	2016	•	7
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	194	2016	•	٠
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	15.9	2016	٠	7
ife expectancy at birth (years)	70.2	2016	٠	7
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	65.1	2017	٠	7
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	58.0	2016	٠	1
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91	2018	٠	1
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	48.0	2017	٠	→
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.4	2019	•	1
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)		2019	٠	4
ower secondary completion rate (%)	94.6	2017	٠	1
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	92.4	2018	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	56.0	2017	•	→
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	65.6	2018	•	1
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	96.9	2019	•	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	32.7	2020	•	7
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	88.8	2017	٠	7
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	62.1	2017	٠	1
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	8.3	2005	•	٠
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	•	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	1.6	2013	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	95.5	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016		->
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.2	2017	•	→
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)	-74	2018	•	
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	45.4	2017	٠	1
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	1.4	2019	٠	1
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		1
			-	

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Val	ue	Year F	lating	Trend
opulation using the internet (%)	34	.0	2017	٠	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	47	.5	2018	٠	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2	.2	2018	•	¥
he Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	16	.4	2020	•	•
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0	.0	2018	٠	→
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0	.3	2010	٠	٠
5DG10 – Reduced Inequalities		_			
ini coefficient adjusted for top income	33	.4	2010	•	٠
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		_			
Innual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) $(\mu q/m^3)$	99	.7	2017	•	↓
	55	3	2017		
access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) atisfaction with public transport (%)			2017		
	/	.∠	2019	-	
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	~	0	2014	•	6
Aunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)			2016		•
lectronic waste (kg/capita)			2016 2012		•
roduction-based SO2 emissions (kg/capita) O2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2012		
voz emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)			2012		
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2010		•
	U	+	2010	-	-
DG13 – Climate Action	0	2	2017		
nergy-related CO_2 emissions (t CO_2 /capita)			2017		T
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)			2015		Т
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0	.U	2017	•	•
DG14 – Life Below Water		1.4		6	6
Aean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		IA		•	
Deean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		A			•
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		IA		•	•
ish caught by trawling (%)		A		•	•
Aarine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0	.0	2018		
5DG15 – Life on Land					
Aean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)			2018		T
Aean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)			2018		→
ted List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)			2019		→
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0	.0	2018	•	•
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0	.0	2018	•	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	2	.2	2016	•	→
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	Ν	IA	NA	٠	٠
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	57	.5	2019	•	¥
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4	.0	2019	•	٠
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	56	.2	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	3	34	2019	٠	7
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	37	.4	2016	٠	٠
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0	.0	2019	•	٠
	33	.4	2019	•	>
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)					
		6	2016	٠	1
rress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Sovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	5	.0			
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			N I A	-	
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)		IA	NA	•	٠
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	Ν	IA	NA 2017	•	•

NETHERLANDS



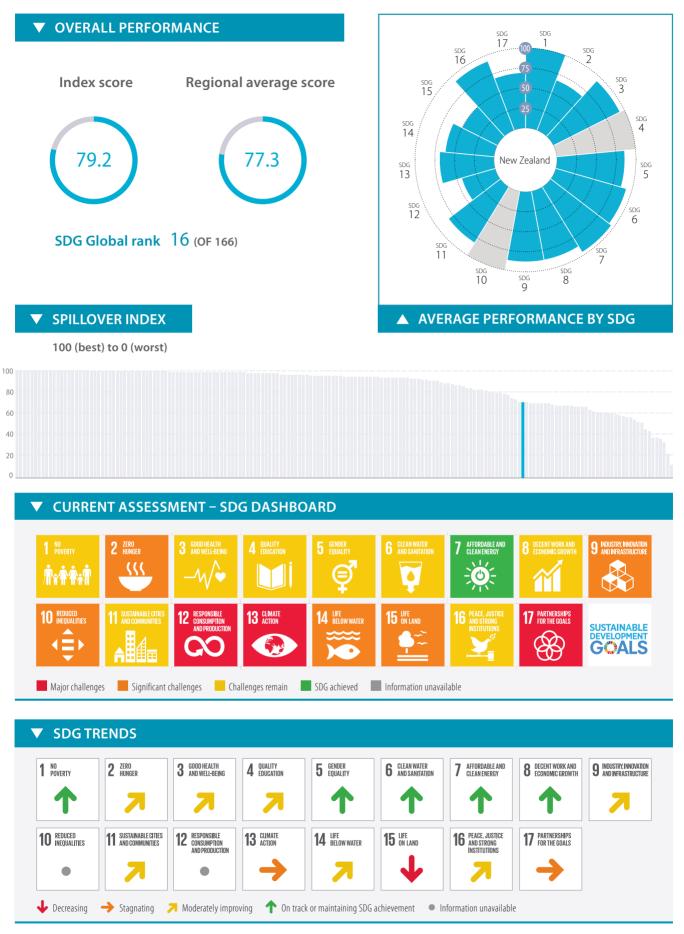
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NETHERLANDS

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R	-	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	0.0	2016	•	T
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	0.5	2017		
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017	•	T
revalence of sturiting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.0	2016 2016		1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	0.7	2010		¶ ↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2010		¥
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	Ť
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		÷
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015		
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5	2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	Ť
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2017		Ť
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	11.2	2016		1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	11.2	2010	-	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	14	2016	•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016		1
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population) ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		Ť
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2010	•	1
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2003		
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2005	•	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		Ť
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		Ť
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.3	2016		٠
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	24.0	2017	•	1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	16.8	2017		1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	* 99.7	2017		1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	* 99.7	2017	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA		٠
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	99.7	2017		1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	47.6	2018	٠	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)		2018		1
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		+
Jnderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		+
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	34.9	2018	•	Т
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	* 86.3	2017	•	4
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018	-	T
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019 2020	-	
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2014		•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	, ,.)	2010	-	-
	100.0	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017	-	•
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017 2015		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2015		•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2018		7
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2015		Ť
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		*
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total				
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4	2017	•	T
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	6.4	2018	•	->
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	03	2018		
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	99.6	2017	•	Т
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010	•	1
	70.0	2019	•	4
Employment-to-population ratio (%) /outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	/8.2	2012	-	

pulation using the internet (%) obile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) 90.9 2017 90.20	DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
 Applicits Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1-5 best) and a strate species of the strate of the	opulation using the internet (%)			•	1
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	orporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	78.0	2019	•	٠
nifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion) -104.6 2016 🔸 🌒	inancial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	71.8	2020	•	٠
	hifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	-104.6	2016	•	

NEW ZEALAND



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

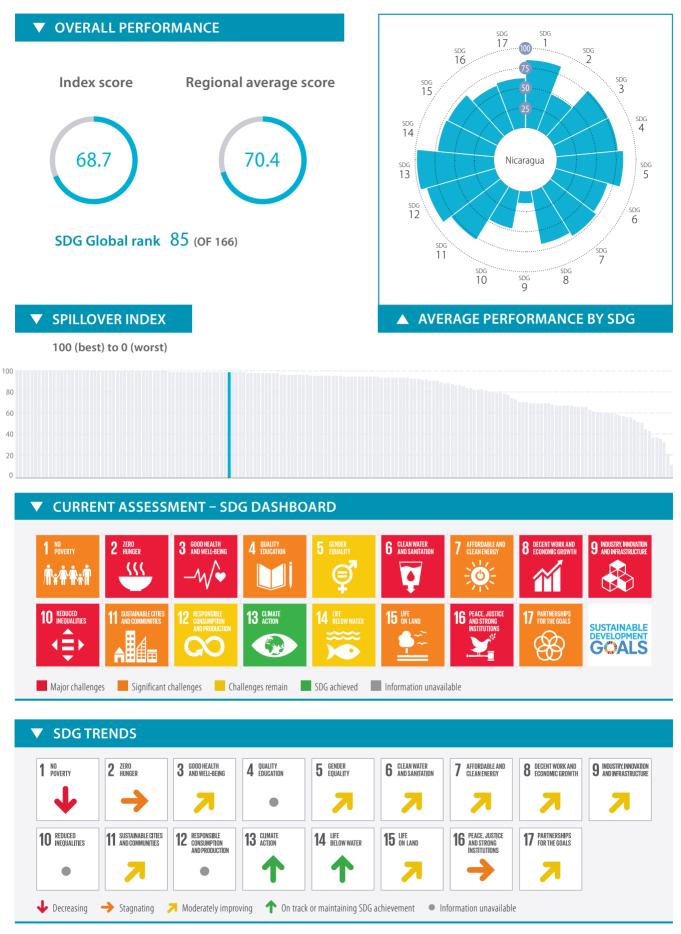
NEW ZEALAND

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year I	-	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		Т
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	10.9	2014	•	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 2.6	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 0.7	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	30.8	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	4
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	8.5	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	٠	->
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
	0	2017		
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)				T
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		Ť
Vortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		T
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	•	Т
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.1	2016	۲	1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and				
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	7	2016	٠	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	78	2016	•	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2010		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		Ť.
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017		+
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2015		1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2013		•
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2013		1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
	15.1	2010		
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	NA			
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	NA			•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24).	NA	NA		
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	91.8	2016	٠	1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	45.8	2018	۲	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	502.7	2018	٠	1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	13.9	2018	٠	4
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	18.0	2018	٠	1
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	38.4	2018	۲	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods				
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	* 84.7	2017	•	T
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	98.4	2018	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		*
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		*
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2018		*
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2010		
	123.0	2010	-	
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		•
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2017		1
	88.7	2017	•	1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)				
		2017	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0			*
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2016		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0			Т
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) EO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	100.0	2016 2017	•	
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0 0.8	2017		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	100.0 0.8			1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C02 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	100.0 0.8 41.8	2017 2018	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	100.0 0.8 41.8 -1.0	2017 2018 2018	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	100.0 0.8 41.8 -1.0	2017 2018	•	↑ •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	100.0 0.8 41.8 -1.0 0.6	2017 2018 2018	•	↑ • •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) //ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	100.0 0.8 41.8 -1.0 0.6 99.2	2017 2018 2018 2018 2017	•	↑ • •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	100.0 0.8 41.8 -1.0 0.6 99.2) 1.0	2017 2018 2018 2018 2017 2010	•	↑ • • ↑
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	100.0 0.8 41.8 -1.0 0.6 99.2) 1.0	2017 2018 2018 2018 2017	•	↑ • • ↑ ↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	-	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017		T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	114.5	2018	•	Τ
.ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)		2020		•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		T
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2015		
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2017		T
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		+
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	19.0	2012	•	
Nomen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	26.7	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	NA		
Palma ratio	1.4	2014	•	٠
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	10.6	2014	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	6.0	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		+
Population with rent overburden (%)	NA			
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		-		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	20.1	2016	•	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	NA			
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions ($tCO_2/capita$)	7.8	2017	•	J
202 emissions embodied in imports (tCO2/capita)		2015		÷
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2019		•
Effective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)		2016		٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	44.6	2018	•	\rightarrow
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	78.3	2019		1
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	35.3	2014	•	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		1
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Vean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		-
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		?
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	•
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	•
Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	2.6	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	18.4	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	68.0	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.9	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016		٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.1	2019	•	•
per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	10.2	2019	•	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)		2019		÷
		2017	- -	•
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	13.7	2016	•	•
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			-	
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		2017	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA		•	•
Loipoiate lax haven scole (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2020		•
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	1.9	2016		

5. Country Profiles

NICARAGUA



Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

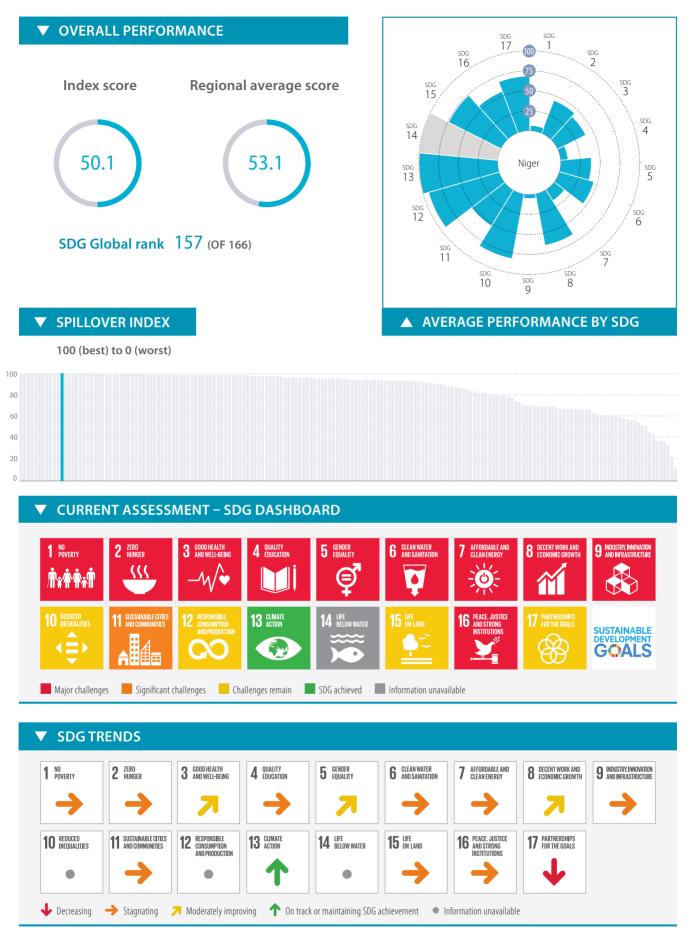
NICARAGUA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	2.9	2020	٠	→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	13.5	2020	•	4
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	17.0	2017	٠	→
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	17.3	2012	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.2	2012	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	23.7	2016	•	1
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.1	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0	2015	٠	4
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	98	2017	٠	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.4	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	18.3	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	41.0	2018	•	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	14.2	2016	•	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	56	2016	•	•
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	15.3	2013	•	٠
ife expectancy at birth (years)	75.5	2016	٠	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	85.0	2017	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	88.0	2012	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98	2018	•	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	73.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.8	2018	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	94.9	2010	•	٠
ower secondary completion rate (%)	66.4	2010	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	91.6	2015	•	٠
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	92.6	2012	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	109.2	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	60.9	2019	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	47.3	2020	٠	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	81.5	2017	•	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	74.4	2017	•	-
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.8	2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	86.8	2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per				
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2	2017	•	→
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2012	-	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.9	2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017		1
	6.8	2019		+
Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017	•	7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	18.7	2018	•	7
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.5	2016	•	٠
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 * universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1	2015	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	46.1	2014	•	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	17.6	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	95.6	2017	•	•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2018		Ţ
	52.1	2010	-	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1 1	2010	•	
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2010		•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		-
SO_2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010	-	•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.8	2010	•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	2015	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2017	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.9	2018	٠	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	65.1	2019	•	1
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	21.7	2014	•	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)	21.7	2014	•	1
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.7	2018	•	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	65.8	2018	•	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	→
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.7	2018	•	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.5	2018		
(per million population)	0.5	2010	•	
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.4	2016	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	21.4	2018	•	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	46.2	2018	•	↓
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.6	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	84.7	2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	22	2019	٠	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	14.5	2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD * per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	35.5	2019	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	94	2016	•	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) *		2018 2019	-	
	0.0	2012	-	-

5. Country Profiles

NIGER



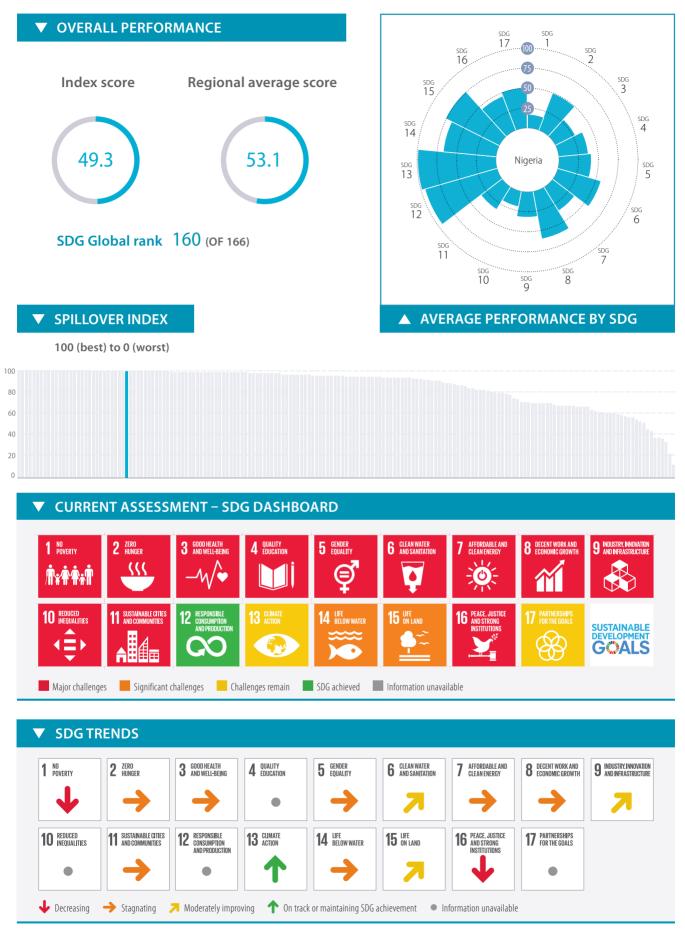
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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R	-	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	88.3	2020	•	→
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017		4
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		>
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		>
revalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)		2016		T
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	T
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	7
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	•	→
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	7
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		7
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		7
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		>
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	•	T
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	20.0	2016	•	→
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016		٠
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		→
fe expectancy at birth (years)		2016		→
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	→
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2015	•	7
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		4
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	→
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.0	2019	•	1
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	٠	7
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•	→
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	39.8	2012	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	45.5	2018	•	7
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	51.9	2018	٠	↓
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	74.4	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	17.0	2020	٠	→
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	50.3	2017	٠	→
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	13.6	2017	٠	→
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	7.5	2015	٠	٠
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.3	2013	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	20.0	2017	٠	→
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	1.9	2016	•	→
O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	3.9	2017	•	↑
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)	-6.2	2018	•	٠
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	6.7	2018	•	٠
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	15.5	2017	•	7
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	0.5	2019	•	1
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010	•	1
	0.0		-	

					_
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure					g Trend
Population using the internet (%)			2018		7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		3.9	2017	•	->
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2.0	2018	}	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	8 *	0.0	2020) 🔴	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		0.0	2018	3	↓
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	*	0.0	2017	'	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		34.3	2014	F 🔴	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)		94.1	2017	, •	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		82.9	2017	, •	T
Satisfaction with public transport (%)			2017		•
		00.7	2015	-	
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		NA	NA		•
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) Electronic waste (kg/capita)			2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)			2010		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)			2012		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action		0.0	2010		
		0.1	2017	7	
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)			2017		
			2015	-	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		0.0	2013		
SDG14 – Life Below Water)	NLA	A.1.4		6
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA			•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		NA			
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		NA	NA		
Fish caught by trawling (%)		NA	NA		-
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		0.0	2018	5 🛡	•
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%			2018		>
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		>
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)			2019		T
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		0.0	2018	5 •	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		0.0	2018	8 •	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		4.4	2012	•	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		53.9	2015	•	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		60.3	2019) 🔴	¥
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		NA	NA		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		63.9	2018	8 🔸	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		32	2019	•	↓
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		30.5	2016	5 •	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	*	0.0	2019)	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		29.3	2019	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)		5.6	2016	5 •	Ŧ
	al				-
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessiona		NA	NA		
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessiona public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)					
		NA	NA		٠

NIGERIA



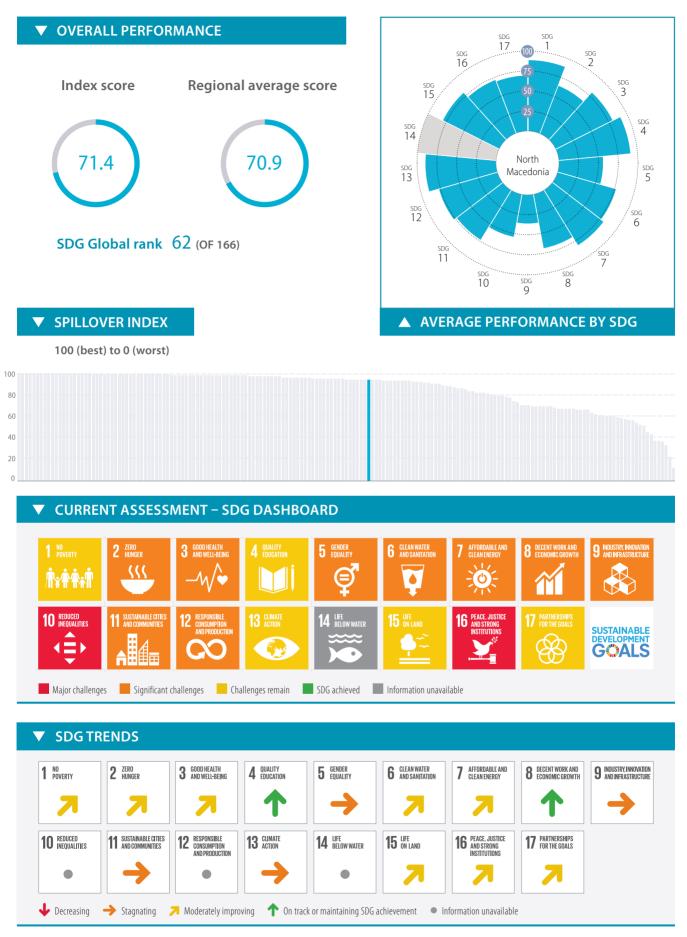
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NIGERIA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	47.6	2020	٠	4
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	76.9	2020	•	ł
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	13.4	2017	٠	4
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	43.6	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.8	2016	٠	→
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	8.9	2016	•	Τ
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	~
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	•	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	917	2017	٠	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		→
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		→
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	219.0			→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.7	2018	•	→
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	22.5	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	307	2016	•	٠
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	21.4	2016	٠	↓
ife expectancy at birth (years)	55.2	2016	٠	>
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	107.3	2017	٠	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	40.3	2017	٠	→
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	57	2018	•	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.3	2018	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	64.1	2010	٠	٠
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2010		•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	75.0	2018	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	42.8	2018	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	69.7	2018	٠	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	84.8	2019	٠	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	3.6	2020	٠	↓
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	71.4	2017	٠	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	39.2	2017	•	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	9.7	2010	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.2	2018	•	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.7	2013	٠	1
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
	54.4	2017	٠	↓
	4.9	2016	•	→
² opulation with access to electricity (%) ² opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)			•	→
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	2.8	2017		
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	2.8	2017		
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2017	•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)			•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-7.2 * NA	2018 NA	•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	-7.2 * NA	2018	•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	-7.2 * NA 39.7	2018 NA		↓ •

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R		Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017 2018		Т
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	30.7	2018	•	^
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.6	2018	•	→
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	34.3	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	>
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2	2007	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	56.1	2003	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	71.8	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	14.6	2017	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.8	2018	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2009	•	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.2	2012	٠	
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	10.7	2010	٠	
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.3	2010	٠	٠
5DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	2017	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	2015	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	110.2	2018	•	
5DG14 – Life Below Water				
Nean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	37.1	2019	٠	↓
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	14.2	2014	٠	1
ish caught by trawling (%)	28.5	2014	•	→
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
5DG15 – Life on Land				
Nean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.6	2018	٠	1
Nean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	59.1	2018	٠	1
ted List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	→
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.5	2018	•	٠
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	* 9.8	2015	٠	٠
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	67.8	2018	٠	→
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	54.3	2018	•	↓
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.6	2019	•	٠
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	42.6	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	26	2019	٠	→
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	24.7	2016	٠	٠
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2019	•	•
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	36.5	2019	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
5DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Dther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	* 5.0	2013	•	•
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•	•

NORTH MACEDONIA



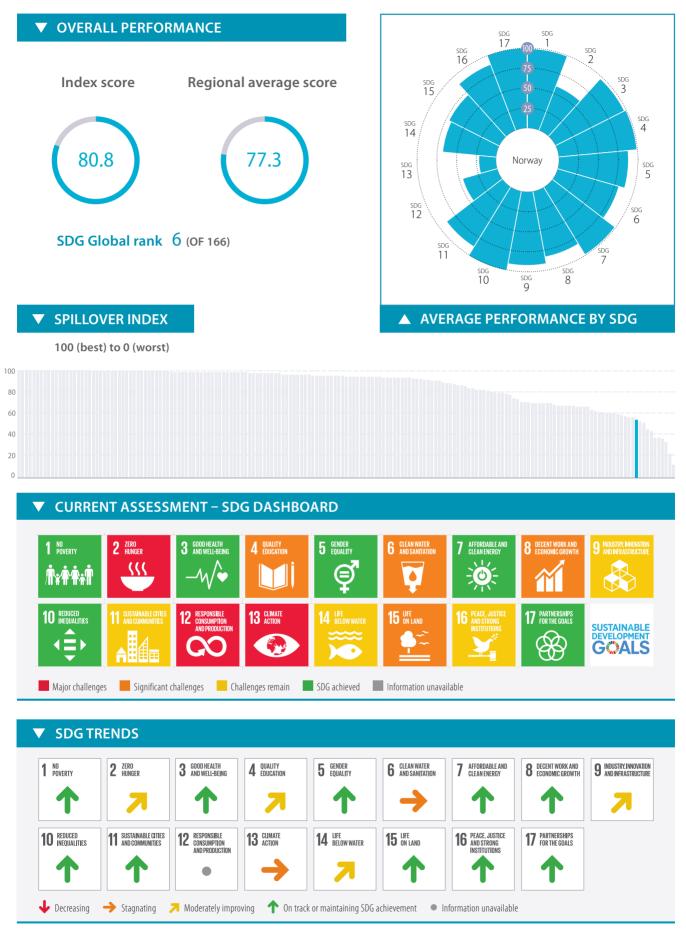
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NORTH MACEDONIA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	lating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	3.2	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	8.1	2020	•	7
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	3.2	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.9	2011	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.8	2011	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	22.4	2016	٠	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.9	2016	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7	2015	٠	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.4	2018	٠	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.9	2018	٠	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	13.0	2018	•	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20 P	2016		
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	20.3	2010	•	T
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	82	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	6.4	2016	٠	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)	75.9	2016	•	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	15.7	2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	2016	٠	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	83	2018	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	72.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.0	2019	•	→
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	94.9	2017	•	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	88.1	2015	•	٠
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.6	2014	٠	٠
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	22.3	2011	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	90.2	2018	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	63.4	2019	•	Ŧ
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	40.0	2020	٠	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	93.1	2017	•	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.1	2017	•	4
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		-
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per				^
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4	2017	•	7
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				6
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	•
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	8.7	2018	•	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	76.6	2017	•	↑
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	17.8	2019	•	1

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	lating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	79.2	2018	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	64.7	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.5	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.4	2017	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	44.0	2015	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μq/m ³)	29.7	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98 3	2017	•	•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	•	Ţ
	50.0	2015		•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1 0	2016		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010	-	•
	2.7	2010	•	-
SDG13 – Climate Action	2 5	2017		~
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions ($tCO_2/capita$)		2017 2015		7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)			-	7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2.3	2019	•	-
SDG14 – Life Below Water		b 1.7		6
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA			
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA			
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA			
Fish caught by trawling (%)				
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	-
SDG15 – Life on Land		2010	-	
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%).		2018		7
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		T
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018		
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.7	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017		1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	10.0	2018	٠	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	68.3	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		4
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	12.5	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	31.7	2019	٠	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.0	2002	•	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	26.8	2018	•	7
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0.0	2019	٠	

NORWAY



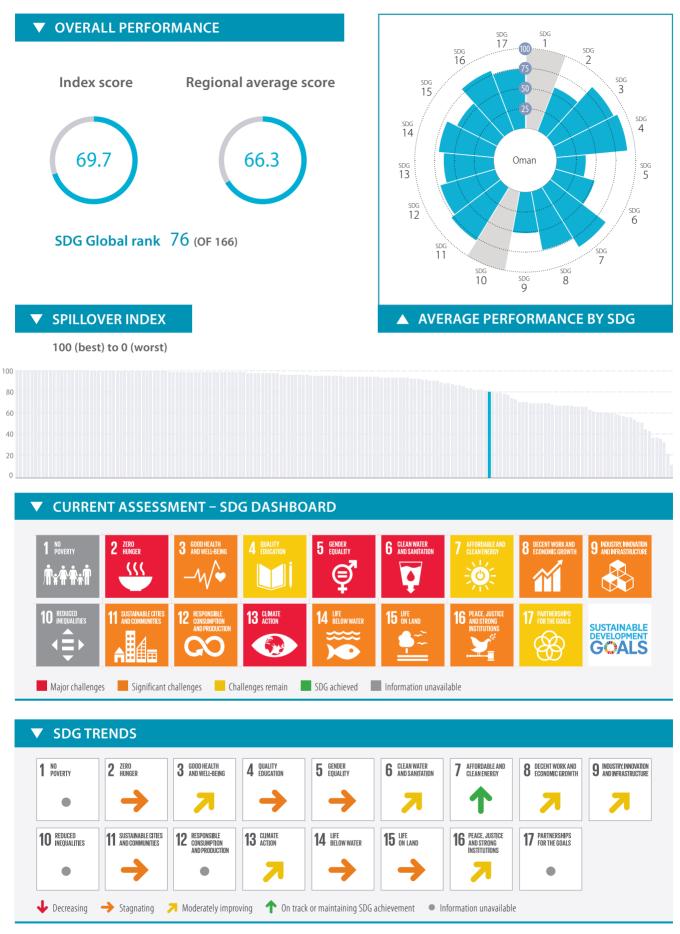
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NORWAY

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year Ra	-	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020 2017		Ť
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	0.4	2017	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5	2017	•	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017 2016	-	1
		2010		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \ge 30 (% of adult population)		2016		÷
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5	2017	•	->
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.5	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		1
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	56.9	2015	•	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		Ť
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		Ť
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		Ť
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		2018	•	T
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	9.2	2016	•	Τ
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	0	2016		•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			•	
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016		Ť
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) Births attended by skilled balth percented (%)		2017		Ť
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2016 2018	•	T T
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2018	-	T T
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2016		•
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	12.0	2018		Ť
SDG4 – Quality Education				
	* 99.4	2017	•	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	* 99.4	2017	•	Ť
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA		۲
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	96.2	2017	•	1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)		2018		Ť
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		Ť
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		¥
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	25./	2018	•	♦
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
	* 84.3	2017		1
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions) Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.8	2018	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2010		*
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2015		•
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	58.9	2011	•	٠
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017		
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	•	•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	60.1	2013	•	1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2017		1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	76.3	2017	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	Ϯ
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	0.2	2017	•	1
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	4/.	2018	•	T
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				~
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	•
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.8	2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	99.7	2017	•	1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	2 3	2010	•	•
Employment-to-population ratio (%)		2010	•	*
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8.7	2018		Т

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	ating	Trend
opulation using the internet (%)		2018	•	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	99.2	2018	•	Τ
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.7	2018	•	1
he Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	50.4	2020	•	•
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.2	2018		1
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	2.1	2017	٠	Ť
esearchers (per 1,000 employed population)	12.2	2018		1
riadic patent families filed (per million population)	18.8	2017	•	↓
ap in internet access by income (percentage points)	3.6	2019	٠	1
/omen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	26.6	2015	•	•
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ini coefficient adjusted for top income		2015	•	T
alma ratio		2017	•	T
Iderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	4.3	2017	•	T
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	7.0	2017	•	1
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)				
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) atisfaction with public transport (%)		2017 2019	-	T
opulation with rent overburden (%)		2019		7
	7.4	2017	-	
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	10 F	2016		
lectronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		
roduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012 2012		•
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
lon-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2010		•
DG13 – Climate Action	1.2	2010	-	-
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.8	2017	•	→
O_2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	->
	45780.3		•	•
ffective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)		2016		٠
DG14 – Life Below Water				
lean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	55.2	2018		1
cean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	77.0	2019	٠	Ť
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	21.2	2014	٠	1
ish caught by trawling (%)	40.3	2014	٠	1
larine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	٠
DG15 – Life on Land				
ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.3	2018		1
Nean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	55.9	2018	٠	1
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	٠	1
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	3.8	2018	•	•
(per million population)				
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.5	2017		
lomicides (per 100,000 population)		2017		T
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the	25.2	2018	•	Т
city or area where they live (%)	92.2	2019	•	1
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.8	2019	•	٠
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	٠	٠
orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	84.0	2019	٠	1
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016	•	٠
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	21	2019		
per 100,000 population)			-	
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•	T
ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	03.0	2017	•	T
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	16.9	2016	•	T
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	1.0	2017	•	1
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) hther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
orporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
inancial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•	
hifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2016		
1	0.2	2010	-	-

OMAN



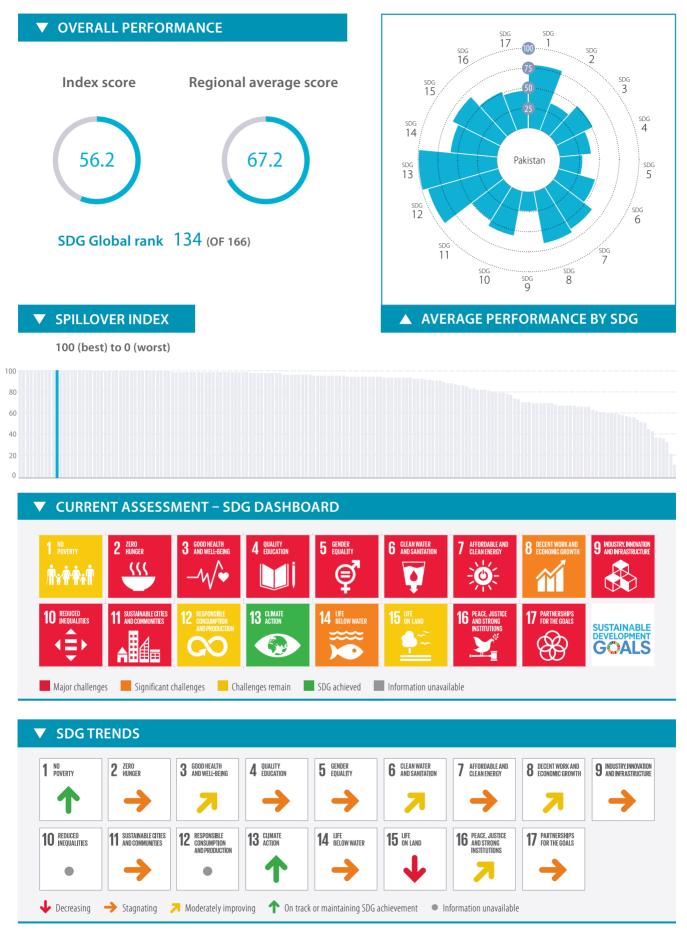
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

OMAN

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	• NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	• NA	NA		٠
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	6.8	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	14.1	2014	٠	↓
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.5	2014	•	→
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	27.0	2016	٠	↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	13.0	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7	2015	٠	7
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	19	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	11.4	2018	•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	٠	Ť
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.8	2016	•	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	54	2016	•	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	16.1	2016	٠	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	77.0	2016	٠	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	13.1	2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.1	2014	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99	2018	٠	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	69.0	2017	٠	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.9	2011	٠	•
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	86.3	2018	٠	↓
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	103.5	2018	٠	1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.6	2018	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	39.6	2014	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	112.8	2018		•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2010		4
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019	-	2
	2.5	2020	-	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	01.0	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		T
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		T
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	55.5	2013	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	95.2	2016	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.9	2017	•	1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	-39	2018	•	•
	5.5	NA		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	€ NA	1 1/1	-	-
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	€ NA			
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	73.6	2011	•	•
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	73.6 2.7	2011 2019 2010	•	•

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R		Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017		T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	85.2	2018	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2	2018	٠	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	25.2	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	٠	>
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2	2017	•	→
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	NA	٠	٠
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	41.1	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	93.2	2017	•	1
atisfaction with public transport (%)	72.8	2011	٠	٠
5DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				_
Aunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.2	2014	•	٠
lectronic waste (kg/capita)	14.9	2016	٠	٠
roduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	49.4	2012	•	٠
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	8.0	2012	٠	٠
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	23.0	2010	•	٠
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	7.7	2010	•	٠
DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	13.2	2017	٠	Π
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.4	2015	٠	1
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	4773.1	2018	•	
DG14 – Life Below Water				
Alean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	10.4	2018	•	→
Icean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	J
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	٠	1
ish caught by trawling (%)	0.4	2014	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Arine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
DG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	11.1	2018	•	→
lean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	→
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA	NA	٠	٠
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.7	2018	•	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	* 0.5	2017	٠	1
nsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	NA		٠	٠
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		•	•
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.6	2019	•	٠
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0		٠	٠
orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	1
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA		
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019	•	٠
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	43.4	2019		بل
	13.1	2017	-	-
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals iovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	7.4	2013		
	7.4	2013	-	
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA		•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	* NA	NA	•	•
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0.0	2019	•	•

PAKISTAN



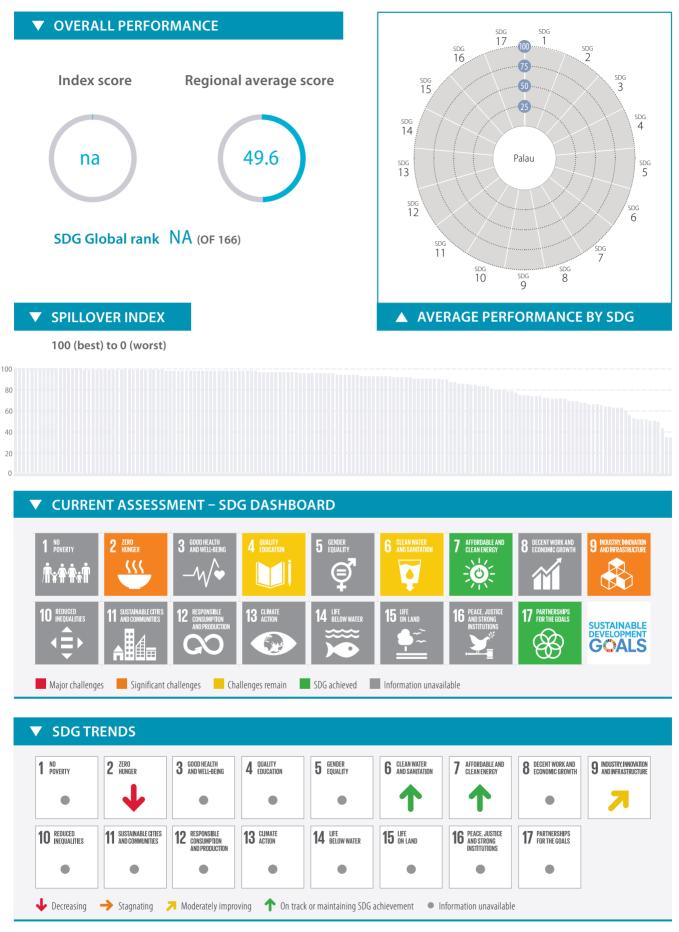
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PAKISTAN

overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)			acing	Trenc
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.9	2020	•	1
	20.7	2020	•	1
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
revalence of undernourishment (%)	20.3	2017	٠	→
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	45.0	2012	•	→
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.5	2012	٠	7
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	8.6	2016	•	1
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5	2017	•	↓
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.2	2017	•	1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	٠	→
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	140	2017	•	1
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	42.0	2018	•	→
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	69.3	2018	•	7
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	265.0	2018	٠	→
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	•	1
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	24.7	2016	•	→
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	174	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	14.3	2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	66.5	2016	٠	⇒
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	38.8	2017	•	7
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	69.3	2018	٠	1
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	75	2018	•	7
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	45.0	2017	•	7
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.5	2018	•	1
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	67.6	2018	•	→
ower secondary completion rate (%)	48.2	2018	•	⇒
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	74.5	2017	٠	٠
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	48.5	2018	•	ѫ
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	58.5	2018	•	→
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	29.6	2019	•	→
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	20.2	2020	•	↓
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	91.5	2017	•	7
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	59.9	2017	•	7
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	112.5	2010	•	•
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.1	2018	•	•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.3	2013	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	70.8	2017	٠	↓
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	-
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2017	•	÷
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
	-1.8	2018	•	•
diusted GDP arowth (%)	NA	NA	•	
djusted GDP growth (%)			-	-
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) *				
	21.3	2017	•	7
tictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) * dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2017 2019	•	⊼

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				
soos muusuy, mitovation anu mitastructure	Value	Year F	Rating	gTrend
Population using the internet (%)	15.5	2017	٠	>
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	29.2	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	32.5	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2018	٠	>
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2	2017	٠	Ŷ
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	43.0	2015	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	58.3	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	51.3	2017	٠	↓
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	60.2	2018	•	7
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.1	2017	•	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.1			
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	Λq	2017		1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2018		
SDG14 – Life Below Water	0.0	2010	-	-
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	393	2018	•	-
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2010		4
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2019		Ţ
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		÷
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.6	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		-
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		J.
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018		٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.2	2017	٠	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2015	٠	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	68.5	2018	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.1	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	42.2	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	32	2019	٠	→
	NA	NA	٠	
			•	•
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2019		
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019 2019	•	7
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)			•	7
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	45.8		•	⊼ →
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	45.8	2019 2016	•	⊼ →
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	45.8 3.8 NA	2019 2016	•	⊼ → •

PALAU



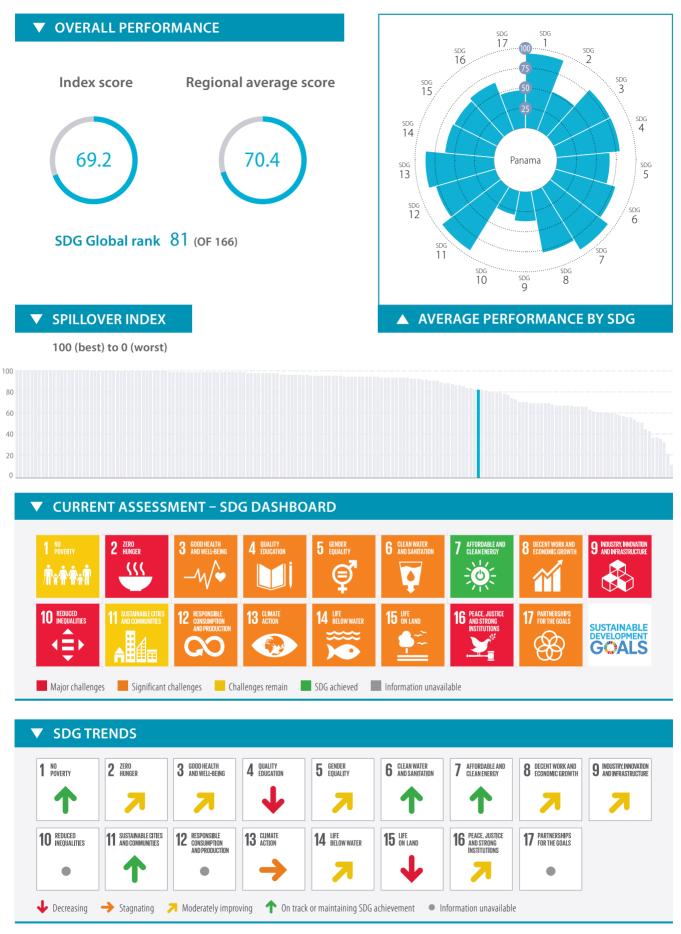
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PALAU

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F	lating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA	•	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	* 1.2	2017	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 2.6	2016	٠	٠
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 0.7	2016	٠	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	55.3	2016	٠	+
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.4	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	17.9	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	109.0	2018	٠	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	٠	
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	4.8	2013	٠	٠
ife expectancy at birth (years)	NA	NA	٠	•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	NA	NA	•	•
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2016	٠	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA	٠	•
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	94.9	2014	•	•
ower secondary completion rate (%)	108.5		٠	•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.7	2015	•	•
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	NA	NA	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA		
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	NA	NA	•	
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020	•	7
seas new sy nomen in national parliament (70)	12.J	2020	-	~
SDG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation		2017		
	100.0			
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0		-	
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Services with drawal (% of available freshwater resources)	100.0	2017	•	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	100.0 NA	2017 NA		•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	100.0 NA 40.0	2017 NA 2018	٠	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Preshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	100.0 NA	2017 NA	٠	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0 NA 40.0 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA	٠	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0 NA 40.0 NA 100.0	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017	٠	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Preshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0 NA 40.0 NA 100.0	2017 NA 2018 NA	٠	•
 Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Preshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Exact consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) Exact consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	100.0 NA 40.0 NA 100.0	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017	•	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Preshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	100.0 NA 40.0 NA 100.0 86.9 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2016 NA	•	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Preshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	100.0 NA 40.0 NA 100.0 86.9 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2017	•	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Preshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	100.0 NA 40.0 NA 100.0 86.9 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2016 NA	•	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Preshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	100.0 NA 40.0 NA 100.0 86.9 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2016 NA 2018 NA	•	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Preshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) <i>l</i> ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	100.0 NA 40.0 NA 100.0 86.9 NA -4.1 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2016 NA 2018 NA	•	•

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Va	lue	Year R	lating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	27	7.0	2004	٠	٠
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	1	١A	NA		٠
.ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	١	٨	NA	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* ().0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	().4	2018	•	7
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1	٨V	NA	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	1	٨V	NA	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				-	-
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than					
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	ľ	٨V	NA	•	•
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99	9.0	2017	٠	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	1	١A	NA		
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production					
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		1.5	2016	•	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	Ç	9.3	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1	٨V	NA	٠	٠
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1	٨V	NA	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	1	٨V	NA	•	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1	٨V	NA	٠	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action					
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	17	7,9	2017	•	Ŧ
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		NA			•
CO ₂ emissions embodied in miporis (CO ₂ , capita)		A		•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	1	47.1		-	-
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	N	٨V	NA		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)			2019	-	•
			2019		
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		+. I VA		-	T
Fish caught by trawling (%)			NA		•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1	VA	INA	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				-	
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%		A		•	•
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		A/		•	•
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)			2019	•	+
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	(J.O	2018	•	•
Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	١	١A	NA	٠	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	* :	3.1	2012	٠	٠
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	4	1.1	2006	•	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	١	١A	NA	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	ľ	٨V	NA	٠	٠
3irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	1	٨V	NA	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	ľ	٨V	NA	•	٠
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	1	٨V	NA	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	* (10	2019		
per 100,000 population)	(-	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	1	٨V	NA	٠	٠
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	11	1.2	2002	٠	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	1	٨V	NA	•	•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)					•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		A	NA		
	* (J.Ü	2019		

PANAMA



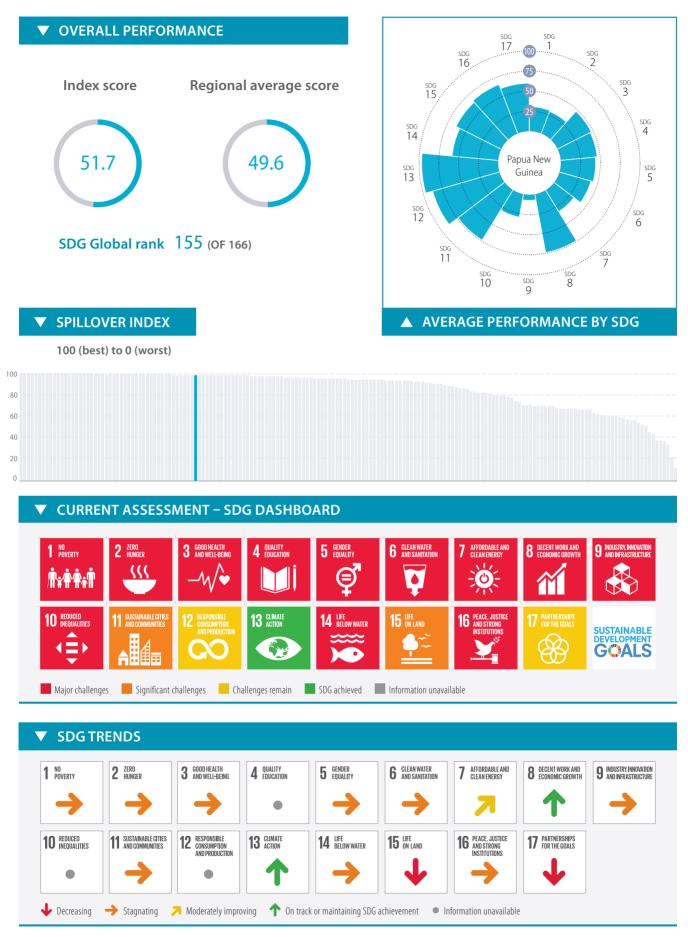
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PANAMA

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R		g Treno
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	1.6	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	5.2	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	10.0	2017	•	→
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	19.1	2008	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.2	2008	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	22.7	2016	•	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.7	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0	2015	٠	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	52	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.5	2018	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.3	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	52.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.3	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	13.0	2016	•	↑
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	26	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	14.3	2016	•	4
ife expectancy at birth (years)	78.0	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	81.8	2017	•	→
3 irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	94.6	2016	•	>
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	88	2018	•	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	79.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.1	2019	٠	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	86.2	2017	•	4
ower secondary completion rate (%)	76.8	2017	•	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.1	2018	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	73.3	2013	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	105.1	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	65.3	2019	•	7
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	22.5	2020	٠	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	96.4	2017	•	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	83.3	2017	•	1
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	0.8	2010	•	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	23.1	2018	•	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0	2017	٠	1
				•
Population with access to electricity (%)		2010	-	
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) EO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	89.0	2010	•	Т
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	89.0		•	Т
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	89.0 0.9	2017	•	T
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	89.0 0.9 -0.1	2017 2018	•	T •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) <i>Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)</i>	89.0 0.9 -0.1	2017	•	т •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) <i>fictims</i> of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	89.0 0.9 -0.1 2.1	2017 2018	•	т • •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	89.0 0.9 -0.1 2.1 46.5	2017 2018 2018	•	T ● ● →

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R 2017		Trend
² opulation using the internet (%) Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2017	-	T
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related		2018	•	т •
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $\ _{*}$	3.4	2019	•	
universities (worst 0–100 best)				
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018	•	4
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1	2013	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	50.6	2047		
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	52.6	2017	•	•
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	11.4	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	73.0	2019	•	Τ
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2015		٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
60 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	4.8	2010	•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action	-	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		+
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2016	•	•
5DG14 – Life Below Water	22.5	2017	-	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		
Deean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		T
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		T
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014 2018		T
Varine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	ZUIŎ	-	
5DG15 – Life on Land	20.2	2010	•	_
Vean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	-	-
Vean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA 0.7	NA	-	
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019 2018		
² ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.2	2010	-	
(per million population)	1.4	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	9.7	2017	٠	1
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	52.8	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	49.6	2019	•	Ŷ
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.5	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		≁
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	2.5	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	29.8	2019	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				_
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	7.3	2011	•	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	NA		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			-	-
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) *	NA	NA	•	•
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	71.8	2019	•	

PAPUA NEW GUINEA



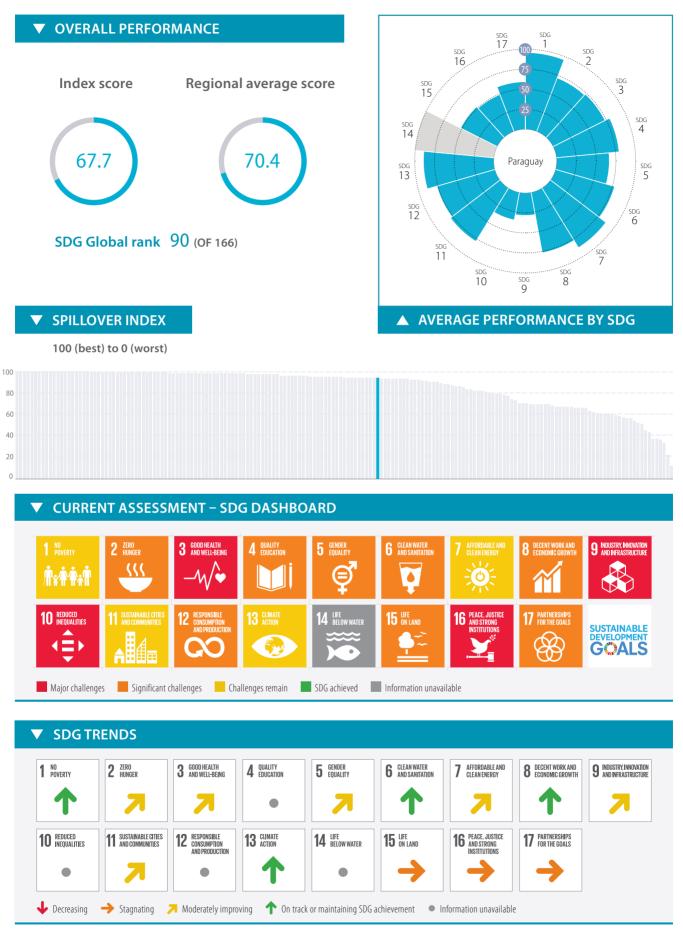
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PAPUA NEW GUINEA

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F		gTrenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	51.0	2020	•	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	49.5	2010	•	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	14.3	2010	•	7
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016	•	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA		•	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	Т
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	145	2017	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	٠	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	432.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.3	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	30.0	2016	•	¥
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	152	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	٠	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)	65.9	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	52.7	2017	٠	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	53.0	2006	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	61	2018	٠	4
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	40.0	2017	٠	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	73.7	2016	٠	٠
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	62.1	2016	٠	•
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	67.9	2010	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	40.6	2007	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	72.2	2018	٠	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	96.3	2019	٠	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	0.0	2020	٠	4
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	41.3	2017	٠	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	12.9	2017	٠	4
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	0.1	2005	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.9	2013	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	54.4	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	-
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
	50	2018		
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	10.3	2010		-
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA		•
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)		2019		T
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.1	2010	•	T

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	١	/alue	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		11.2	2017	٠	⇒
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		10.9	2017	٠	7
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2.0	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 2 universities (worst 0–100 best)	8 *	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		0.0	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		0.0	2016	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	1	53.0	2009	•	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)		12.3	2017	•	↑
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	1	55.4	2017	٠	↓
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		NA	NA		•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production					
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		25	2014	•	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)			2014		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)			2010		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)			2012		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2010		
SDG13 – Climate Action		0.0	2010	-	
		0.0	2017	•	
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)			2017	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)			2015	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		NA	NA	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water					
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)			2018	•	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)			2019	•	7
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)			2014	•	4
Fish caught by trawling (%)		0.6	2014	•	Τ
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		0.0	2018	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%	6)	7.5	2018	٠	⇒
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		0.8	2019	٠	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		0.1	2018	•	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		0.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		10.0	2010	٠	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	3	38.3	2018	•	->
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		NA	NA	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		NA	NA	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		28	2019	٠	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		NA	NA		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	*	0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		24.7	2019	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)		NA	NA		
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessiona public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	al	NA		•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		150	2018		J.
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	*		2018		
		0.0	2013	-	-

PARAGUAY



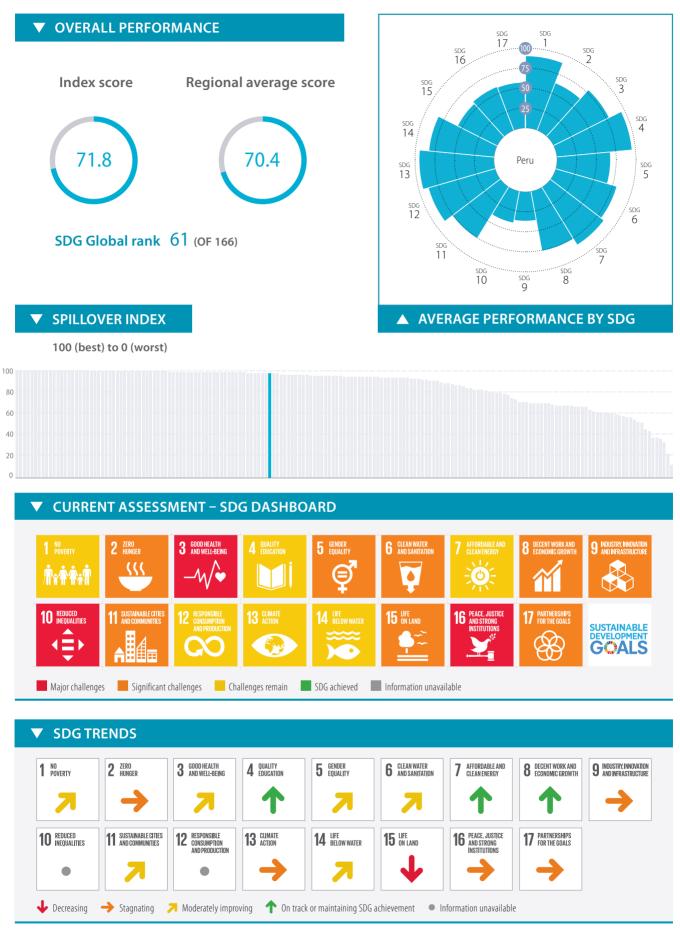
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PARAGUAY

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	1.0	2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	4.5	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	10.7	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.6	2016	•	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	20.3	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	•	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.4	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.3	2015		1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	129	2017	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.7	2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	20.2	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	43.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.2	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.5	2016	•	↑
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	57	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	22.7	2016	•	↓
ife expectancy at birth (years)	74.2	2016	•	+
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	70.5	2017	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	95.5	2016	•	→
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	88	2018	•	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	69.0	2017	•	7
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.6	2018	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	87.2	2012	•	•
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2012	•	•
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	78.9	2016	•	↑
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	101.2	2018		•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2010	-	7
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020	•	÷
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	.0.5	2020	-	-
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	00.6	2017	•	
Population using at least basic canitation services (%)		2017		*
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2010		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		•
	2.7	2015	-	
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	0.0.5	2017		
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017	•	Т
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	66.2	2016	•	7
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.1	2017	•	1
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-0.9	2018	•	٠
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.6	2018	•	٠
	48.6	2017	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	10.0			
		2019	•	↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Val	Vorer)atin-	Trand
Population using the internet (%)		Year F 2018	-	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018		
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	57.7	2010		
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018	•	7
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 , universities (worst $0-100$ best)	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2	2016	٠	→
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	50.5	2017	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	11.9	2017	•	↑
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	97.3	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	48.6	2018	•	7
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	12	2015	•	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2015		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action	4.)	2010	-	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8	2017		•
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	-	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (ICO ₂ /Capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA			•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	INA	INPA		-
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA			
	NA		•	•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA			
Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land	0.0	2010		-
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.3	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in tenestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		-
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2010		1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019	-	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	0.4	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2016		->
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	76.1	2018	٠	Ŧ
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	51.1	2018	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.2	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	69.1	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	28	2019	٠	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	27.6	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.0	2019	•	•
per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	37 /	2019	•	
	52.4	2019	-	ľ
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	76	2016	•	٦.
	7.0	2010	-	
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	٠	٠
		2017		->
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	17.4	2017	- T-	

PERU



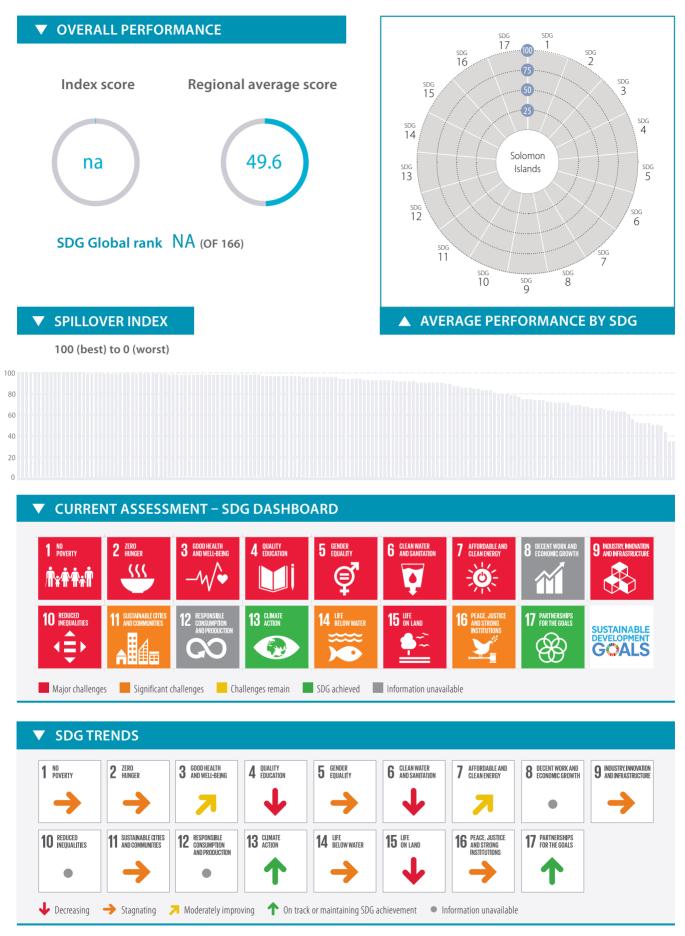
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

PERU

SDG1 – No Poverty				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	2.3	2020	•	1			
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	8.5	2020	•	7			
SDG2 – Zero Hunger							
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	9.7	2017	•	→			
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	13.1	2016	٠	1			
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0	2016	٠	1			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	19.7	2016	•	4			
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	+			
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	T			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	•	→			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being							
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	T			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	Ť			
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	T			
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	123.0		•	>			
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	•	T			
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	12.6	2016	•	↑			
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	64	2016	•	٠			
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	→			
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	7			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	>			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016	•	T			
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	•	+			
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		1			
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.0	2019	•	T			
5DG4 – Quality Education							
let primary enrollment rate (%)		2018	•	T			
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•	Т			
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.0	2018	•				
DG5 – Gender Equality							
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	66.6	2017	•	1			
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	89.7	2018	٠	7			
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	82.8	2019	٠	1			
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	26.2	2020	•	7			
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation							
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	91.1	2017	•	1			
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	74.3	2017	٠	→			
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010	٠	٠			
Inthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	•	•			
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	1.6	2013	•	1			
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy							
opulation with access to electricity (%)	96.4	2017	•	T			
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	75.1	2016	•	1			
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.0	2017	•	1			
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth							
djusted GDP growth (%)	-2.0	2018	٠	٠			
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.6	2018	•	٠			
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	42.6	2017	•	↑			
Inemployment rate (% of total labor force)	3.3	2019	٠	1			
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.1	2010	•	1			
			-				

SDC9 - Industry, Innovation and Intrastructure Wale 'ter Rating Terms' Population with the interent (%) 2.5.2 2018 ● Mobile breadband subscriptions (per 100 population) 6.5.7 2017 ● Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1 – 5 best) 31.1 2020 ● Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 2018 ● Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 2018 ● Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 2018 ● Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 2018 ● Stoft - Sustainable Crities and Communities Association (% GDP) 0.1 2017 ● Sustafaction with public transport (%) 55.3 2019 ● ● Stafaction with public transport (%) 55.3 2019 ● ● Stafaction wate (w/capita/ 5.8 2016 ● ● Production-based SO2 emissions (k/capita) 2.9 2012 ● Stafaction wate (w/capita/capita) 1.1 2010 ● Production-based SO2 emissions (k/capita) 2.0 2017 ● Stafaction wate (w/capita) <	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year B	lating	Trend
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SOLOMON ISLANDS



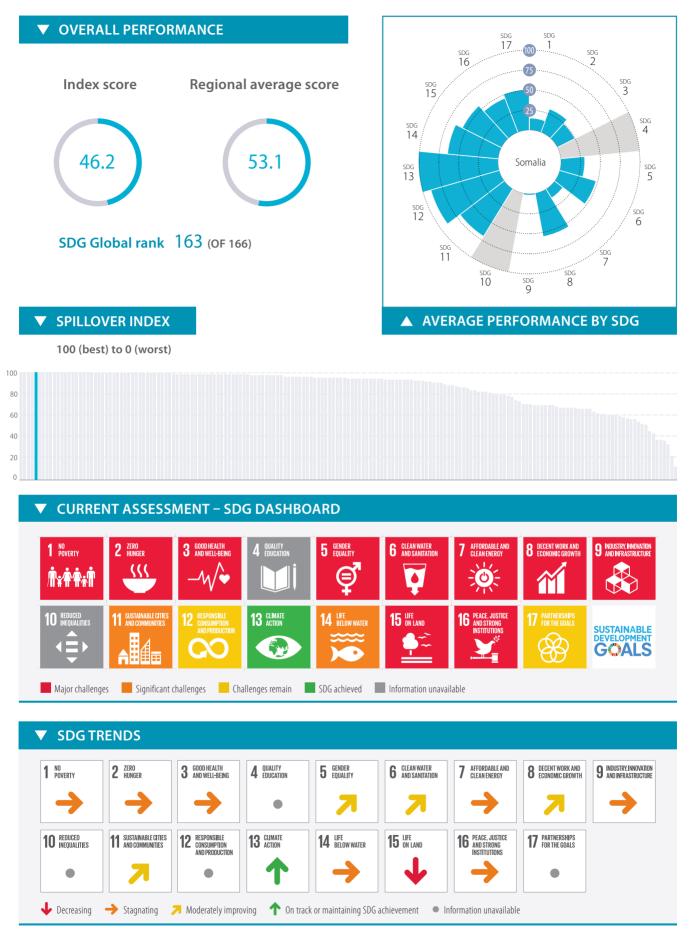
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

SOLOMON ISLANDS

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	23.0	2020	٠	→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	52.9	2020	•	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	8.9	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	31.6	2015	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.9	2015	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	22.5	2016	•	¥
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.6	2017	•	¥
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.2	2015	٠	↓
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	104	2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.2	2018	٠	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	20.0	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	74.0	2018	٠	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	•	
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.8	2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	137	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	174	2016		7
life expectancy at birth (years)		2010		÷
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2010		÷
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017		•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2013		1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2010		4
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA		
	1473	147.1	-	-
SDG4 – Quality Education	675	2010		.1.
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2018 2018	-	
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	/ 1.4 NA			•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	INA	NA	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	38.0	2015	•	>
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	77.7	2019	٠	T
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	6.1	2020	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.8	2017	٠	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	33.5	2017	•	→
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA	۲	٠
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	62.9	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	->
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	_5 5	2018		
			-	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	-	-
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	0.6	2019		•
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA		
	INA	11//1	-	-

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	11.9	2017	•	→
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	17.5	2018	•	↗
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 , universities (worst 0–100 best)	۴ 0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	42.0	2013	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µq/m³)	11.9	2017	•	ѫ
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)	70.5 NA	2017 NA	•	ł
	INA	11/14	-	
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	2.2	2012		
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2013		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	0.7 NA	2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA			
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	NA			•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA			
SDG13 – Climate Action	11/1	11/7	9	-
	0.4	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4 NA	2017 NA	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)			-	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2016	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	7
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	T
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	•	•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•	•
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.3	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2008	•	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	48.2	2018	•	→
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		٠	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA		٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	•	•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	47.8	2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD , per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	NA	NA		٠
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	14.1	2010	٠	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
	33.8	2018	•	1
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	55.0			

SOMALIA



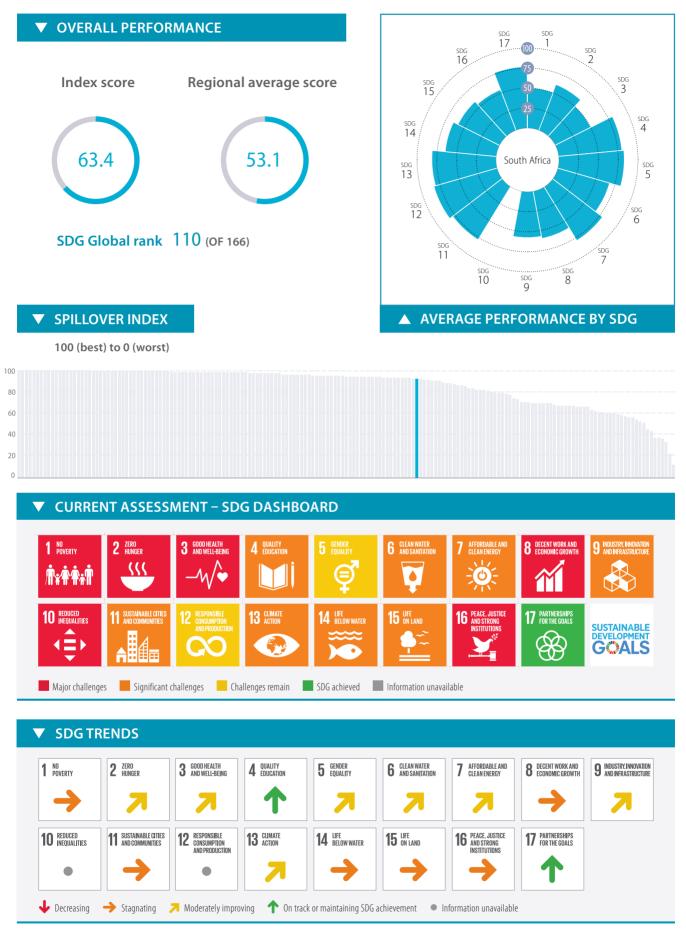
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

SOMALIA

5DG1 – No Poverty		Year R		g Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	78.0	2020	•	→
5DG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2009		>
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2009	•	>
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)		2016	•	Т
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA		•	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	*
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1	2015	•	→
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	->
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	→
Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	121.5		•	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	262.0		•	
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	٠	T
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	21.8	2016	•	¥
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	213	2016	•	٠
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		Ŧ
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	٠	→
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	100.1	2017	٠	→
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	9.4	2006	•	•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	42	2018	•	→
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	25.0	2017	٠	→
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.7	2016	•	
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
ower secondary completion rate (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	٠	۲
DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females $\ _{\rm *}$ aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	48.3	2017	•	7
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA	•	
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	25.8	2019	•	⇒
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	24.4	2020	•	1
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	52.4	2017	٠	7
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	38.3	2017	•	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	24.5	2005	٠	٠
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.0	2013	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	329	2017	٠	→
	52.7		•	->
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2016		
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016 NA	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy 'opulation with access to electricity (%) 'opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) 'O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) 'SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	2.3		•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Pogemissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.3		•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth vdjusted GDP growth (%)	2.3 NA NA	NA	•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth vdjusted GDP growth (%) fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) vdluts with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	2.3 NA NA 15.5	NA	•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) PDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	2.3 NA NA 15.5 38.7	NA NA 2018	•	•

	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	١	/alue	Year F	lating	Trend
	Population using the internet (%)			2017		→
	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2.5	2017	٠	→
	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		1.8	2018	•	7
	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	*	0.0	2020	•	•
	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		0.0	2018	٠	→
		*	0.0	2017	٠	•
1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		NA	NA	•	•
Ì	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				-	-
	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	1	32.0	2017	•	↓
	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		754	2017	•	•
	Satisfaction with public transport (%)			2017	•	•
	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		-2.0	2010		
	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		0.0	2016		
	Electronic waste (kg/capita/day)		NA			
				2012		
	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)			2012		
	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2012		•
	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	-		2010		•
	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		U.U	2010	-	-
	SDG13 – Climate Action		0.0	2017		
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)			2017	-	T
	CO_2 emissions embodied in imports (t CO_2 /capita)	*				T
	CO2 emissions embodied in lossil ruel exports (kg/capita)	~	0.0	2018	•	•
	SDG14 – Life Below Water					
	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)			2018	•	->
	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)			2019	•	>
	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		15.4	2014	•	T
	Fish caught by trawling (%)		10.4	2014	•	→
	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		0.0	2018	٠	٠
	SDG15 – Life on Land					
	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		0.0	2018	٠	→
	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		0.0	2018	٠	→
	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		0.9	2019	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		0.0	2018	•	٠
	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		0.0	2018		
	(per million population)		0.0	2010		
	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	*		2015	٠	٠
	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		NA	NA	•	٠
	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	8		2016	•	٠
	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		NA	NA	٠	٠
	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		3.0	2018	٠	٠
	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		9	2019	٠	→
	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	4	49.0	2016	٠	٠
	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	*	0.0	2019	•	•
	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	1	57.2	2019	٠	7
	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)		NA	NA	٠	٠
				NIA		
	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NA	NA		
	5			NA 2018	•	•

SOUTH AFRICA



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

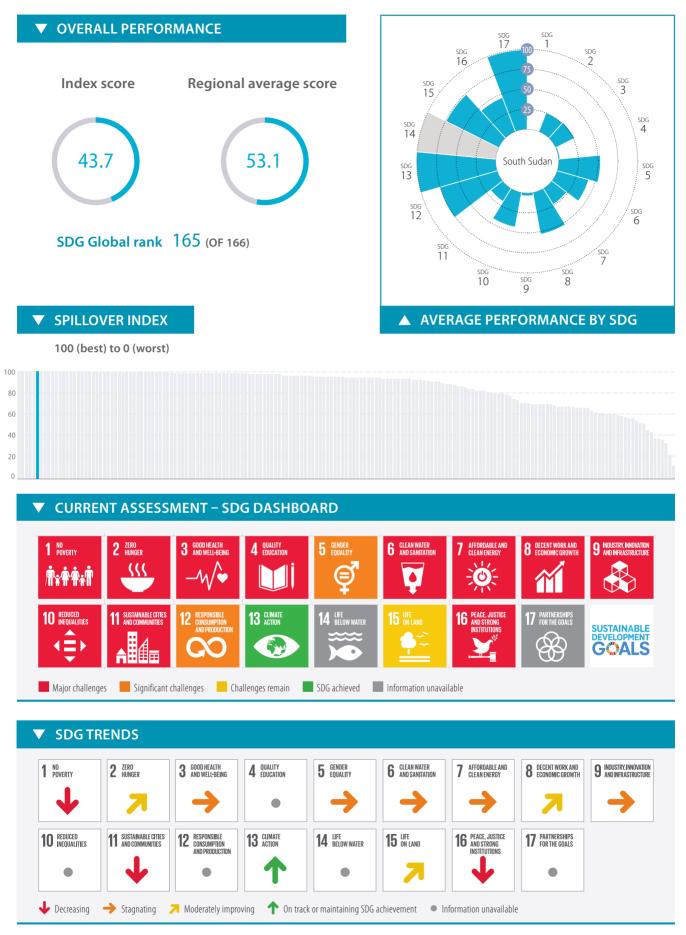
SOUTH AFRICA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	24.5	2020	٠	>
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	34.1	2020	٠	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	6.2	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	27.4	2016	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	28.3	2016	٠	↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	5.6	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5	2015	•	7
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	119	2017	٠	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.7	2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	33.8	2018	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	520.0	2018	٠	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	4.9	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	26.2	2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	87	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	25.9	2016	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016		7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	+
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016	•	•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2018	•	÷
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	87.0	2017	•	•
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2017		•
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2017		•
SDG5 – Gender Equality			-	-
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	77.9	2016	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	95.2	2018	•	-
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		•
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	02.7	2017	•	•
Population using at least basic cannot watch services (%)		2017		7
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2013		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		•
	J.0	2013	-	Τ
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	04.4	2017		
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017		*
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	84.8	2016	•	Т
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.8	2017	٠	7
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-4.3	2018	٠	٠
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.8	2018	•	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	69.2	2017	•	¥
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	28.2	2019	٠	$\mathbf{+}$

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	-	Tren
Population using the internet (%)	56.2	2017	•	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	77.5	2018	•	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2	2018	•	↑
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	53.6	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	•	→
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.8	2016	٠	7
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	67.3	2014	٠	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	25.1	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98.3	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2018	•	Ť
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				•
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1 २	2011	•	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2011		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
	5.0	2010	-	
5DG13 – Climate Action	0.1	2017		_
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		
CO_2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		Т
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1690.1	2018	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.9	2018	•	1
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	55.6	2019	•	-
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	33.6	2014	•	4
ish caught by trawling (%)	26.6	2014	•	4
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	٠	•
5DG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	30.7	2018	•	-
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	-
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2019	•	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.1	2018	•	
Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.8	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	35.9	2017	•	4
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	27.0	2018	٠	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	31.5	2018	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.1	2019	•	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	88.6	2018	٠	•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	44	2019	•	-
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA	٠	•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.1	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22.2	2019	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.3	2016	•	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	30.9	2017	•	1

5. Country Profiles

SOUTH SUDAN



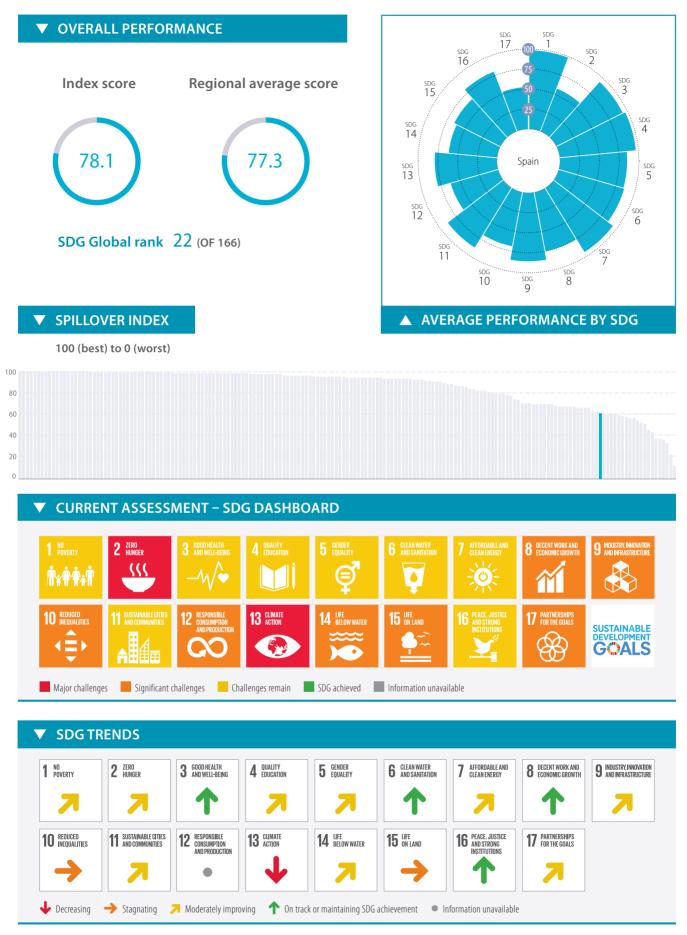
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SOUTH SUDAN

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	lating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	78.3	2020	٠	4
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	94.0	2020	•	ł
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	31.1	2010	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	22.7	2010	٠	7
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	7
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	NA	NA	•	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	1150	2017	٠	↓
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	40.0	2018	٠	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		→
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	146.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	1.6	2018	٠	→
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	19.8	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	165	2016	•	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	29.9	2016	•	↓
ife expectancy at birth (years)	58.6	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	62.0	2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	19.4	2010	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	49	2018	٠	→
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	31.0	2017	٠	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	2.8	2017	•	
5DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	35.2	2015	٠	٠
ower secondary completion rate (%)	18.0	2011	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	47.9	2018	٠	
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	5.6	2010	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	75.5	2018	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	96.8	2019	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	28.5	2020	•	>
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	40.7	2017	٠	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	11.3	2017	٠	->
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	4.2	2010	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.1	2013	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	25.4	2017	٠	7
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	0.6	2016	•	->
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.0	2017	•	7
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	NA	NA		
	* NA	NA		
nearing of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)			-	-
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	86	2017	٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	0.0			
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)		2019	•	→

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	rend
Population using the internet (%)	8.0	2017	•	→
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	6.0	2018	•	→
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	NA	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	* 0.0	2017	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	48.0	2009	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	45.6	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017 2017	•	Ļ
	17.7	2017	•	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	2.0	2012		
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	2.9 NA	2013		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)				
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012 2012		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)				
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.0	2010	•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.5	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	NA		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	•	٠
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		•	•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		٠	٠
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.6	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.6	2018	•	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	13.9	2012	•	
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2015		٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	42.1	2017	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	•	•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	35.4	2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	12	2019	•	↓
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA		٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	45.7	2019	•	↓
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	•
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•	•
	0.0	2017	-	-

SPAIN



Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

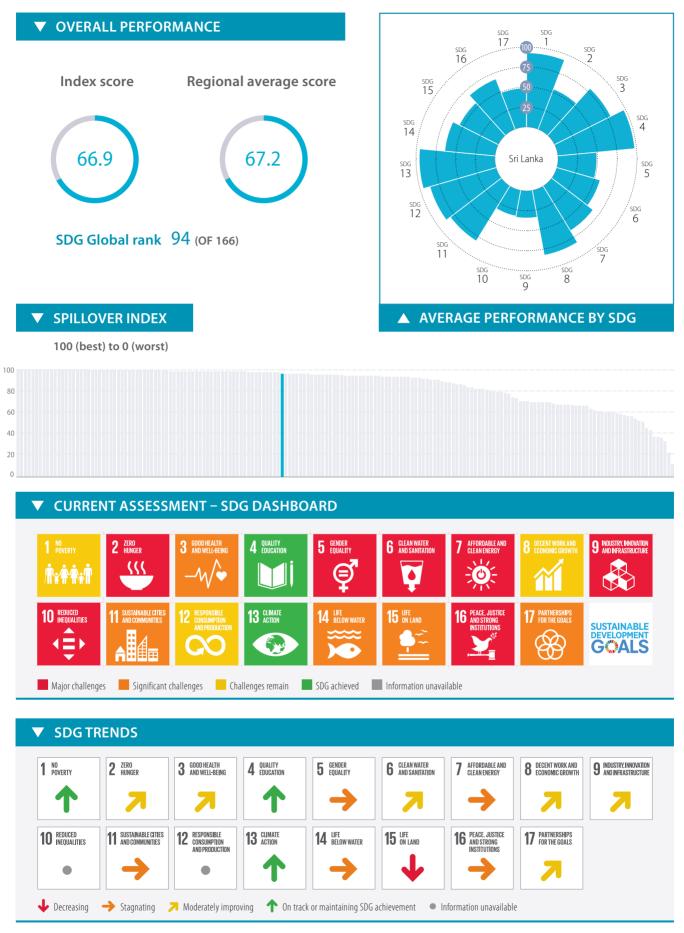
SPAIN

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	14.8	2017	•	7
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017		Ť
rievalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		T
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	2016		1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2016 2017		\downarrow
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2017		Ļ
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015		•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			-	
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	1	2017		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.0	2016		1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	2.2	2010	•	
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	10	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016 2016		Υ Υ
Life expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2016	•	Ť
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA		•	
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2010		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		Ť
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	3.0	2016	٠	٠
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	12.3	2017	٠	1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	22.1	2017	•	7
SDG4 – Quality Education				
and the second	* 97.2	2017	٠	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	* 97.2	2017	٠	Ť
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.7	2018	٠	۲
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	93.2	2017	٠	1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	44.3	2018	٠	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)**	486.7	2018	•	1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		1
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		+
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	37.3	2018	•	4
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	* 845	2017	•	•
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		7
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		T
Seats held by women in national parliament (%) Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020 2014		T
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2014		•
	140.2	2010	-	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	00.5	2017	-	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		•
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)		2018 2013		1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2015		1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
	, 5.0		-	
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0	2017		٨
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017 2016		
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total				
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.0	2017	•	T
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	14.6	2018	٠	↓
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
	0.5	2018		
		2018		
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2010	_	
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		201-		T
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2017	•	
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	93.8 1.8	2010	•	• 1
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	93.8 1.8		•	↑ ↑

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
opulation using the internet (%)		2018	•	1
lobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	98.5	2018	•	Т
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.8	2018	•	1
ne Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	55.5	2020	•	•
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.2	2018		1
penditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.2	2017	٠	1
esearchers (per 1,000 employed population)	7.0	2018	•	7
riadic patent families filed (per million population)	5.8	2017	٠	→
ap in internet access by income (percentage points)	21.2	2019	•	1
'omen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	27.1	2015	•	•
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ini coefficient adjusted for top income	38.6	2015	٠	1
alma ratio	1.3	2017	٠	7
derly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	10.2	2017	•	1
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	9.7	2017	•	1
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	1
atisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	•	÷
opulation with rent overburden (%)		2017		Ť
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		-		
ectronic waste (kg/capita)	20.1	2016	•	
oduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012	•	•
D ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
oduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	45.0	2010	•	٠
itrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		٠
on-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2018	•	•
DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.3	2017	٠	↓
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		→
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2018		•
fective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)	12.5	2016	•	
DG14 – Life Below Water				
ean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		1
cean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		+
sh caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	•	T
sh caught by trawling (%)		2014		T
larine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG15 – Life on Land	0.0	2018	•	-
	56.6	2018		٨
ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) lean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		
ed List Index of species survival (worst $0-1$ best)		2018		1
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019		
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	3.6	2018	•	
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
omicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	2017		1
	14.4	2018	•	↑
		2010	•	1
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the	77.5	2019		
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019	•	
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019	•	•
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	4.8 100.0	2019	•	•
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) nildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	4.8 100.0 62.0	2019 2018	• • •	• • •
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) nildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) cports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0	2019 2018 2019	• • •	• • •
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) nildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) corts of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019	•	• • • • •
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) th registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) oports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9 22.0	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019	•	• • • • • • •
nsentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) «ports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) PC12. Portcorreling for the Constant	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9 22.0	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019	•	• • • • • •
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) cports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ess Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9 22.0 126.9	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2019 2017	•	
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) th registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) (% ports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9 22.0 126.9 10.6	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2017 2016	•	• • ↑ • ↑ ↑
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) (ports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9 22.0 126.9 10.6	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2019 2017	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) cports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ess Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9 22.0 126.9 10.6	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2017 2016 2016 2017	•	• • ↑ • • ↑ ↑ 7 •
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) (ports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9 22.0 126.9 10.6 0.2 NA	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2017 2016 2016 2017	• • • • •	•• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) operty Rights (worst 1–7 best) rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) nildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) (ports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) ther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	4.8 100.0 62.0 * 0.0 1.9 22.0 126.9 10.6 0.2 NA 54.5	2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2017 2016 2017 NA	• • • • • •	-

* Imputed data point **For Spain, the reading score for 2015 was carried forward to 2018.

SRI LANKA



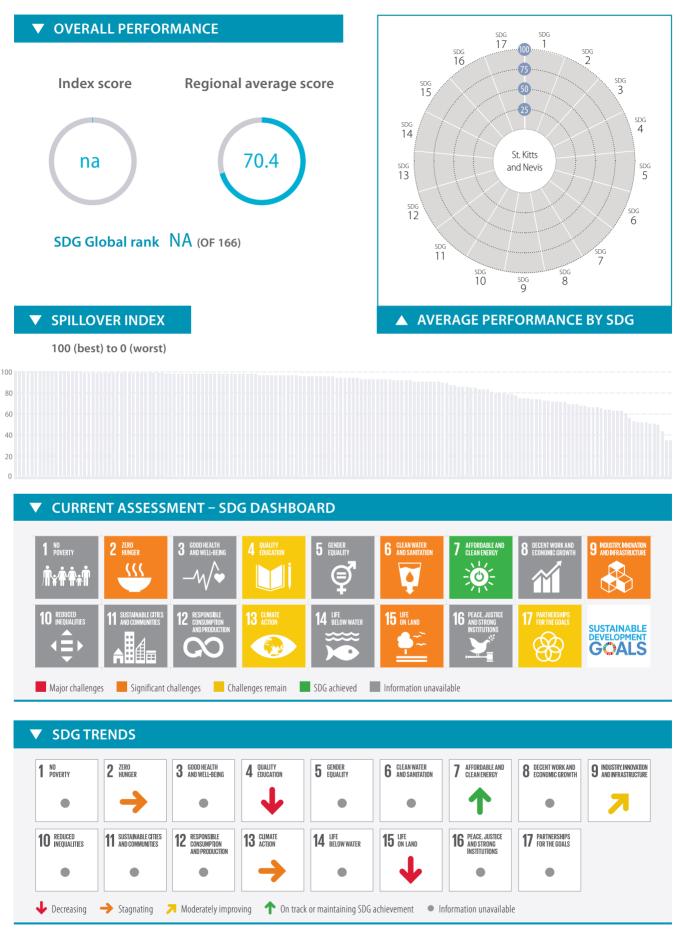
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

SRI LANKA

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R		Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	8.0	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	9.0	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	17.3	2016	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	15.1	2016	٠	7
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	5.2	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.1	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	٠	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	36	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.5	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	7.4	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	64.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.4	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	80	2016	•	•
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	14.9	2016	•	1
.ife expectancy at birth (years)	75.3	2016	•	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	20.9	2017	•	1
3irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2014	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	66.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.4	2018	•	↓
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	99.1	2018	٠	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	96.4	2017	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.8	2018	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	74.3	2016	•	ѫ
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	90.5	2018	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	•	+
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	5.3	2020	٠	->
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	89.4	2017	•	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		4
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	5.1			
Population with access to electricity (%)	07 5	2017	•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		-
202 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per				7
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.5	2017	•	→
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				6
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	٠
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.1	2018	•	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017	•	↓
Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)	4.2	2019	•	1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.2	2010		

5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	lating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	34.1	2017	٠	7
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	65.0	2018	•	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.5	2018	•	↑
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	28.5	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	514	2016	•	•
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	5	2010	-	-
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	11.1	2017	•	Υ
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	73.8	2017	٠	4
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.3	2018	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.9	2016	•	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	4.5	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	11.5	2012	•	٠
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.8	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	4.3	2010	•	•
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.0	2010	•	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.3	2017	•	1
202 emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	2015	•	Ť
20 ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2017	٠	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	43.4	2018	•	→
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2010		7
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2019		1
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		Ļ
Varine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		•
SDG15 – Life on Land	0.1	2010	-	-
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	13.7	2018		<u>د</u>
Vean area that is protected in tenestinal sites important to biodiversity (%) Vean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		Ζ
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2018		
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019		
Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.1	2010		
(per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.3	2017	•	1
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	53.4	2018	٠	↓
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	63.8	2018	•	¥
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.9	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	97.2	2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	38	2019	٠	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	1.0	2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	* 00	2019		•
per 100,000 population)	0.0		-	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	39.6	2019	•	Т
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	5.1	2016	•	T
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	13.3	2018	٠	→
			•	

ST. KITTS AND NEVIS



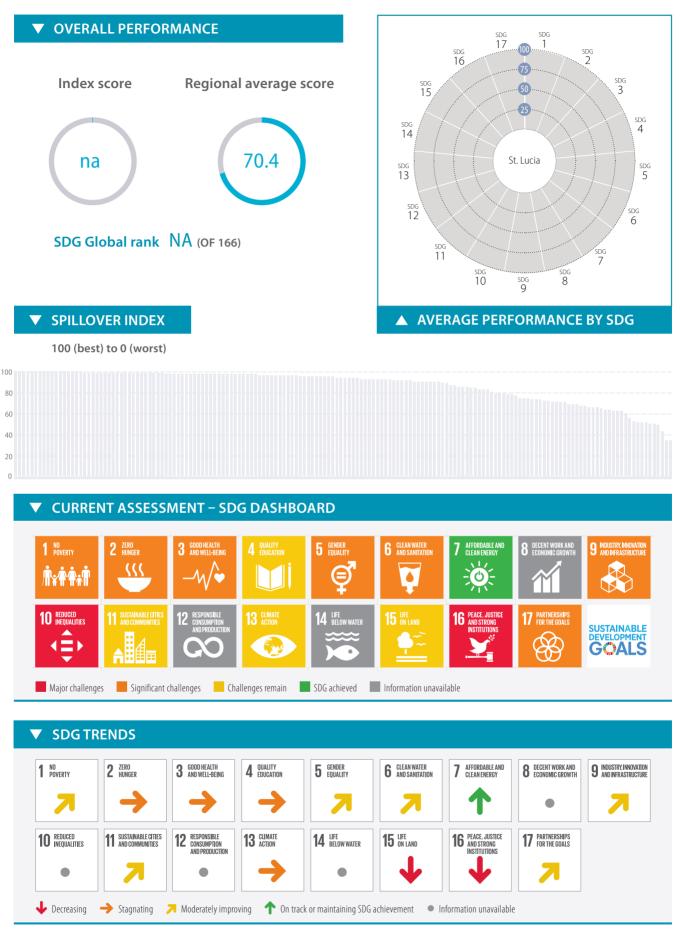
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

ST. KITTS AND NEVIS

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	* 1.2	2017	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 2.6	2016	•	٠
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 0.7	2016	٠	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	22.9	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	•	Л
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.2	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	NA		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.9	2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018	•	-
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	NA	NA	٠	•
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	٠	
.ife expectancy at birth (years)	NA	NA	٠	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	NA	NA	٠	•
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2014	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA	٠	
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	93.8	2016	•	Ŧ
_ower secondary completion rate (%)	111.2	2016	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA		
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	NA	NA	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99 N	2013	٠	
Population using at least basic danking water services (%)		2013		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2010		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA		•
	11/4	11/1	-	-
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0	2017		
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	-	T
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2010	•	Т
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	٠
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
	-2.2	2018	•	٠
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)				
victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	NA NA		•	•

l	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	lating	Trend
	Population using the internet (%)	80.7	2017	٠	1
	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	69.9	2017	•	1
	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	NA	•	•
	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $_{\rm *}$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.5	2018	•	1
	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	NA	٠	٠
	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) ($\mu g/m^3$)	NA	NA	•	•
	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	5.2	2015	•	•
	Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016	•	٠
	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA			•
	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA		٠	٠
	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	NA	NA	•	•
	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
	SDG13 – Climate Action				
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.6	2017	•	→
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		•	•
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) *		2018	•	•
	SDG14 – Life Below Water	2.0			
	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	195	2018	•	->
	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2018		4
	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		•	
	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	
	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA		•	•
	SDG15 – Life on Land	14/1	14/1		-
	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	29.2	2018		4
	Mean area that is protected in tenestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA			
	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		Ţ
	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019	•	
	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports			Ĩ	
	(per million population)	NA	NA	•	•
	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	21 J	2012		
	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2012 2018	-	
	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	30.5 NA		•	•
	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA		
	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	NA			
	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	NA			
	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA		•
	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD *			-	-
	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	0.0 NA	2019 NA	•	•
		1 1/1	11/1		-
	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	17	2015		
	Covernment enonding on bealth and advertise (0/ -f CDD)		2015	•	
	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	ч./			
	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	NA	•	•
			NA NA	•	•

ST. LUCIA



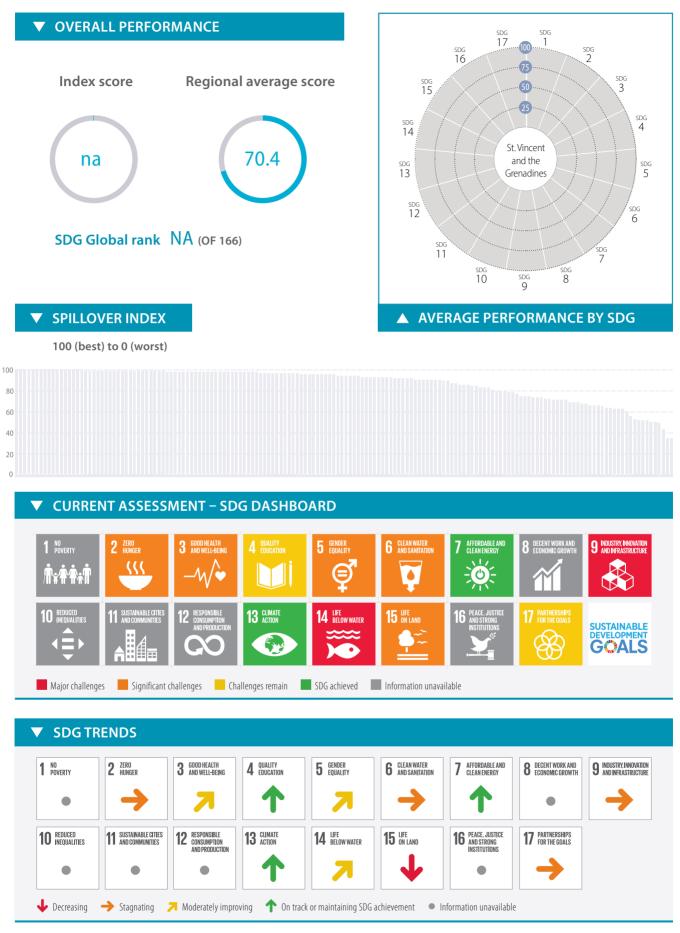
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ST. LUCIA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	g Treno
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	4.8	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	10.4	2020	•	7
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5	2012	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.7	2012	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	19.7	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA	NA	٠	•
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.3	2015	٠	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	117	2017	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12.4	2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.6	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.2	2018	٠	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.3	2018	•	→
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	18.8	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	30	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	35.4	2016	٠	↓
Life expectancy at birth (years)	75.6	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	40.5	2017	•	7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.7	2012	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	86	2018	•	4
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	68.0	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA		•
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	95.4	2018	•	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	86.2	2018	•	4
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	٠	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	72.4	2012	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	107.3	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	80.2	2019	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	16.7	2020	٠	4
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.2	2017	٠	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	88.4	2017	•	-
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005	•	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	•	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	14/1		-	-
Population with access to electricity (%)	00 0	2017		•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		•
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per			-	1
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				-
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	20.7	2019	•	7
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	٠	٠

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	50.8	2017	٠	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	42.5	2018	٠	ѫ
.ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	NA	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $_{\star}$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	51.3	2016	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	22.4	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	NA		•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	11/1			
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	63	2015		•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2015		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA			•
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA		•	•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	NA		•	•
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA		•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	74	2017	•	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		•	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2016	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	0.0	2010	-	-
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	15 5	2018		4
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2018		J.
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA			
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	•
Varine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA		•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	46.0	2018	•	-
Vean area that is protected in the share sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•	
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	T
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019	•	•
Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	NA	2010		
(per million population)	NA	INA	-	-
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	29.6	2017	٠	↓
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	51.8	2018	٠	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	92.0	2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	55	2019	•	≁
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	3.9	2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD ger 100,000 population)		2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.0	2016	٠	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
F				1
Dther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	21.4	2017	•	¥

ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES and the Caribbean



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

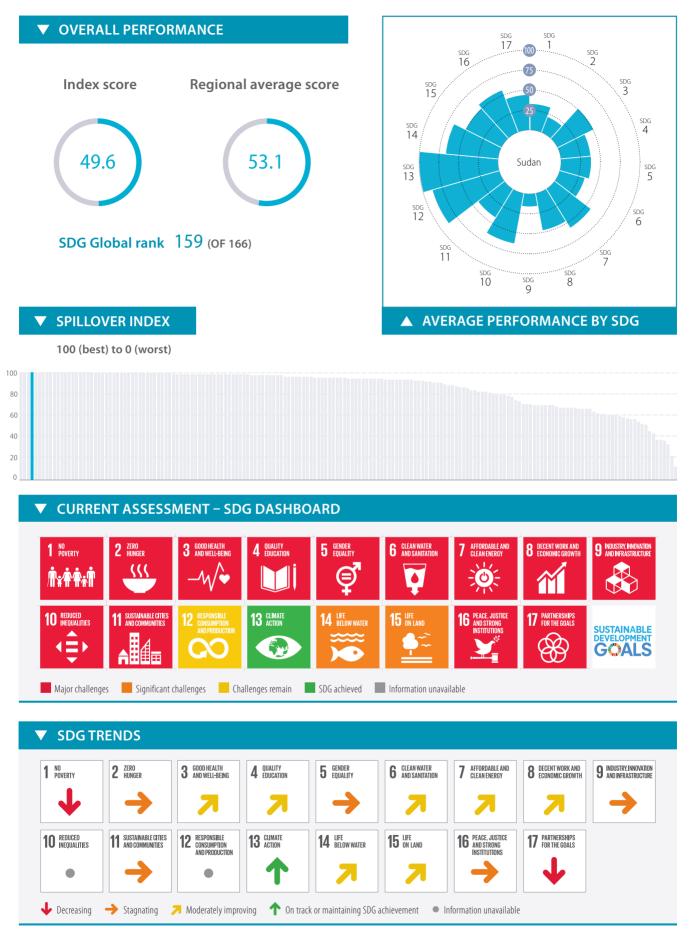
ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	lating	g Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) *	NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) *	NA	NA	٠	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	5.7	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	23.7	2016	٠	↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	26.1	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	68	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.7	2018	٠	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.4	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	6.3	2018	٠	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.9	2018	•	→
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	75.7	2016		.1.
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.2	2010	•	*
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	48	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	8.2	2013	٠	
Life expectancy at birth (years)	72.0	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	49.0	2017	•	7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.0	2014	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97	2018	٠	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	71.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	93.6	2017	•	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	92.0	2018	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	81.0	2017	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	72.6	2019	٠	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	13.0	2020	٠	->
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.1	2017	•	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		-
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			-	-
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		*
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per				
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	-		~	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	•
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA		٠
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	18.9	2019	٠	>
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)				

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	22.4	2018	•	4
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	53.9	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	NA	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $_{\ast}$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1	2002	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	NA		
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	22.2	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA	NA	•	•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1474		-	-
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	15	2015	•	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2015		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	NA		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA	NA		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	NA	NA		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action			-	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.0	2017	•	•
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	NA		
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2017		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	0.0	2017	-	
	26.2	2018		-
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2018	-	
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA			
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2012		
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA		•
SDG15 – Life on Land	1 1/1	14/ 1	•	•
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	42.8	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	•	٠
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	36.5	2016	•	
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	24.3	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	59	2019	•	↓
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD $$\rm $\ _{*}$$ per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	NA	NA		•
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.5	2016	•	
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
				•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	27.2	2017		-

5. Country Profiles

SUDAN



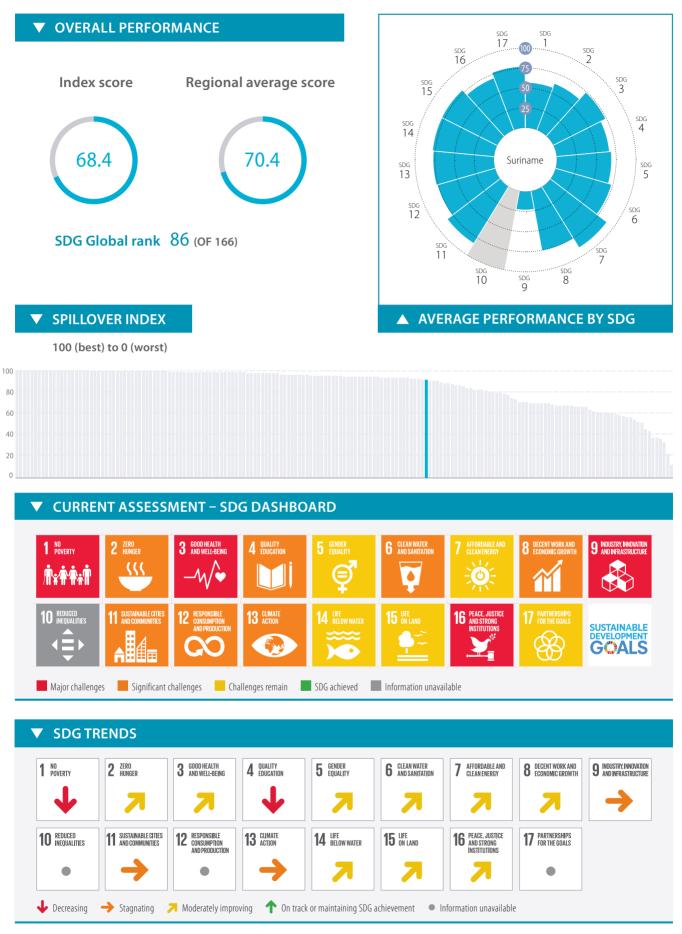
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5DG1 – No Poverty		Year R		Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		4
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	53.1	2020	•	ł
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	20.1	2017	٠	>
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	38.2	2014	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	16.3	2014	٠	7
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	NA	NA	•	•
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2011	•	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	+
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	NA	NA	•	•
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Aaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	295	2017	٠	7
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	→
fortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		T
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	•	T
.ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	26.0	2016	•	→
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	185	2016	•	٠
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		4
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		→
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	1
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2014	•	•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		Τ
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		7
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.1	2014	•	•
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	•	>
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	•	Т
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	/3.0	2018	•	•
DG5 – Gender Equality				
lemand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)		2014		→
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		7
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		→
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	30.5	2018	•	→
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	60.3	2017	•	→
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	36.6	2017	•	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010	٠	٠
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	•	•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.0	2013	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	41.3	2016	٠	7
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2	2017	•	→
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)	-5.7	2018	٠	٠
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	12.0	2018	•	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	15.3	2014	•	•
Inemployment rate (% of total labor force)	16.5	2019	٠	->
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.0	2010	•	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	atingT	rend
Population using the internet (%)		2017		7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	32.4	2018	•	→
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	2018	•	↑
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3	2005	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	40 3	2009	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	10.5	2005	-	-
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µq/m ³)	55.4	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		→
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	33.3	2014	•	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.5	2015	•	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	1.3	2016	•	•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.0	2012	•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.0	2012	•	•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.0	2010	•	
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	2017	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	2015	•	↑
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2017	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	87.5	2018	•	↑
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	45.0	2019	•	↓
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	•	π
Fish caught by trawling (%)	2.0	2014	•	↑
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA		•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	25.0	2018	•	↑
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	•
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	NA	NA		
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	5.2	2008	•	•
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	20.4	2015	•	•
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	71.3	2014	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	•	•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	67.3	2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	16	2019	•	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	24.9	2016	•	•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	72.5	2019	•	→
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	4.8	2009	•	
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA		•	•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		2016	•	T
other countries, dovernment revenue excluding grants (% or dDP)			-	-
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* ^^	2019		

SURINAME



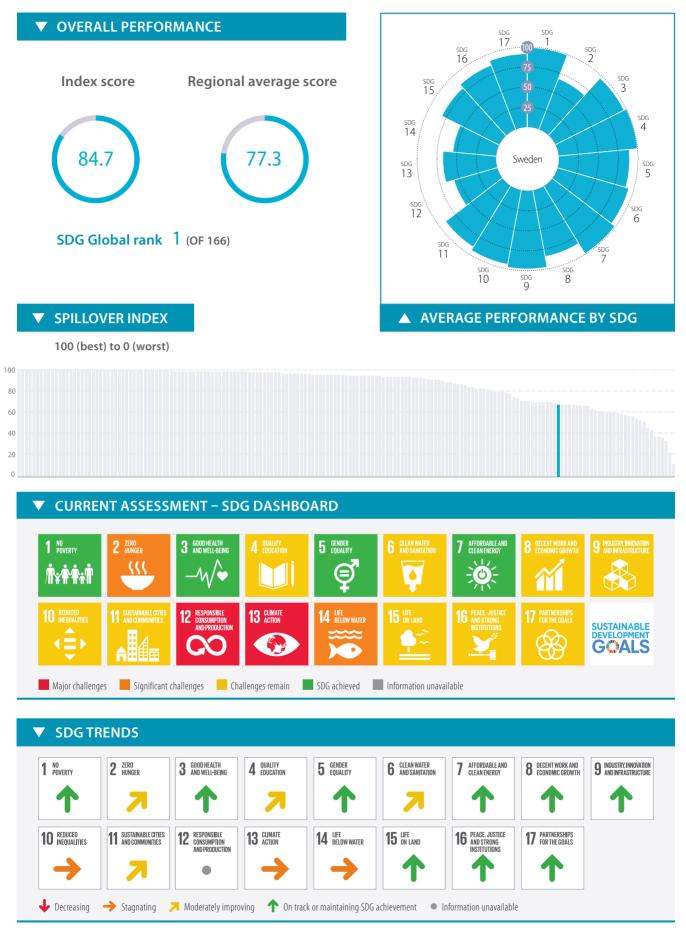
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SURINAME

overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) DG2 – Zero Hunger evalence of undernourishment (%) evalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) evalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) urman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) cidence of tuberculosis (per 1,000 live births) cidence of tuberculosis (per 1,000 unifected population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000 unifected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	30.3 8.5 8.8 5.0 26.4 2.2 4.5 0.7 120 10.0 18.9	2020 2017 2010 2010 2016 2017 2017 2015	• • • • •	$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \downarrow \\ \rightarrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \downarrow \uparrow \uparrow \rightarrow \end{array}$
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uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	2.2 4.5 0.7 120 10.0 18.9	2017 2017 2015 2017	•	↑ ↑
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) istainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	4.5 0.7 120 10.0 18.9	2017 2015 2017	•	↑ ↑ →
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DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	120 10.0 18.9	2017	•	→
aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.0 18.9		•	
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.0 18.9		•	
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18.9	2018		→
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			•	1
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	38.0	2018	•	1
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		2018	•	→
	0.5	2018	•	1
subcres, or enrorme respiratory discuse in addits aged 50 70 years (70)	21.7	2016	•	ѫ
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	57	2016	•	•
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	14.5	2016	•	1
fe expectancy at birth (years)	71.8	2016	٠	⇒
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	61.7	2017	•	→
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	80.0	2015	٠	٠
ccentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95	2018	•	1
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	71.0	2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.3	2012	٠	
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	86.0	2018	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	45.2	2018	•	1
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.6	2018	•	٠
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	73.2	2010	•	7
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	97.8	2018	•	7
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	61.5	2019	•	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	31.4	2020	•	1
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.4	2017	•	1
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	84.5	2017	•	→
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	4.0	2005	٠	٠
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	•	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	8.2	2013	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	96.8	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	89.6	2016	•	1
O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	1.1	2017	•	→
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)	-5.3	2018	•	٠
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	•	٠
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA	•	•
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	7.3	2019	•	->
ital work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		1

5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	e Year	Ratin	g Trend
opulation using the internet (%)	48.9	201	7 🔸	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	42.1	201	8 🔴	4
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	N/	4	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top universities (worst 0–100 best)	³ * 0.0	202	0 🔸	٠
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	201	8 🔴	→
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	N/	4	٠
5DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Sini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	N/	4	•
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	147			-
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)		201		→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		3 201		→
atisfaction with public transport (%)	73.3	201	2 🔵	
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
/unicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.6	201	0 •	٠
ilectronic waste (kg/capita)	9.6	201	6 🗕	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	206.8	201	2 🔸	٠
iO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	8.2	201	2 🔴	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		201		٠
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.6	201	0 •	٠
5DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.2	201	7 🔸	→
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0	201	5 🔸	→
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	N/	4	٠
5DG14 – Life Below Water				
Aean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%	6) 74.2	201	8 🔴	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		201		1
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		201		+
ish caught by trawling (%)	22.5	201	4 😐	1
Aarine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	201	8 🔴	•
5DG15 – Life on Land				
Aean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 512	201	8	1
Aean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity ()		201		-
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		201		1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		201		•
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (cer million population)		201	-	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	5 6	201	7 😐	->
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	221.0			•
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		201		•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	N/	4	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		201		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		201		1
Thildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		201		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD				-
per 100,000 population)		201		•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	10.4	201	9 🛡	Т
5DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA	N/	4 •	٠
	ial NA	N/	4	•
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concession public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)				
		201	2 😐	٠

SWEDEN



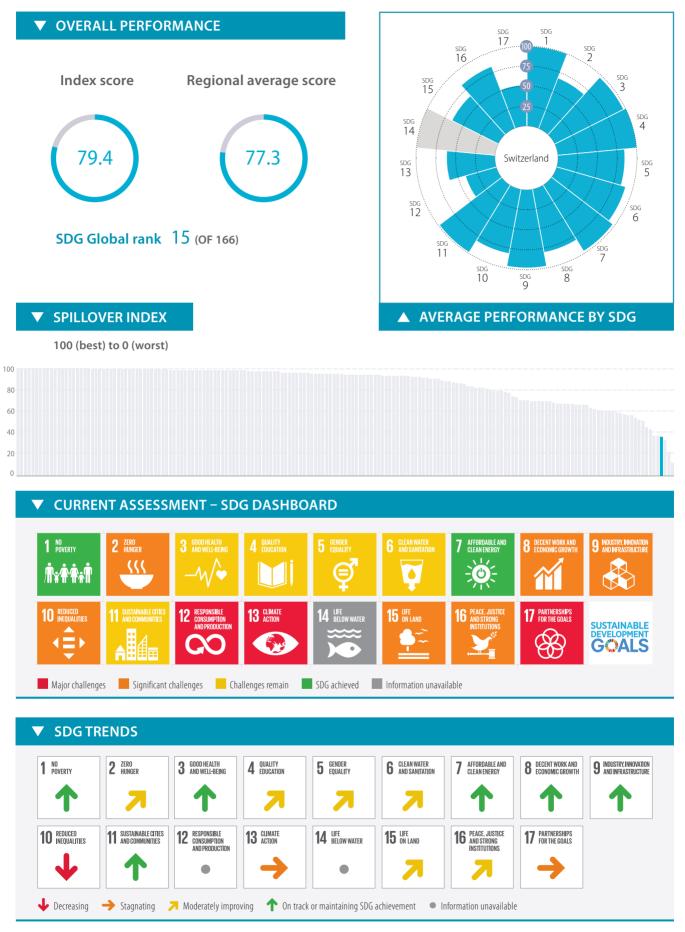
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SWEDEN

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year I	-	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		Ť
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	9.3	2017	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017		T
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.0	2016		T
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	2016 2016		1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2010		$\stackrel{\downarrow}{\rightarrow}$
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	-	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2017		J.
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015	•	•
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			-	
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	1	2017		1
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA		٠	•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1	2016		1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	2.1	2010	-	
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	7	2016	•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				1
[raffic deaths (per 100,000 population) _ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016 2016		1
Adolescent fertility rate (birth years)		2016		1
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	, J.I NA		•	
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%		2018	•	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best		2017		Ť.
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.4	2019	٠	Ť.
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.2	2016	٠	
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	19.9	2017	٠	1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	10.4	2017	۲	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	* 100.0	2017	٠	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	* 100.0	2017	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	۲	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	99.9	2017	٠	1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	47.5	2018	٠	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	502.3			Ť
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		+
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		1
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	30.4	2018	•	T
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	* 80.0	2017	•	1
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2018 2019		T
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2018		*
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2010		•
	1912	2010	-	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017 2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2010		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		-
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2015		1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017		•
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017		*
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total				
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.2	2017	•	Т
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	37.8	2018	٠	1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-0.8	2018	•	
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017		T
) 13	2010		1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2019	•	T

5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	92.1	2018	٠	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	127.0	2018	•	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.2	2018	•	1
'he Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	66.3	2020	•	٠
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.0	2018	٠	1
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		Ť
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		T
Friadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		T
Sap in internet access by income (percentage points) Vomen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	6.3	2019	•	Т
and engineering)	30.0	2015	•	•
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Sini coefficient adjusted for top income		2015	•	T
alma ratio		2017	•	*
lderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	11.3	2017	•	4
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	6.2	2017	•	1
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³) Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	90 0	2017		1
atisfaction with public transport (%)		2017		->
opulation with rent overburden (%)		2017		Ý
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
lectronic waste (kg/capita)	21.5	2016	•	•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	36.1	2010	٠	٠
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	13.3	2010	•	٠
Ion-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7	2018	•	
5DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.3	2017	٠	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.7	2015	٠	→
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2019	٠	
iffective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)	43.8	2016	•	•
5DG14 – Life Below Water				
Nean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	59.1	2018	٠	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	+
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	•	+
ish caught by trawling (%) Asian biadiussity theats ambadiad in imports (nor million non-ulation)		2014	•	>
Aarine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
5DG15 – Life on Land	50.4	2010		
Aean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Aean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2018 2019		Ť
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019		
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	1.6	2018	•	
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
lomicides (per 100,000 population)		2017	•	T
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the		2018 2019		T A
city or area where they live (%) roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		
lirth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0		•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	٠	1
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016	٠	•
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	1.8	2019		
per 100,000 population)			-	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•	T
ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	0./C	2017	•	T
5DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	16.0	2014	-	
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	16.8	2016	•	Т
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	1.0	2017	•	1
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	56.0	2019	٠	٠
inancial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	45.7	2020	٠	٠
hifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	10.3	2016		

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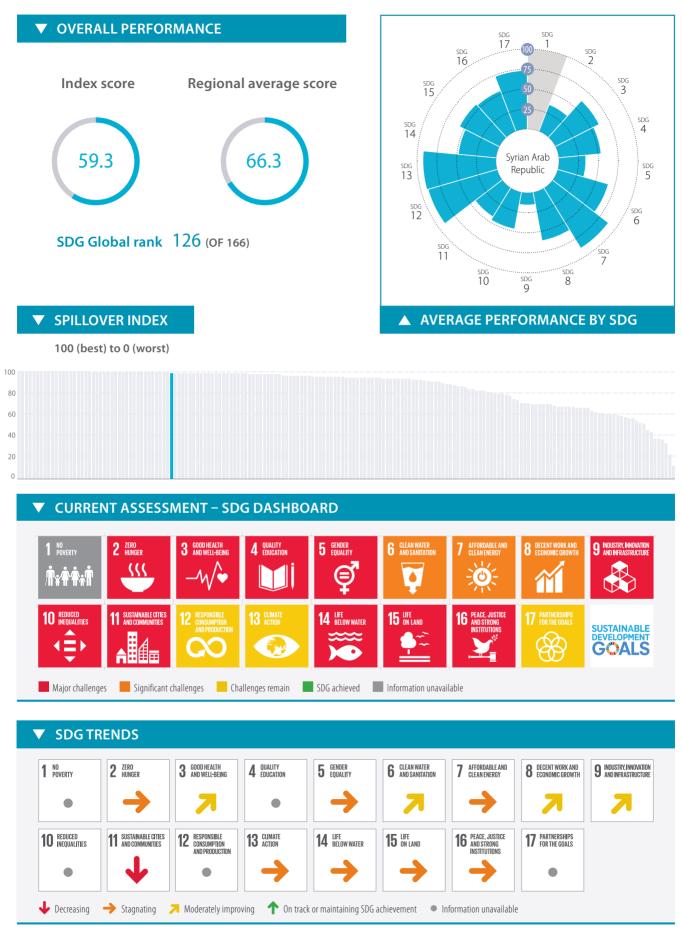
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	Rating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.1	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	9.1	2015	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017		1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		Ť
r revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (70)		2016		Ť
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)		2016		÷
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		>
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2017 2015		↓
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015		•
	04.2	2015	-	-
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	_		-	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	Ť
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		Ť
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		T
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	NA	NA	•	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	8.6	2016	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and				
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	10	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	2.7	2016	٠	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)	83.3	2016	٠	1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	2.8	2017	٠	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2006	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	2018	٠	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	83.0	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		1
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2016		
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		T
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	19.1	2017	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	* 99.9	2017	٠	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	* 99.9	2017	٠	1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	99.4	2017	٠	1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	51.2	2018	٠	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	498.0	2018	٠	1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	16.3	2018	٠	+
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		+
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	31.2	2018	•	T
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	* 86.4	2017	•	•
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		>
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		T
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		Ţ
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2016		Т
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA		•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		٠
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		٠
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	7.6	2010	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		>
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2017		Ţ
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	99.5	2017	•	Τ
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	0.6	2017		4
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	21.5	2018	•	Т
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-1.1	2018	٠	٠
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.7	2018	٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	98.4	2017		•
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	2.8	2010		Ť
		2010		-
Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	80.5	2019	•	

Population using the internet (%) 99.7 2017 ● Mabile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) 99.4 2018 ● Mabile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) 99.4 2018 ● Infrastructure (worst 1=5 best) 75.5 2020 ● Expenditure on research and development (b of GDP) 3.4 2015 ● Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 15.1 9 2017 ● Tradic patent families filed (per million population) 15.1 9 2017 ● Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) 26.7 2014 ● SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities Gin (cefficient adjusted for top income 34.3 2015 ● Gin (cefficient adjusted for top income 34.3 2015 ● ● SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual maen concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.3 2017 ● Suffaction with public transport (%) 6.7 2016 ● ● Spealation with ent overburden (%) 6.7 2016 ● ● Spealation with ent overburden (%) 6.7 2016 ● ● Spealation with ent overburden (%) 6.7 2016 ● ● ● ● ● ●<					
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For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)0.52017↓Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)NANA●Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)83.32019●Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)74.12020●	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	12.8	2016	•	1
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SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC



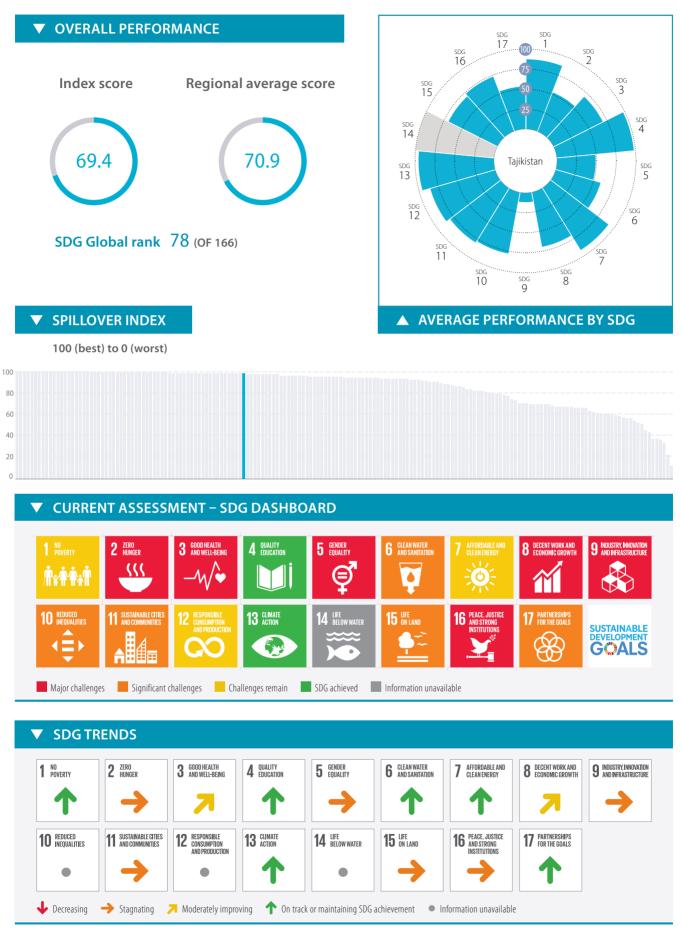
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	lating	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	•
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA		•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	•
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	27.5	2009	٠	-
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.5	2009	٠	4
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	27.8	2016	٠	↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2007	•	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.6	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7	2015	•	-
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	31	2017	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	-	4
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018		T
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	21.8	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	75	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	26.5	2016	٠	ł
Life expectancy at birth (years)	63.8	2016	٠	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	38.6	2017	٠	7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	96.2	2009	•	•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	47	2018	٠	7
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	60.0	2017	٠	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	3.5	2015	٠	
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	68.0	2013	•	•
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	53.8	2013	٠	•
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	92.5	2004	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	53.3	2009	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	82.1	2018		4
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2018		
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		3
	12.4	2020	-	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		Т
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		→
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	126.0	2005	•	•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	1.9	2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	89.6	2017	٠	-
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	99.0	2016	•	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	2017	•	-
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	NA	NA	•	
	• NA	NA		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	INA	INA		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2011		•
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	8.4	2019	•	→
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	gTrend
Population using the internet (%)	34.3	2017	'	7
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	16.5	2018	8 •	→
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.5	2018	3 •	↑
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $_{\rm *}$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020) 🔴	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	}	⇒
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.0	2015		٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	46.5	2004	•	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	43.8	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	74.7	2017	· •	↓
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	15.3	2015		
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.2	2009) 🔴	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	NA	NA		٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	24.9	2012		٠
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	10.4	2010)	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.5	2010)	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.6	2017	' 🔴	4
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	NA		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Wean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	2018	}	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2010		4
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		NA		•
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		1
Varine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		•
SDG15 – Life on Land	2.0			
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	0 9	2018		->
Vean area that is protected in tenesthal sites important to biodiversity (%) Wean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		4
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2010		1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2013		
Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	0.1	2018	3	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.2	2010) 🔴	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2006		٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	32.2	2015	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	96.0	2018	3 😐	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	13	2019	•	↓
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	4.0	2016	i 😐	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD * per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019)	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	71.8	2019	•	7
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
	6.7	2009) 🔴	
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA		
	NA NA			•

TAJIKISTAN



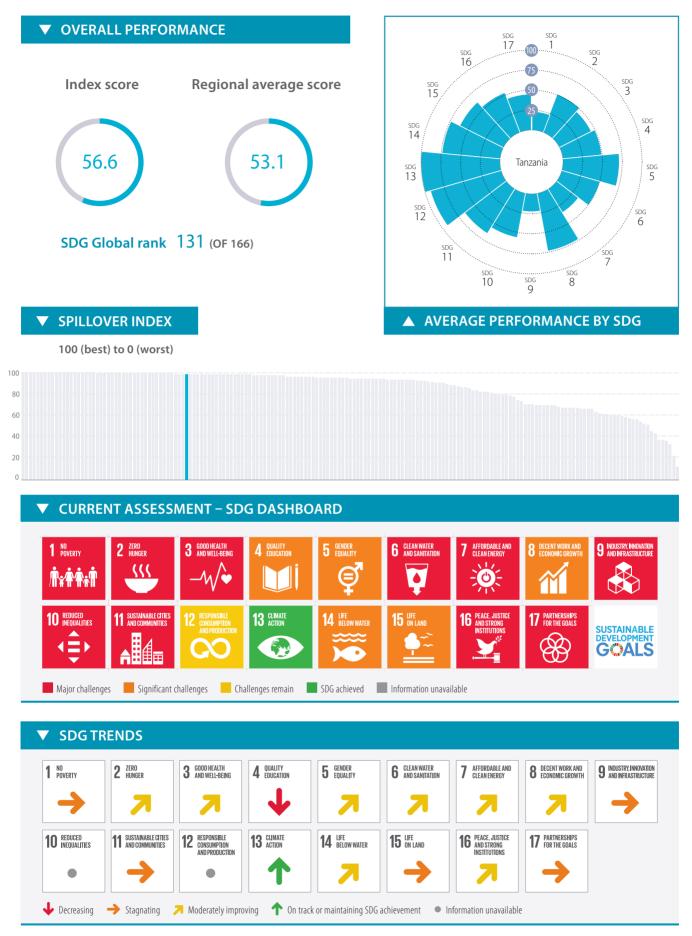
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TAJIKISTAN

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	1.5	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	11.6	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	26.8	2012	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.9	2012	٠	>
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	14.2	2016	•	↓
łuman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	Τ
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7	2015	٠	→
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.0	2018	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	34.8	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	84.0	2018	٠	>
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	25.3	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	129	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	18.1	2016	•	→
ife expectancy at birth (years)	70.8	2016	٠	⇒
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	57.1	2017	•	1
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	94.8	2017	•	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96	2018	٠	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	68.0	2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.5	2018	٠	1
5DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	98.3	2017	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	96.2	2017	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.9	2014	•	٠
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	44.8	2017	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	90.2	2018	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	46.2	2019	•	4
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	23.8	2020	•	7
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	81.2	2017	•	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		1
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
capital consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	99 R	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		*
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per				
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.3	2017	•	1
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1 *	2012	-	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018		•
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	4.5	2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	47.0	2017	•	1
		2019	•	->
Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)	11.0	2012		

CDC0 Industry law of the U.S. State				
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	-	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017		7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	22.8	2017	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $_{\rm *}$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1	2017	•	→
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	35.3	2015	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ q/m ³)	46.2	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	90.8	2017	•	-
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017		1
	U-T./	2010	-	
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	20	2013		•
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) Electronic waste (kg/capita)		NA		
		2012	-	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		-
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita) Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
	0.0	2010	-	-
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.4	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	Т
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	NA		
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		•	•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		•	•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		>
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	35.2	2018	•	→
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) *	0.0	2018	•	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.6	2011	•	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	15.0	2009	•	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	88.1	2018	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.6	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	95.8	2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	25	2019	٠	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	10.0	2016	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD *	0.0	2010		
per 100,000 population)		2019		
Dense Frankland Indens (Indent 0, 100 march)	54.0	2019	•	*
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)				
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				-
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	7.2	2015	•	Т
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	7.2 NA	2015 NA	•	•
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA		•	Т •
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA 13.5	NA	•	T • •

TANZANIA



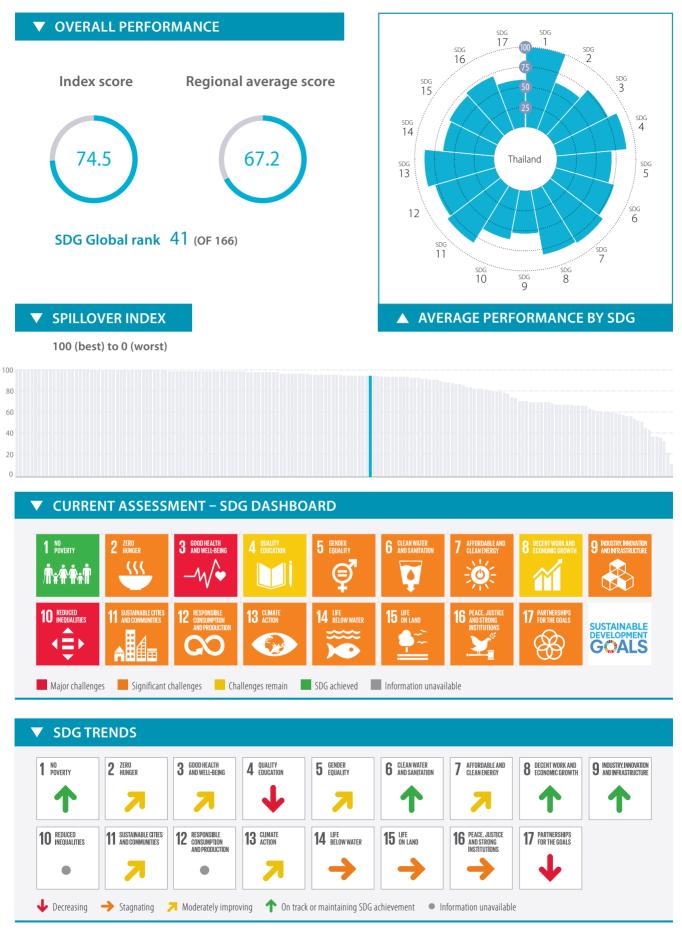
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TANZANIA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	38.6	2020	٠	→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	70.6	2020	٠	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	30.7	2017	٠	→
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	34.4	2015	•	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.5	2015	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	8.4	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.5	2017	•	4
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	٠	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	524	2017	٠	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21.3	2018	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	53.0	2018	•	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	253.0	2018	•	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	1.4	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.9	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	139	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	29.2	2016	•	7
Life expectancy at birth (years)	63.9	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	118.4	2017	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	63.7	2016	•	>
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98	2018	•	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	43.0	2017	•	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	3.6	2019	•	4
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	81.3	2018	•	4
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	29.6	2018	•	4
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	85.8	2015	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	54.0	2016	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	87.5	2018	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	90.9	2019	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	36.9	2020	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	56.7	2017	٠	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	29.9	2017	•	→
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	13.0	2000	٠	•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.4	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.6	2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	32.8	2017	٠	7
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	+
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	2017	•	1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
	-3.0	2018	•	•
		2018	•	•
Adjusted GDP growth (%)				-
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2017	•	7
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	46.8	2017 2019	•	⊼

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	Ratino	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017		1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	9.1	2018	٠	4
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.8	2016	•	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	16.4	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.5	2013	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	43.0	2011	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	29.1	2017	•	¥
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	58.8	2017	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	62.9	2019	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.3	2012	•	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	0.8	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.8	2012	٠	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010	-	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.4	2010	•	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	2017	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	2015	٠	1
CO_2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1.9	2018	٠	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	55.7	2018	٠	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	50.5	2019	٠	>
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		Ť
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		Т
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	T
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	7
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		•
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.3	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2016		1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	48.6	2015	•	•
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019		1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		7
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	28.8	2016	•	•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD , per 100,000 population)	• 0.0	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	36.3	2019	•	↓
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	4.6	2014	•	
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	13.7	2018	•	→
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	46.1	2019	٠	٠

THAILAND



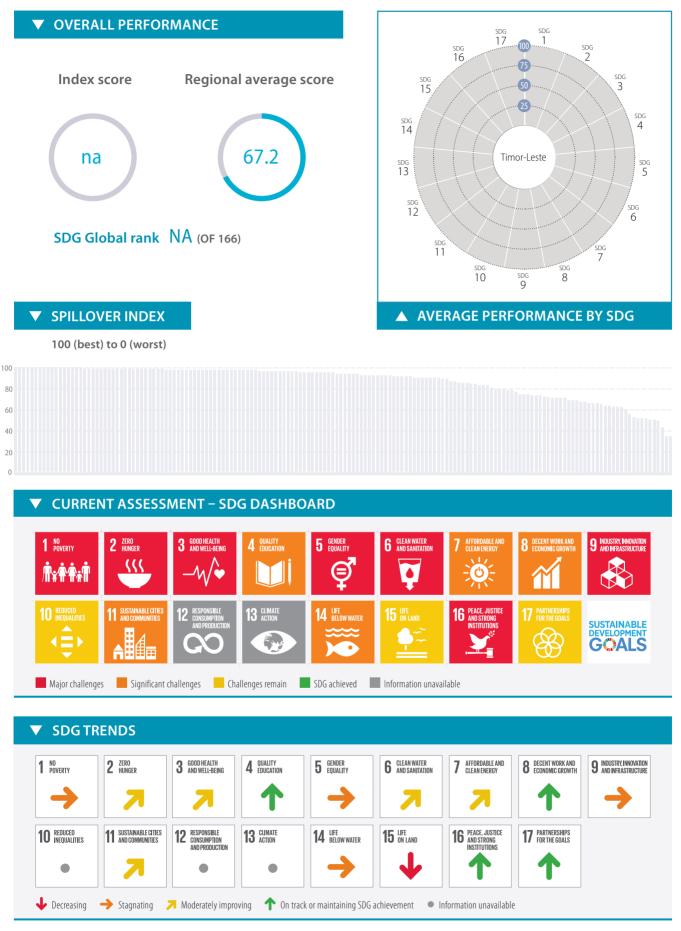
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THAILAND

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year Ra	ating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.0	2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.0	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	7.8	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.5	2016	•	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.4	2016	•	→
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	10.0	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	•	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.2	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	37	2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.0	2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.1	2018	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	153.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	14.5	2016	•	↑
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	61	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	32.7	2016	•	7
Life expectancy at birth (years)	75.5	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	44.9	2017	•	7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.1	2016	•	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96	2018	•	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	80.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.0	2019	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	98.1	2009	•	٠
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	78.4	2017	•	1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.1	2018	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	89.2	2016	•	↑
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	93.8	2018	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	78.0	2019	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	15.8	2020	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9	2017	•	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	98.8	2017	•	1
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	23.0	2005	•	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.0	2018	•	۲
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	3.9	2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Sour Antonuole una cicul Energy	100.0	2017	•	1
	744	2016	•	→
Population with access to electricity (%)	/4.4			
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017	•	Τ
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per		2017	•	Τ
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1.4		•	Т •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	1.4 0.1	2017 2018 2018	•	Т •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1.4 0.1 8.9	2018 2018	•	Т •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.4 0.1 8.9	2018	•	т • •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	1.4 0.1 8.9 81.6	2018 2018	•	Υ • • • •

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year R	ating Trenc
opulation using the internet (%)	56.8 2018	
lobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	104.7 2018	• 1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.1 2018	• ↑
ne Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	29.6 2020	• •
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2 2018	• →
(penditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.8 2016	• 1
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities		-
ini coefficient adjusted for top income	40.9 2017	• •
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	26.3 2017	• 7
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	20.3 2017	•
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	86.8 2017	• 1
atisfaction with public transport (%)	75.7 2019	• 1
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
lunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	2.1 2015	• •
ectronic waste (kg/capita)	7.4 2016	• •
roduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	28.4 2012	• •
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.3 2012	• •
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	23.8 2010	• •
itrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.8 2010	• •
DG13 – Climate Action		
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.6 2017	• →
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6 2015	• 1
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1.7 2018	•
DG14 – Life Below Water		
lean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	60.4 2018	• 1
cean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	60.2 2019	
sh caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	55.6 2014	
sh caught by trawling (%)	17.7 2014	
larine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2018	•
DG15 – Life on Land	20.0	
lean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	71.3 2018	• •
lean area that is protected in terestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	43.6 2018	• →
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8 2019	
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.2 2019	•
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		
(per million population)	1.0 2018	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
omicides (per 100,000 population)	3.2 2016	• 1
nsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	17.2 2018	• ↑
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	63.9 2019	• ↓
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.3 2019	• •
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	99.5 2018	• •
orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	36 2019	• ↓
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	8.3 2016	• •
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0 2019	• •
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	44.1 2019	• →
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.8 2013	• •
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA	• •
ther countries (oversment revenue evaluating grants (0) of (DD)	19.5 2018	• ↓
ther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		

TIMOR-LESTE



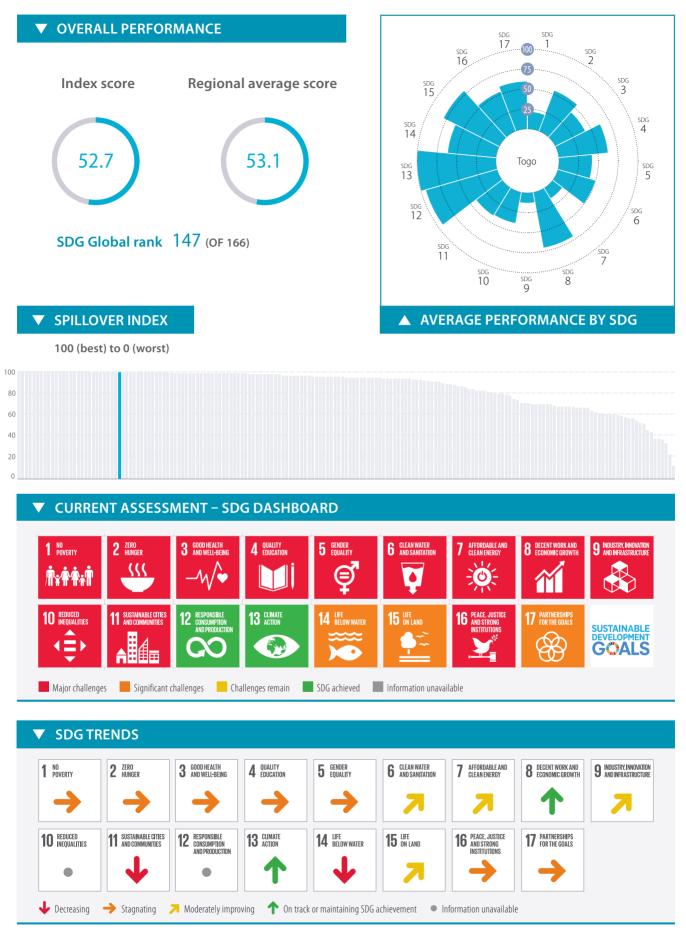
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TIMOR-LESTE

DG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	lating	g Trend
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	28.1	2020	٠	7
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	69.2	2020	٠	→
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
revalence of undernourishment (%)	24.9	2017	٠	→
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	50.2	2013	٠	⇒
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.0	2013	٠	7
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	3.8	2016	٠	1
łuman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2017	٠	1
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.5	2017	٠	1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	٠	→
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	142	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20.4	2018	٠	π
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	45.8	2018	•	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	498.0	2018	٠	-
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA		
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	19.9	2016	•	↑
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	140	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	12.7	2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	68.6	2016	•	÷
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	33.8	2017	•	1
sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	56.7	2016	•	
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	77	2018	٠	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	52.0	2017	•	7
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	
5DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	923	2018	•	7
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018		1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018		•
	00.0	2010	-	-
DGG5 – Gender Equality Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	37.4	2016	•	→
latio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	67.0	2018		-
latio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2018		1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019	-	-
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	50.5	2020	-	-
	70.2	2017		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		
'opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		-
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		
Inthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA		•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2017		Т
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	6.9	2016	٠	→
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	٠
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
DG0 - Decent Work and Economic Growth	-8.5	2018	٠	٠
vdjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	٠
	/./			
djusted GDP growth (%)	7.7 NA	NA	٠	٠
vdjusted GDP growth (%) fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) vdults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	NA	NA 2019		•

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R		Trend
opulation using the internet (%)		2017	•	7
lobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	31.6	2018	•	4
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	NA	٠	•
ne Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $_{\rm *}$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
ientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	→
penditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA		٠
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ini coefficient adjusted for top income	30.9	2014	•	٠
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	19.3	2017	•	7
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	82.7	2017	•	1
itisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	NA		•
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
lunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.4	2016	•	٠
ectronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
oduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		•	
D_2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA		•	٠
oduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	NA	NA		
itrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	2017	•	1
D ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		•	•
D ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA			
DG14 – Life Below Water				
lean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	18.8	2018	•	->
cean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2010	•	-
sh caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		1
sh caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	•
larine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
DG15 – Life on Land				
lean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.6	2018	•	→
ean area that is protected in tenestial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	•	•
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	T
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019	•	•
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	NA	NA	•	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	2.0	2015	~	-
omicides (per 100,000 population)		2015	•	
nsentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	23.8 NA	2018 NA	•	Т •
operty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA		
rth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	•	•
prruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	1
nildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016	•	
ports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million LISD				
per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019 2019	•	•
	27.7	2017	-	
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	77	2014	-	
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	7.0	2016	•	T
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	٠	•
ther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	38.4	2017	٠	1
orporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) *	0.0	2019		

TOGO



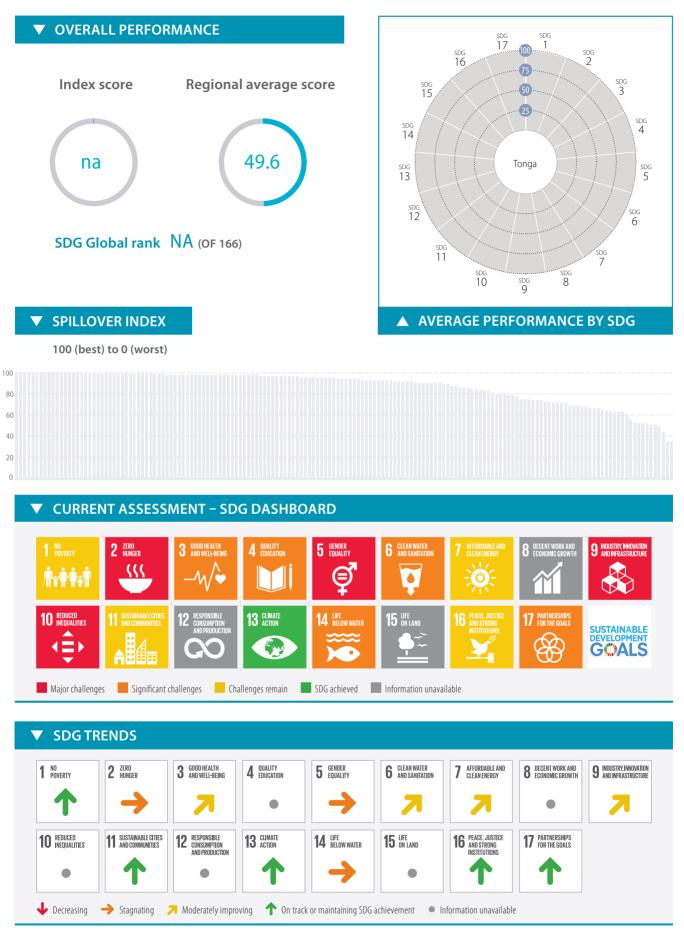
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TOGO

DG1 – No Poverty		Year R	-	
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		>
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	65.5	2020	•	→
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
revalence of undernourishment (%)		2017	•	7
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2014	•	7
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)			•	+
revalence of obesity, BMI \ge 30 (% of adult population)		2016	•	T
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	T
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		*
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	•	→
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	201	2047		
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	7
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	7
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		7
icidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		T
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0./	2018	•	Т
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.6	2016	•	→
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016		٠
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		→
fe expectancy at birth (years)	60.6	2016	•	→
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	→
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2014	•	•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		→
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	7
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.2	2019	•	7
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)		2018	•	→
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•	7
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	84.3	2015	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	37.4	2014	•	→
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	50.0	2018	•	↓
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	95.6	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	18.7	2020	•	→
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	65.1	2017	٠	→
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	16.1	2017	•	→
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	2.6	2000	٠	٠
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.4	2013	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	48.0	2017	٠	→
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	6.7	2016	•	→
O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	8.9	2017	•	↑
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)	-4.6	2018	•	٠
	6.8	2018	•	٠
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)				
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	45.3	2017	•	Т
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2017 2019	•	Т 个

CDC0 Induction Incorption and Informations				
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F	-	Irend
Population using the internet (%)		2017		7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	32.0	2018	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018	•	7
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 . universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3	2014	٠	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	48.9	2015	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	35.7	2017	•	¥
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	44 7	2017	•	T
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017		÷
	JZ.T	2017	-	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.0	2014		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2014 2016		
		2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.0	2010	-	
	0.2	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)			-	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2017	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water			-	-
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	→
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA		
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		٠	٠
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	>
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.7	2018	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	* 9.0	2015	٠	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	64.6	2018	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	50.6	2019	•	↓
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	78.1	2018	٠	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	29	2019	٠	↓
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	27.9	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million LISD				
per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	29.7	2019	٠	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.4	2016	•	7
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	NA	•	•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	20.2	2010	-	
	20.3	2018	-	-
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* ^ ^	2019	~	~

TONGA



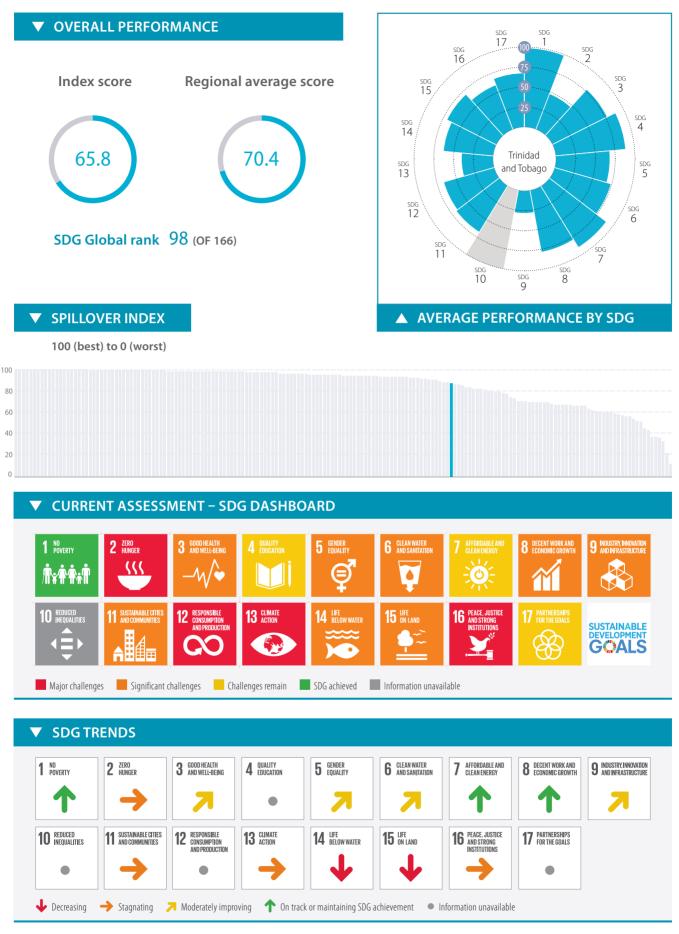
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R		Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		Ť
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	4.2	2020	•	Τ
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA		•
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2012		7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2012		T
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016	•	+
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA		•	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA	NA	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0	2015	•	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	T
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	Ť
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	T
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		Т
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	•	•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.3	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	73	2016	•	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		↓
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016		→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	٠	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2012	•	•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	81	2018	•	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	58.0	2017	٠	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	85.9	2015	٠	٠
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	78.7	2004	٠	٠
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.4	2018	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	47.9	2012	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.9	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	61.0	2019	•	⇒
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	7.4	2020	٠	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9	2017	٠	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	93.4	2017	•	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.3	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	98.0	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	59.2	2016	•	→
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-3.7	2018	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA		٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA		•
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	1.1	2019	•	1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA		
	14/1			-

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Val	ue	Year F	₹ating	Trend
opulation using the internet (%)	41	.2	2017	٠	7
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	65	.1	2018	•	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	N	IA	NA	•	•
he Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0	.0	2020	•	•
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0	.0	2018	٠	→
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	N	IA	NA	٠	٠
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
ini coefficient adjusted for top income	40	.1	2015	•	•
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
Innual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than					
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	10	.8	2017	•	Ť
access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99	.0	2017	•	1
atisfaction with public transport (%)		IA	NA		
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production					
Aunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1	g	2012		•
lectronic waste (kg/capita)			2012		•
roduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		IA.			
O_2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		IA			•
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		IA			•
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			NA		•
DG13 – Climate Action					
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	1	5	2017		1
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)			NA		
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (ICO ₂ /Capita)			2018		•
DG14 – Life Below Water	0	.0	2010		
	F	0	2018	•	~
Alean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Rean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0, 100 best)					~
Deean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)			2019		T
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		.8 IA	2014 NA		•
ish caught by trawling (%) Arring biodiversity threats embedied in imports (ner million population)		IA	NA		•
Arine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	IN	174	INA	-	-
DG15 – Life on Land	-	2	2010	~	•
Alean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)			2018	•	->
Alean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		IA 7	NA		
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)			2019	•	+
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	N	IA	NA		
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	N	IA	NA	٠	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	1	.0	2012	٠	٠
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	7	.4	2015	٠	٠
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	N	IA	NA	•	•
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	N	IA	NA		٠
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	93	.4	2018	•	٠
orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	N	IA	NA	٠	٠
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	N	IA	NA	٠	٠
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0	.0	2019	•	•
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	25	.4	2019	٠	1
Tess Treedom maex (best 0=100 Worst)					
		.3	2004	•	
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	6	-			
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)				_	_
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		IA	NA	٠	٠
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals iovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	N		NA 2017		•

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO



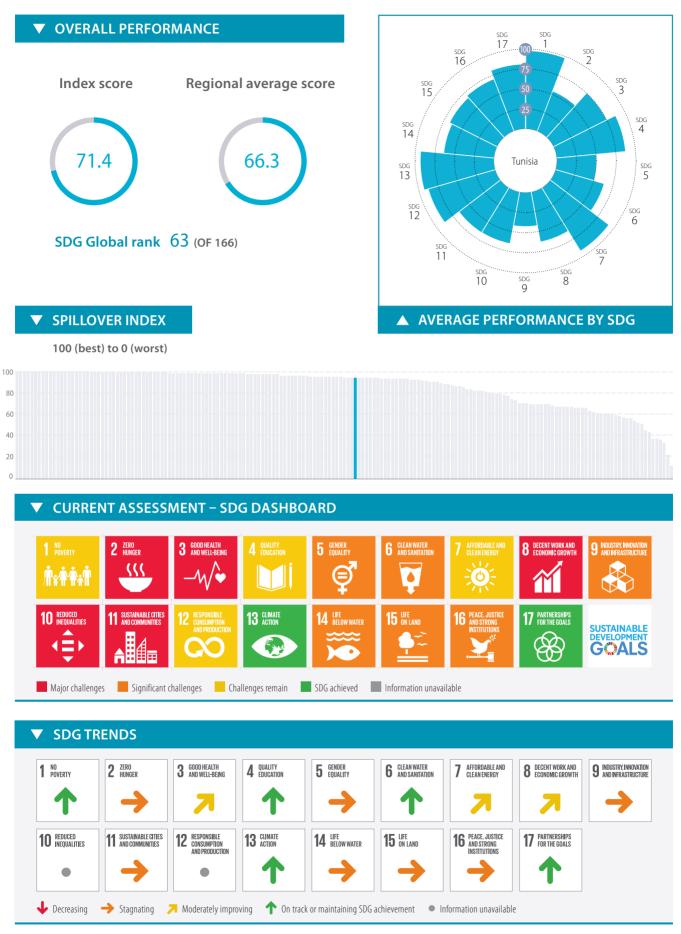
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TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	lating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.3	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	1.3	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	5.5	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.0	2011	•	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.3	2011	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	18.6	2016	٠	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	⇒
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.4	2017	٠	→
Gustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.3	2015	٠	1
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	67	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.7	2018	٠	1
fortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	18.3	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	21.0	2018	•	→
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA		٠
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	21.3	2016	•	ѫ
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	39	2016	•	•
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	12.1	2016	•	$\mathbf{\uparrow}$
fe expectancy at birth (years)	71.8	2016	٠	→
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	30.1	2017	•	1
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2015	٠	1
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90	2018	٠	1
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	74.0	2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.2	2017	٠	۲
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	95.3	2010	•	٠
ower secondary completion rate (%)	80.9	2010	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.6	2010	٠	٠
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	58.2	2011	•	→
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	101.8	2018	•	1
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	70.9	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	31.0	2020	•	$\mathbf{\Phi}$
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.2	2017	٠	1
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	93.4	2017	•	→
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	20.3	2010	٠	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.2	2018	٠	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	13.7	2013	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016		1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2017		1
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)	_5.0	2018		
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
Include of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Indults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	5.0	2010		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	80.8	2017	٠	٠
Inemployment rate (% of total labor force)	27	2019	•	•
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2019		*
and the related decidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.0	2010	-	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			Year R		Trend
Population using the internet (%)			2017	•	Т
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		40.7	2018	•	~
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-rela infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)			2018	٠	٠
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score universities (worst 0–100 best)	e of top 3 *	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		0.2	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		0.1	2016	٠	→
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		NA	NA		
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than		24.1	2017	•	→
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)					
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population	n)	NA	NA	•	•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		56.2	2017	•	
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Product	tion				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)			2010		٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		15.8	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)			2012		٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2012		٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)			2010		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		6.7	2010	•	
SDG13 – Climate Action					
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		30.4	2017	٠	7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		1.3	2015	•	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	17	7806.5	2015	٠	
SDG14 – Life Below Water					_
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodive	ersity (%)	23.7	2018	٠	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		62.3	2019	٠	↓
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total c	atch)		2014		4
Fish caught by trawling (%)		23.0	2014	٠	↓
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million pop	ulation)	0.1	2018	٠	
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiv	versity (%)	40.7	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiv		NA	NA	٠	٠
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		0.8	2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		0.1	2018	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in impo (per million population)	orts	0.6	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		30.9	2015	•	•
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)			2013	•	T
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night i city or area where they live (%)	in the		2017	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		4.3	2019	•	•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5	5)		2019		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	,		2019	•	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)			2016	•	•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million U	ISD *		2019		•
per 100,000 population)					
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		24.7	2019	•	T
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)		5.1	2003	•	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International con		NA	NA	•	•
public finance, including official development assistance (% o		NA			
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of G Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	3DP) *		NA	-	
COLOCATE LAX HAVEN SCORE (DEST U= LUU WORST)	*	0.0	2019	-	

TUNISIA



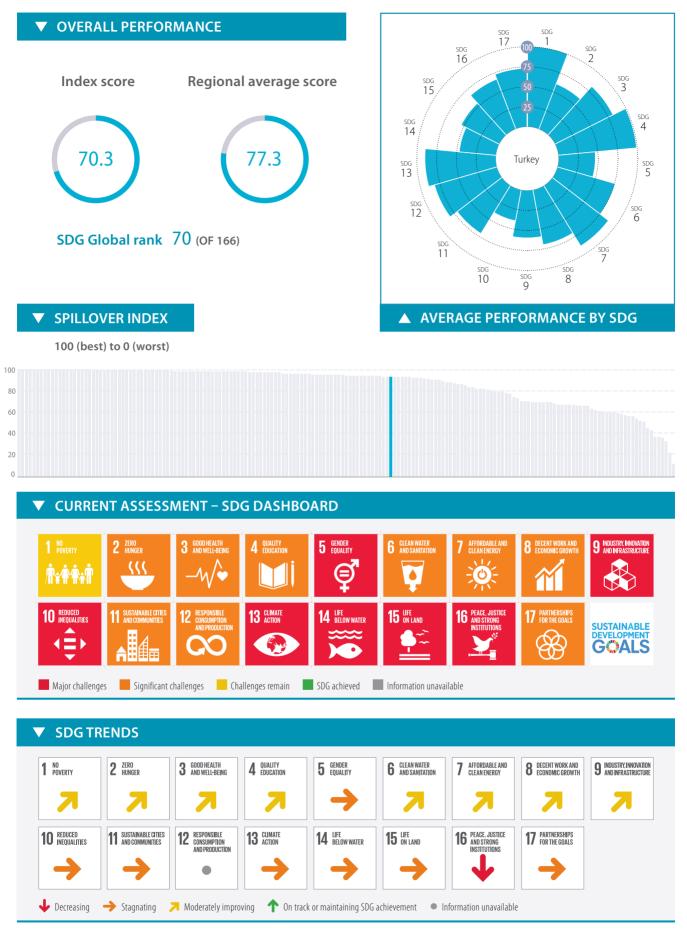
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TUNISIA

DG1 – No Poverty		alue Year Rating Tre				
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	•	T		
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	2.2	2020	•	1		
DG2 – Zero Hunger						
revalence of undernourishment (%)	4.3	2017	٠	1		
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.1	2012	•	7		
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2012		T		
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016	•	+		
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	÷		
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	*		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0	2015	•	4		
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being						
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	T		
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	Ť		
Iortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		7		
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	•	Т		
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.1	2016	•	1		
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	56	2016	•	•		
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	22.8	2016	٠	7		
ife expectancy at birth (years)	76.0	2016	٠	7		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	7.8	2017	٠	1		
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	73.6	2012	٠	•		
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96	2018	•	1		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	70.0	2017	•	7		
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.3	2019	•	ł		
DG4 – Quality Education						
et primary enrollment rate (%)		2013	٠	•		
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•	Τ		
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	96.2	2014	•			
DG5 – Gender Equality						
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	73.2	2012	•	1		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	81.0	2018	•	→		
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	34.3	2019	٠	↓		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	24.9	2020	•	↓		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation						
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	96.3	2017	٠	1		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	90.9	2017	•	1		
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	121.1	2015	٠	٠		
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	43.0	2018	•	٠		
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	10.1	2013	٠	1		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy						
Der Anordabie and clean Energy	100.0	2017	٠	1		
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2010	•	1		
	99.1	2016				
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2016	•	→		
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per			•	→		
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1.4			→		
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%)	-3.2	2017	•	→ •		
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1.4 -3.2 2.2	2017 2018 2018	•	→ •		
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.4 -3.2 2.2	2017 2018	•	→ • • 7		
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	1.4 -3.2 2.2 36.9	2017 2018 2018	•	→ • • ⊼		

SDC0 Inducting Incounting and Information			v -		.
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			Year R		irend
Population using the internet (%)			2018		T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		/6.1	2018	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2.1	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)		16.4	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		0.5	2018	٠	7
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		0.6	2016	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					-
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		40.0	2015	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)		37.7	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		99.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)			2017		4
		.2.0			
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		0.0	2014		•
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)			2014		-
Electronic waste (kg/capita)			2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)			2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)			2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2.3	2010	•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action					
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)			2017		1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		0.5	2015	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		0.0	2017	٠	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water					
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		31.1	2018	•	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		49.1	2019	٠	→
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)			2014		1
Fish caught by trawling (%)			2014		↓
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)			2018		•
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%))	40.2	2018		-
Mean area that is protected in tenestrial sites important to biodiversity (%), Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)			2018		-
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)			2018		•
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)			2019		
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports					
(per million population)		0.3	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		3.0	2012	٠	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		50.9	2018	٠	→
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		57.9	2019	•	↓
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		4.3	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		99.9	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		43	2019	•	7
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2.1	2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	*				
per 100,000 population)	r.		2019		
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		29.0	2019	•	T
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)		10.6	2015	٠	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		NA	NA		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)					
		21.4			
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	*		2012 2019	•	•

TURKEY



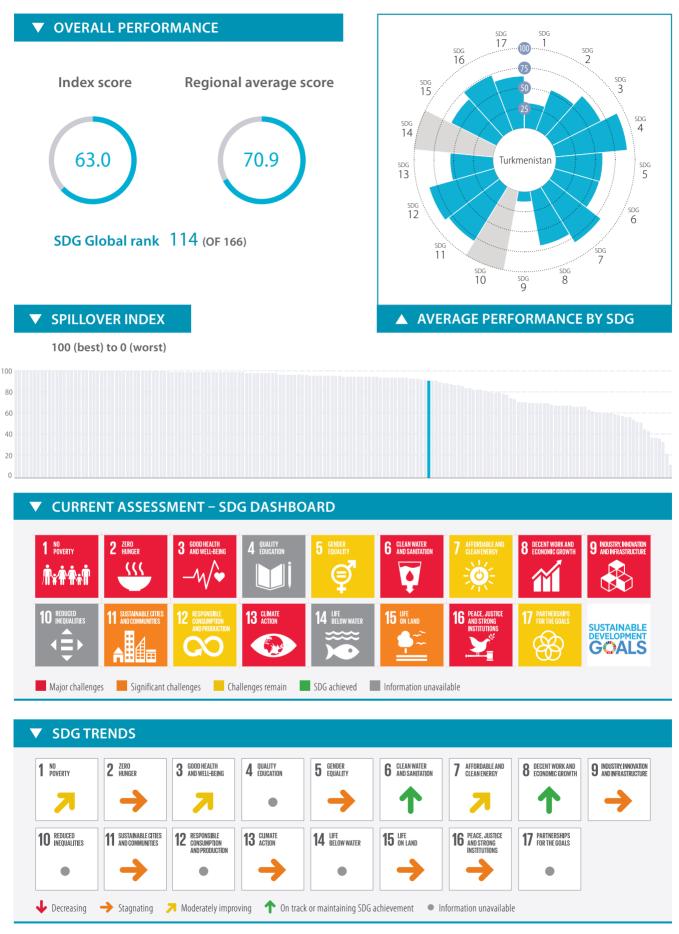
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

TURKEY

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R	-	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020 2020		1 1
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020		÷
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017		1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2013	•	Ť
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.7	2013	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	32.1	2016	٠	ł
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)			-	Ť
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.6 NA	2015 NA	-	→ ●
	11/1	11/1	-	-
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	17	2017		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017 2018		↑ ↑
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)			•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA			٠
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.1	2016		1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.1	2010	-	
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	47	2016	•	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	123	2016	•	÷
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2010		Ť
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	Ť
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.4	2014	•	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	2018	٠	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2018		4
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2016	•	
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017	-	T
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	20.5	2016	•	7
SDG4 – Quality Education	*	2017		
Net printary enrollment rate (70)		2017	•	T
	99.0	2017 2017		1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017	-	Ŧ
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		Ť
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	462.7		•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	11.0	2018	•	¥
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	25.2	2018	٠	1
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	48.2	2018	٠	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	597	2013	•	4
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		3
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019 2020		Ξ
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2015		•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	20710	2010	_	-
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	08.0	2017	•	•
Population using at least basic containing water services (%)		2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	13.2	2013	٠	1
Population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		٠	٠
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	65.2	2017	٠	>
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	NA	NA	•	٠
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	1.3	2017	•	->
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		2018		•
share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	10.1	2010	-	
CDC0 Descent Work and Fast sets Countly	1.5	2010		
	-15	2018	-	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)			-	-
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	6.5			
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	6.5	2018	•	1
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	6.5 68.6		•	↑ ↑
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	6.5 68.6 0.2	2017	•	↑ ↑ →

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F		Trend
opulation using the internet (%)		2018		Ť
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	/4.2	2018	-	Т
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2	2018	٠	1
he Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3	39.4	2020		•
universities (worst 0–100 best)				
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		+
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		2
esearchers (per 1,000 employed population) Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017 2017		⊼ →
ap in internet access by income (percentage points)		NA		-
Vomen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science				
and engineering)	30.7	2015	•	•
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ini coefficient adjusted for top income	49.0	2016	٠	1
alma ratio	1.9	2015	•	÷
lderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	17.0	2015	٠	1
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	44.2	2017		
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	44.3	2017	•	*
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98.6	2017	٠	1
atisfaction with public transport (%)		2018		4
opulation with rent overburden (%)	NA	NA		•
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
lectronic waste (kg/capita)	7.9	2016	٠	٠
roduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		٠
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Ion-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0	2018	-	•
DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO_2 emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		+
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		T
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2018		•
ffective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)	8.1	2016	•	•
DG14 – Life Below Water				
Alean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		>
Deean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		+
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		+
ish caught by trawling (%) 1arine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014 2018		7
	0.0	2010	•	•
DG15 – Life on Land))) F	2010		
Alean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		~
Alean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		3
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019 2018		~
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	0.7	2018	•	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	4.3	2012	•	
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018		1
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the		2018		1
city or area where they live (%)				*
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		•
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		•
orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		4
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	5.9	2016	•	
mosts of major conventional surgers (TN/	0.3	2019	٠	
		2010	•	Ť
per 100,000 population)	57 R	///14	-	J.
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	52.8 322.0		•	
per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)		2019	•	
per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) EDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	322.0	2017		٠ ا.
per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	322.0 * 7.0	2017 2015		¥
per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	322.0	2017 2015		•
per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	322.0 * 7.0 NA	2017 2015	•	↓ • ↑
per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals iovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	322.0 * 7.0 NA 30.7	2017 2015 NA	•	↓ • ↑
per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals iovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) bther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	322.0 * 7.0 NA 30.7 * 0.0	2017 2015 NA 2018	•	↓ • ↑ •

TURKMENISTAN



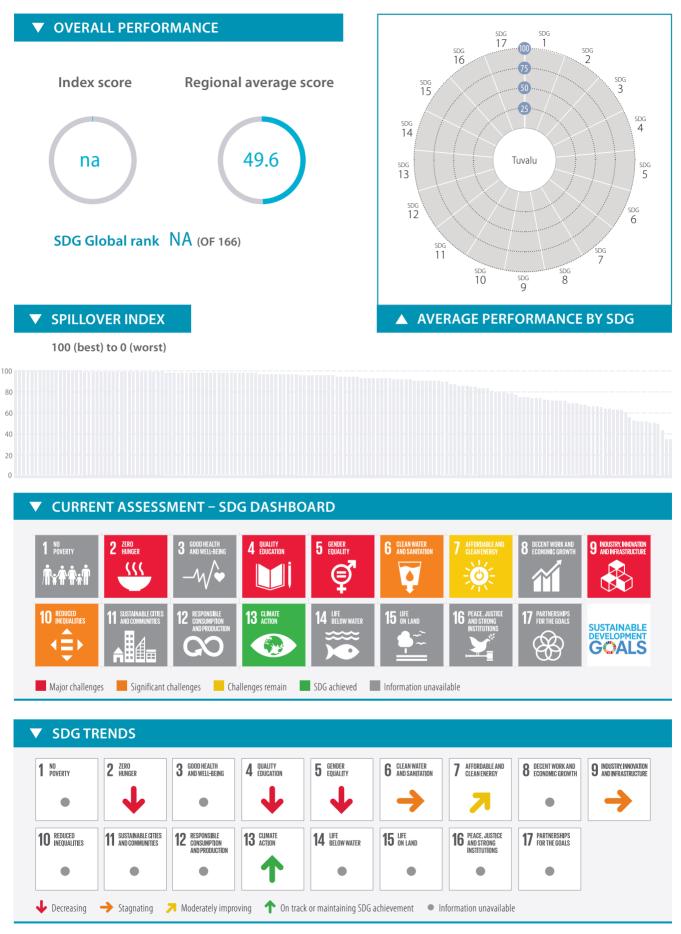
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TURKMENISTAN

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	26.6	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	54.1	2020	٠	7
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	5.4	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.5	2015	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.2	2015	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	18.6	2016	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.1	2017	٠	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7	2015	٠	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21.0	2018	٠	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	45.8	2018	•	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	46.0	2018	٠	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA		
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	29.5	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	79	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	14.5	2016	٠	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)	68.2	2016	٠	->
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	24.4	2017	٠	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99	2018	٠	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	$\mathbf{\uparrow}$
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.5	2019	•	÷
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2014	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	75.6	2016	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA		
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	-	4
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		Ť
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	20.0	2020	-	•
	00.0	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		T
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)				
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2018		•
	13.2	2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100 -	2017		
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017		T
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	99.3	2016	•	Т
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.3	2017	•	7
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
	1.1	2018	٠	٠
	11.2	2018	•	٠
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	11.Z			
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2017	•	٠
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	40.6	2017 2019		•

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	Ratino	, Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017		7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	15.3	2017	٠	7
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	2018	•	7
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 , universities (worst 0–100 best)	• 0.0	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA		•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	147 (-	
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	NA		
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	14/3	1 1/ 1	•	-
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)		2017		→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		*
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	71.0	2019	•	4
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2013	٠	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	8.2	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	30.1	2010	٠	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.4	2010	•	
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	14.6	2017	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0	2015	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	14.4	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	13.1	2018	٠	→
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0	2019	٠	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.2	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.2	2006	•	
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	14.0	2012	٠	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019		1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	٠	->
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD		2019		
per 100,000 population)	0.0			
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	85.4	2019	٠	♦
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	4.3	2012	٠	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	NA	•	
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			-	-
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	• 00	2019		

TUVALU



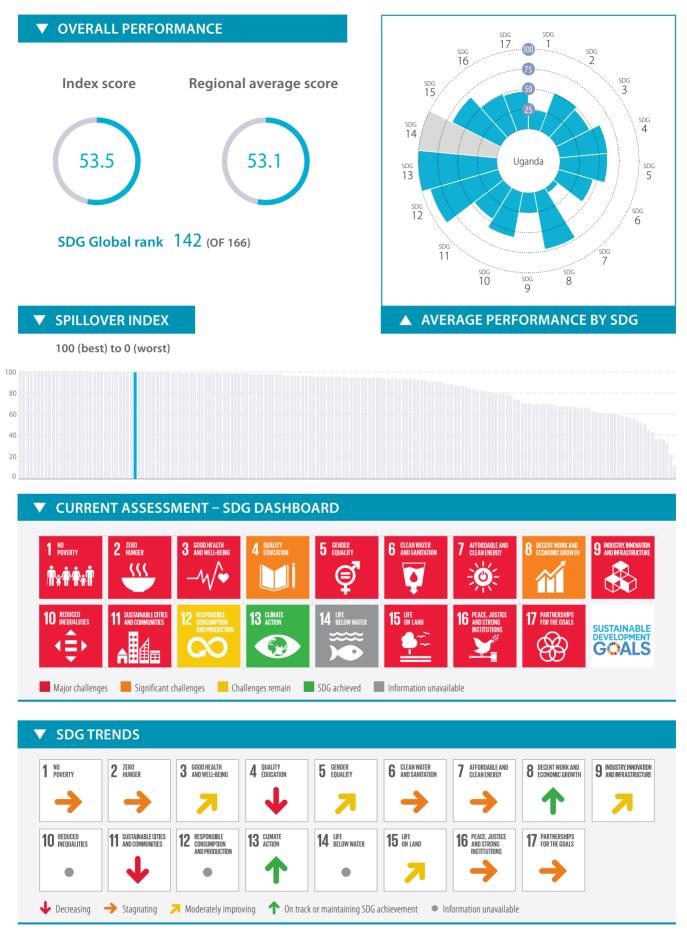
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	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.0	2007	•	
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.3	2007	٠	
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	51.6	2016	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA	NA		
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA	NA		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.3	2015	٠	1
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	NA		
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.7	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	24.4	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	270.0	2018	٠	÷
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	•	
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				-
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	NA	NA	•	•
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	٠	
ife expectancy at birth (years)	NA	NA	٠	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	NA	NA		•
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	93.1	2007	٠	٠
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	88	2018	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA		•
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	•	•
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	76.2	2016	•	Ŧ
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2016	•	
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	•	•
DG5 – Gender Equality				
lemand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	41.0	2007	•	•
tatio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA		
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	NA			
• • •		2020	•	4
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	0.0	2020	-	•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	00.2	2017		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		1
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	84.1	2017		↑ ↓
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	84.1 NA	2017 NA	•	↑ ↓ ●
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) unthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	84.1 NA 0.1	2017 NA 2018	•	↑ ↓ •
DGG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) onthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	84.1 NA	2017 NA	•	↑ ↓ • •
DG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) unthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) cDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy	84.1 NA 0.1 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA	•	↑ ↓ • •
DG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) DG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%)	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017	•	↑ ↓ • •
DG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) DG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0	2017 NA 2018 NA	•	↑ ↓ • • •
DG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) DG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2017	• • •	↑ • • • •
DG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) DG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0 50.4	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2017	• • •	1 7
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) inthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0 50.4 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2017	• • •	↑ ⊼
eats held by women in national parliament (%) SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) inthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth idjusted GDP growth (%) fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0 50.4 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2016 NA 2018	• • •	↑ ⊼
DGG – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) unthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%)	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0 50.4 NA -3.7 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2016 NA 2018 NA	• • •	1 7
DG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) DG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) DG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0 50.4 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2016 NA 2018 NA	• • •	1 7
DG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) inthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) iDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) iDG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	84.1 NA 0.1 NA 100.0 50.4 NA -3.7 NA	2017 NA 2018 NA 2017 2016 NA 2016 NA	• • •	1 7

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructu			Year R	-	Trend
Population using the internet (%)			2017	•	T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		0.0	2017	•	→
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport- infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		NA	NA	•	٠
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average s universities (worst 0–100 best)		0.0	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 populatio	n)	0.1	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		NA	NA	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	3	9.4	2010	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communitie	5				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less that 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	IN	NA	NA	•	٠
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban popula	ation) 9	9.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Prod	uction				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		1.6	2016	٠	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		1.2	2016	•	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		NA	NA	٠	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action					
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		1.2	2017	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		NA	NA	٠	٠
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	*	0.0	2017	٠	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water					
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to bio	diversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2.4	2019	•	→
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of to	tal catch)	3.8	2014	٠	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)		NA	NA	٠	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million	population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to bi	iodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to bi	2	NA	NA	٠	٠
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		0.8	2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in i (per million population)	mports	NA	NA	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutio	ns				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		8.6	2012	•	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		0.0	2015	٠	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at nic city or area where they live (%)	aht in the	NA		•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under a	ige 5) 4	9.9	2018	٠	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		NA	NA	٠	٠
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to	14)	NA	NA	٠	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant millic per 100,000 population)	on USD 🛛 🔭	0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)		NA	NA	•	
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International public finance, including official development assistance (concessional	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (%		NA	NA		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)			2019	•	٠
			-		

UGANDA



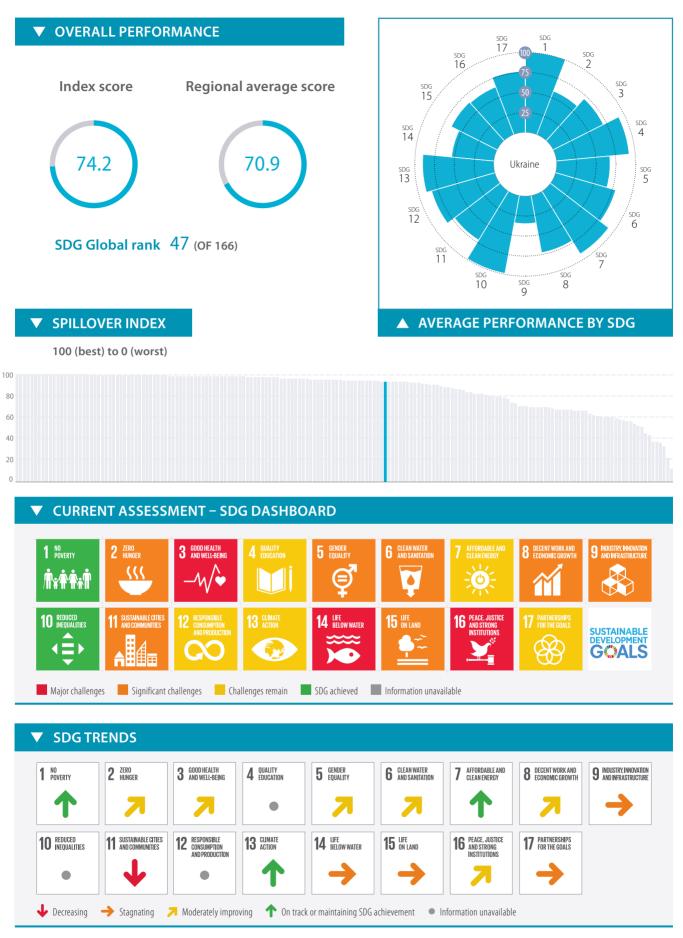
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year Ra	-	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	37.0	2020	•	→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	64.3	2020	•	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	41.0	2017	•	↓
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	28.9	2016	•	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.6	2016	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	5.3	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2017	•	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.1	2017	•	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	375	2017	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	19.9	2018	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	46.4	2018	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	200.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	1.4	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	21.9	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	156	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	29.0	2016	•	↓
Life expectancy at birth (years)	62.5	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	118.8	2017	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	74.2	2016	•	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	86	2018	•	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	45.0	2017	•	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.3	2018	•	→
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	95.5	2013	•	•
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	26.4	2017	•	↓
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	89.4	2018	•	٠
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	53.5	2018	•	↑
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	64.9	2018	•	↓
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	89.7	2019	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	34.9	2020	•	↓
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	49.1	2017	•	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		→
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	•	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	22.0	2017	•	→
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		J.
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
	F (2010		
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018		
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	7.6	2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	59.2	2017	•	1
	1.8	2019	•	1
			•	•
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2019 2010	•	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	Rating	g Trend
Population using the internet (%)	23.7	2017	٠	7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	33.6	2018	٠	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	2018	•	٠
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	31.8	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018 2014		→●
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	0.2		-	
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	42.7	2016	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	72.7	2010	-	•
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	50.5	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	533	2017	•	Ŧ
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017		L.
	10.2	2010		•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	10	2011		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2011		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.5	2010	-	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	2017		
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		
		2013		
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2010	-	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	NIA	NIA		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		•	•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		•	•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	T
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		Т
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.6	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.2	2018	•	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	11.0	2017	٠	→
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	51.2	2018	٠	7
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.3	2018	•	↓
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.1	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	32.2	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	28	2019	٠	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	16.3	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	39.4	2019	•	4
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				_
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	3.6	2016	•	→
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	15.0	2018	•	→
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019	٠	٠

UKRAINE



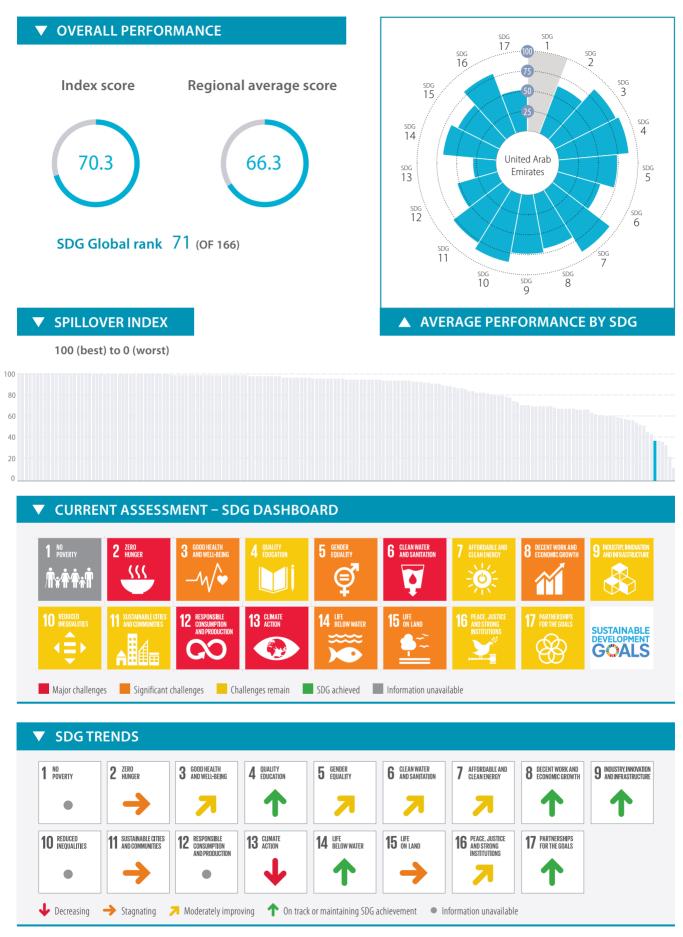
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UKRAINE

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.1	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.2	2020	٠	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	3.5	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	22.9	2000	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.2	2000	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	24.1	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	⇒
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.3	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.4	2015	٠	1
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	19	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.2	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	8.7	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	80.0	2018	•	7
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.3	2018	٠	7
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	24.7	2016	•	↑
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	71	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	13.7	2016	٠	4
ife expectancy at birth (years)	72.5	2016	٠	7
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	23.7	2017	•	Ť
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2014	•	•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	•	Ť
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	T
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4./	2019	•	1
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)		2014	•	٠
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2014	•	•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	100.0	2012	•	•
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	68.0	2012	•	7
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.0	2018	٠	1
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	74.2	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	20.8	2020	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	93.8	2017	•	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	96.2	2017	٠	1
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	12.8	2015	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	14.1	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	6.2	2013	•	1
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	95.7	2016	•	↑
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2	2017	•	1
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-1.3	2018	٠	٠
	6.4	2018	•	٠
		2017		•
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	62.9	2017		
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2017	•	• •

SDC0 Inductive Innovation and Infrastructure	Mala	V		T
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)		2018		j irena
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018		*
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018		Ŧ
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	19.3	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	•	7
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.4	2017	٠	↓
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				_
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	28.0	2016	٠	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μq/m ³)	20.3	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	81.5	2017	•	Ŧ
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	•	Ĵ.
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				•
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.4	2016	•	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.9	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	23.5	2010	•	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.6	2010	٠	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.9	2017	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	2015	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	24.7	2018	٠	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	47.9	2018	•	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	58.9	2019	٠	\mathbf{V}
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	21.5	2014	٠	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)	90.0	2014	٠	1
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	23.8	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	17.5	2018	٠	→
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	٠	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.3	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.2	2017	٠	→
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	33.8	2018	•	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.6	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	2.4	2016	•	•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	32.5	2019	•	7
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	7.9	2016	•	4
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	32.1	2018	٠	1
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0.0	2019	•	٠

UNITED ARAB EMIRATES



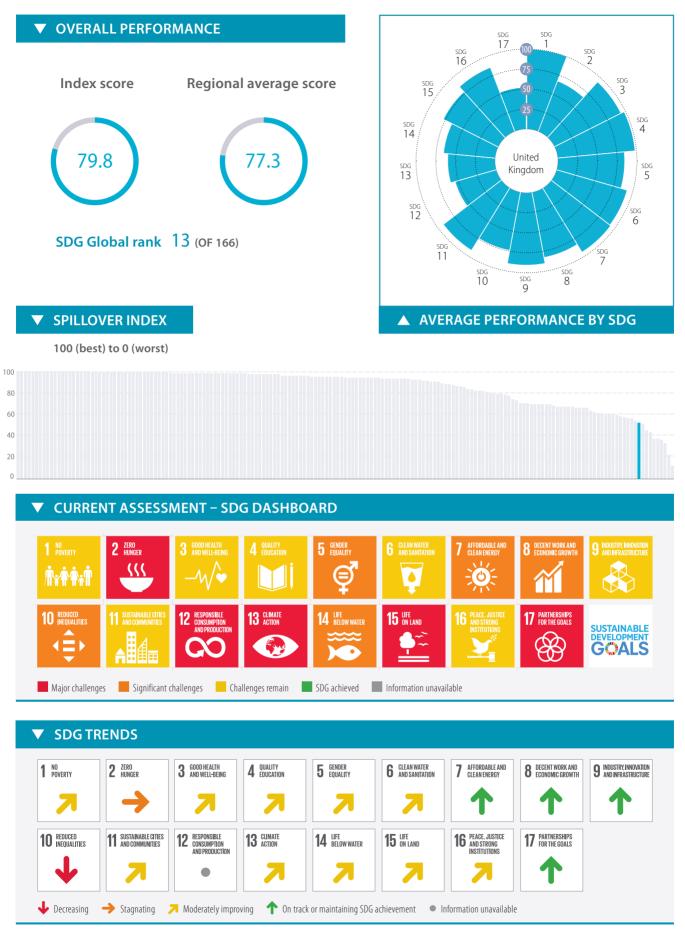
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UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	lating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	* NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	* NA	NA	٠	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.6	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 2.6	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 0.7	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	31.7	2016	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	23.6	2017	٠	Ť
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.2	2015	•	+
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				-
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	3	2017	•	•
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		*
Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		*
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		1
	NA			
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	INA	NA		
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.8	2016	•	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	55	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	18.1	2016	٠	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	77.2	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	6.5	2017	٠	1
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	2015	٠	1
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	76.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.7	2019	٠	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Vet primary enrollment rate (%)	95.0	2017	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	81.7	2014	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.4	2015	•	
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	* 60.9	2017	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	122/	2018		•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2018		
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		7
	30.0	2020	-	Τ
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			-	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		T
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	•	Ť
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	1866.7		•	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	76.8	2018	•	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	91.4	2013	٠	→
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	98.5	2016	•	1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6	2017	•	→
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
	. ^ 0	2019		
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	-	
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	* NA	NA		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017		1
	2.3	2019	٠	1
Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)				

-	5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Vor- P)_+;	Trond
			Year R		
	² opulation using the internet (%) Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	98.5 250.0	2018		
	ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	∠00.0	2010		1
	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	٠	1
	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	40.3	2020	•	٠
0	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.3	2018	٠	7
E	xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.3	2018	•	1
	5DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
(Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	* 32.5	2017	•	٠
-	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
/	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	40.9	2017	•	↓
/	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
0	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	81.3	2019	٠	1
-	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.8	2016	•	٠
	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	13.6	2016	٠	٠
F	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	43.4	2012	•	٠
	50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	25.2	2012	٠	٠
F	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	41.4	2010	٠	٠
١	Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	22.5	2010	٠	٠
-	SDG13 – Climate Action				
E	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	23.5	2017	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.3	2015	٠	->
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	6281.1	2018	٠	•
-	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	49.7	2018	•	1
	Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
	ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		1
	ish caught by trawling (%)	* 0.0	2014	٠	1
	Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.0	2018	٠	٠
-	SDG15 – Life on Land				
1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.9	2018	•	1
	Vean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	٠	
	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	$\mathbf{+}$
	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA	NA	٠	٠
	ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	4.6	2018	•	•
•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.5	2017	•	1
	Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2015	•	•
	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019	•	•
F	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.7	2019	•	٠
	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0		٠	٠
	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	٠	1
	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA		
	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.1	2019	•	•
F	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	43.6	2019	•	Ŧ
_	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			-	
	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			4	
ſ	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		2017	•	1
	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	٠
	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)				

UNITED KINGDOM



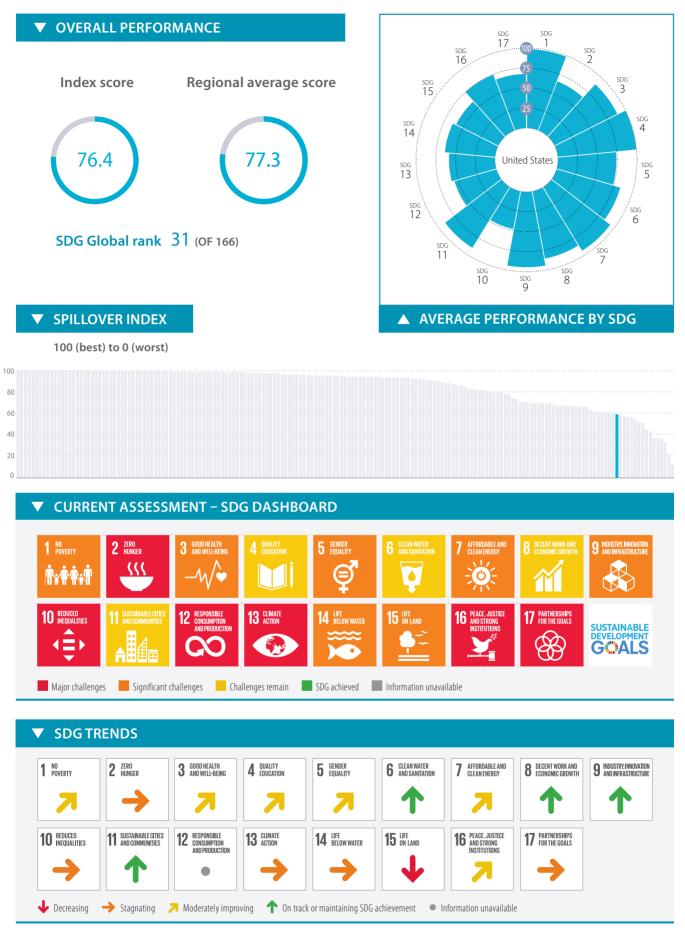
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UNITED KINGDOM

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020 2020		T
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020		Ť
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	11.2	2017	_	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017	•	1
		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
		2016		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	27.8	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	->
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	7.2	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	٠	4
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	67.8	2015	•	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7	2017		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.6	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.3	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	8.0	2018	٠	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA		٠
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.9	2016	•	1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.9	2010		
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	14	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016 2016		↑ ↑
Life expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2016		1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA			
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2016		•
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		→
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	17.2	2017		1
SDG4 – Quality Education				-
	* 02/	2017		1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA			
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017		1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		÷
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		÷
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	37.0	2018	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				-
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods				
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	* 93.0	2017	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	99.2	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		Ť.
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2018	٠	-
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	108.6	2015	•	٠
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017		
Population using at least basic containing water services (%)		2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		7
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2013		1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
		=017	-	
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0	2017		
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017		T
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	Т
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.1	2017	•	1
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	115	2018		1
		2010	-	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2011		6
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.1	2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	96.4	2017	٠	1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2010		
Fatal Work-related accidents embodied in imports ther tribulou population	1.0		-	L.
		2010		- The second
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2019	•	Т

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018		T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	98.5	2018	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)		2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		T
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		T
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		T
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017	•	T
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	36.5	2008	•	
Nomen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	35.3	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	27.0	2015		
Sini coefficient adjusted for top income		2015		*
Palma ratio		2017		7
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	15.3	2017	•	+
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	10.5	2017	•	1
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)				
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		+
Population with rent overburden (%)	10.4	2017	•	T
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	24.9	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	53.9	2012	•	٠
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	17.0	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	38.0	2010	•	٠
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	16.2	2010	٠	٠
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7	2018	٠	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	55	2017		•
202 emissions embodied in imports (tCO2/capita)		2017		÷
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (teo)/ cupita)		2019		
Effective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)		2015		•
	14.0	2010	-	-
5DG14 – Life Below Water		2010		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		7
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		
ish caught by trawling (%)		2014	•	+
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.2	2018	•	•
5DG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	84.3	2018	٠	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	88.1	2018	٠	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2019	٠	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	٠
Ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	3 2	2018		
(per million population)	5.2	2010		-
5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.2	2017	٠	1
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	8.8	2018	٠	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	74.5	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.5	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0		•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2010	•	1
Enildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2019		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD				-
per 100,000 population)	1.6	2019	•	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22.2	2019	٠	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	141.3		•	->
5DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	12.2	2016	-	
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	13.3	2016	•	Т
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.7	2017	٠	1
Dublic Infance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Dther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)				
	12.Ŏ	2016	-	

UNITED STATES



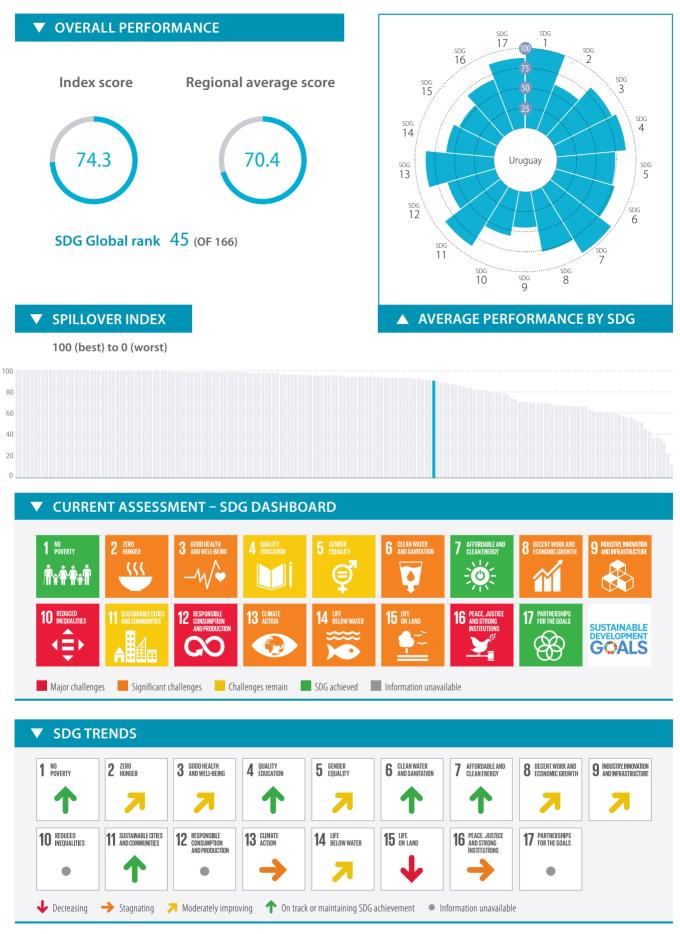
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UNITED STATES

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020 2020		↑ ↑
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020		4
· · ·	17.0	2017	-	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017		1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2012		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		÷
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5	2017	٠	Ý
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	8.3	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.3	2015	٠	+
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	77.6	2015	٠	٠
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	19	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3.5	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	6.5	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.0	2018	٠	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2016	۲	۲
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	14.6	2016	•	1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)				
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	13	2016	٠	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	12.4	2016	•	Ψ
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	÷
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) 19.9	2017	٠	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2015	٠	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) 92.0	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) 84.0	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		1
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2010		•
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		>
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	10.5	2017	•	Τ
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	* 100.0	2017	٠	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	* 100.0		٠	1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA			٠
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2016		•
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		Ť
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)		2018		T
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018 2018		+
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds) Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		T
	50.0	2010	•	<u> </u>
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	77.2	2015	٠	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.7	2018		•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2010		*
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		7
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2018		4
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	96.0	2018	•	
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99 R	2017	•	
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010		•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
Population using safely managed water services (%)	99.0	2017	٠	Ť
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	90.0	2017	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016		Ť
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total				
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2017		
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	7.8	2018	•	→
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	02.1	2017		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				T
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population		2010	•	Ţ
	71 /	2019		T
Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	/ 1.4			

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year Ra	ting Trer
pulation using the internet (%)	87.3	2017	• 1
obile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	144.8	2018	• 1
gistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related nfrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	• 1
e Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 Iniversities (worst 0–100 best)		2020	• •
ientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018	• 1
penditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017	• 1
searchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2017	
iadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017	-
ap in internet access by income (percentage points) omen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	29.1	2017	• т
and engineering)	28.6	2015	• •
OG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
ni coefficient adjusted for top income		2013	
Ima ratio		2017	• -
derly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	23.1	2017	• •
OG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
nual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	7.4	2017	• 1
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	• 1
tisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	
pulation with rent overburden (%)	11.9	2016	• 1
OG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
ectronic waste (kg/capita)	19.4	2016	• •
oduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012	
₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012	
pduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010	
trogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010	
on-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.3	2017	• •
OG13 – Climate Action	15.0	2017	•
ergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	
D2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO2/capita) D2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2015 2019	• ->
ective carbon rate (EUR/tCO $_2$)		2019	
DG14 – Life Below Water			
ean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.4	2018	• 1
cean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	72.6	2019	• 1
h caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	- 1
h caught by trawling (%)		2014	
arine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.5	2018	•
DG15 – Life on Land			
ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	• -)
ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	
d List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	• •
rmanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) rrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		2018	• •
per million population)	3.7	2018	• •
OG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
pmicides (per 100,000 population)		2017	• ↓
nsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	23.4	2018	• 1
rcentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the ity or area where they live (%)	74.5	2019	• 1
operty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.6	2019	• •
th registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	• •
prruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	• 1
ildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	* 0.0	2016	• •
ports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	3.2	2019	• •
ess Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	25.7	2019	• 1
rsons held in prison (per 100,000 population)		2015	• -
OG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	* 15.3	2018	• 1
r high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		2017	•
bublic finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			- •
ther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA		• •
prporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•••
nancial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) ifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2020	
	113./	2016	

URUGUAY



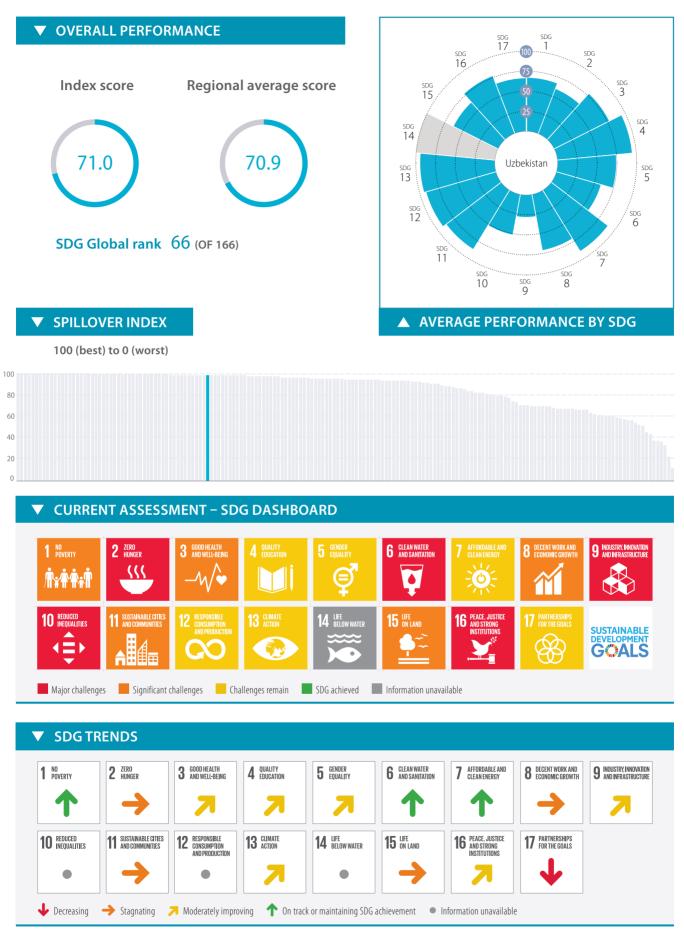
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

URUGUAY

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.0	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.1	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.7	2011	•	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.3	2011	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	27.9	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.3	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5	2015	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17	2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.5	2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	7.6	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	33.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.3	2018	•	→
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.7	2016	•	↑
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	18	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	13.4	2016	•	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)	77.1	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	58.7	2017	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	2014	•	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91	2018	•	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	80.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.4	2018	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	99.4	2017	•	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	74.3	2010	•	
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.9	2018	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females , aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	* 89.5	2017	•	↑
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	107.1	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	75.8	2019	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	21.2	2020	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.4	2017	٠	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	96.6	2017	•	1
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	9.8	2000	•	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.2	2018	•	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	5.8	2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
	100.0	2017	٠	1
Population with access to electricity (%)		2016	•	1
	98.0			
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017	•	
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2017	•	.1.
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.4		•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	0.4	2017 2018 2018	•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	0.4 -1.4 1.0	2018 2018	•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	0.4 -1.4 1.0	2018	•	•
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	0.4 -1.4 1.0 63.9	2018 2018	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	lating	Trend
opulation using the internet (%)		2018		1
lobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	123.9	2018	٠	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.4	2018	•	¥
he Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 12.0	2019	•	•
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	•	→
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.4	2016	•	→
DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ini coefficient adjusted for top income	42.9	2017	•	•
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	9.3	2017	•	1
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)				
ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		T
atisfaction with public transport (%)	60.7	2018	•	Τ
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
lunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2015		٠
lectronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		٠
roduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		٠
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		٠
itrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	6.6	2010	•	•
DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.5	2017	•	$\mathbf{+}$
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.1	2015	٠	7
O ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
DG14 – Life Below Water				
Nean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.5	2018	٠	1
cean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		->
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	36.3	2014	•	1
ish caught by trawling (%)	46.8	2014	٠	7
larine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
DG15 – Life on Land				
lean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.8	2018	•	→
lean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		-
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		J
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018	-	•
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	0./	2018	•	•
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
omicides (per 100,000 population)	8.2	2017	٠	>
nsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	69.7	2018	•	≁
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	39.5	2018	•	↓
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.1	2019	•	
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	99.8	2018	٠	٠
orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	71	2019	•	1
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	7.9	2016	٠	٠
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2019	•	•
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	16.1	2019	٠	1
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	11 3	2016	•	
			-	0
Δr high-income and all () $F(1)$ DA(countries: International concessional	NA	NA		٠
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	11/1			
	NA	NA	•	٠

UZBEKISTAN



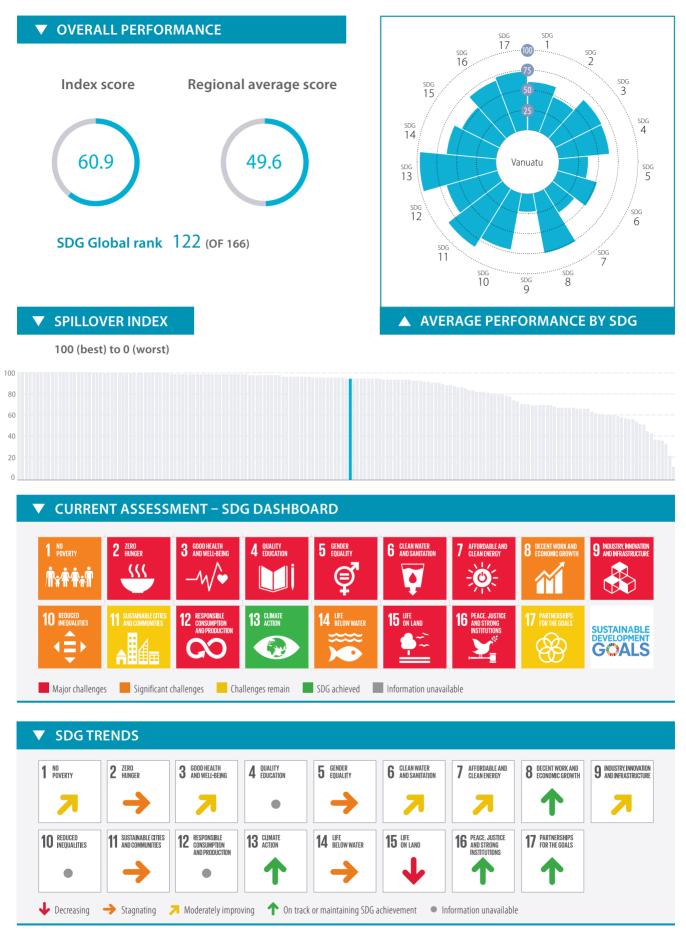
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UZBEKISTAN

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	lating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	6.8	2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	28.7	2020	•	7
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	6.3	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	19.6	2006	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.5	2006	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	16.6	2016	•	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.3	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7	2015	٠	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	29	2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.6	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	21.4	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	70.0	2018	٠	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.2	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	24.5	2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	81	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	11.5	2016	•	->
ife expectancy at birth (years)	72.3	2016	٠	->
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	23.8	2017	٠	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2015	٠	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	73.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.2	2019	٠	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	94.6	2018	•	7
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	100.0	2018	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females , aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	* 83.5	2017	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	95.8	2018		-
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		à
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	52.0	2020	-	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	07.9	2017	•	•
Population using at least basic driftening water services (%)	100.0			
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	136.9			
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2015		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)				*
	4.0	2013	•	T
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		2017	•	
	100.0		•	T
Population with access to electricity (%)		2016	•	Т
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	92.1			
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)		2017	•	Т
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per		2017	•	Т
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4	2017 2018	•	т •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	-1.2		•	т •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	-1.2 5.2	2018	•	т • •
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	-1.2 5.2 37.1	2018 2018	•	T ● ●

Population using the internet (%)55.2Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 oppulation)62.4Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related Infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)0.0The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)0.0Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)0.0Spenditure on research and development (% of GDP)0.2SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities1Gini coefficient adjusted for top income44.8SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities88.1Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (ug/m)85.2SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal solid waste (kg/capita)0.7Electronic waste (kg/capita)0.7Electronic waste (kg/capita)0.3Production-based SO2 emissions (kg/capita)0.3SDG13 - Climate Action0.1Energy-related CO2 emissions (kg/capita)0.1SDG14 - Life Below Water0.1Kean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)NAOcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)1.0Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)NAFish caught from overexploited in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)1.5Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)1.5Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)1.6	. V		V. D.	T
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infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) 2.0 The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 0.0 Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 opoulation) 0.0 Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP) 0.2 SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities 3 Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 44.8 SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities 4 Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (ug/m ³) 85.2 SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production 88.1 Municipal solid waste (kg/capita) 0.7 Electronic waste (kg/capita) 0.3 You conton-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 0.3 SDG13 – Climate Action 0.3 Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 0.3 YOG emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) 0.3 CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) 0.4 YOG emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) 0.4 CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) 0.4 YOG emission sembodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	r ZUIð	02.4	r 2010 🦊	T
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Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)0.2SDG10 - Reduced InequalitiesSini coefficient adjusted for top income44.8SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and CommunitiesAnnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)28.5Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)88.1Satisfaction with public transport (%)85.2SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and ProductionMunicipal solid waste (kg/capita)0.7Froduction-based SO2 emissions (kg/capita)0.3Production-based SO2 emissions (kg/capita)0.3SDG13 - Climate Action3.3Energy-related CO2 emissions (tCO2/capita)0.3CO2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)0.3SDG14 - Life Below Water3.3Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)NACo2 and signing (%)NAGian area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)NAGian area that is protected in imports (per million population)0.0SDG14 - Life Below Water10.4Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)NACo2 emissions embodied in imports (per million population)0.0SDG15 - Life on Land10.0Marea that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)10.4Red area that is protected in ferstwater sites important to biodiversity (%)10.4Red area that is protected in ferstwater sites important to biodiversity (%)10.4Red is Index o	2020	• 0.0) 2020 🔸	٠
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public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	2016	8.6	5 2016 😐	↓
	NA	NA	NA •	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (04 of CDD) 22.2	2010	<u> </u>	2 2019 👝	
			3 2018 • 0 2019 •	7

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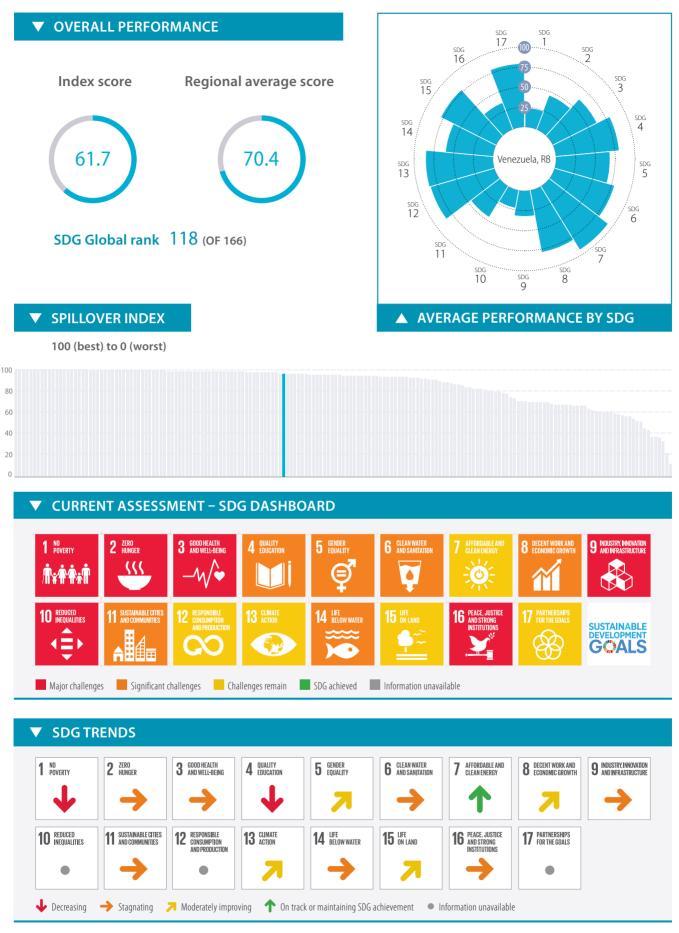
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	Value	Year F	lating	Trend
overty neudebuilt fatio at 91.207 day (70)	10.6	2020	٠	7
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	33.6	2020	٠	>
5DG2 – Zero Hunger				
revalence of undernourishment (%)	7.2	2017	٠	1
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	28.5	2013	٠	→
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.4	2013	٠	1
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	25.2	2016	٠	4
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	٠	1
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.6	2017	٠	4
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9	2015	٠	→
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	72	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.5	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	26.4	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	46.0	2018	٠	1
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	٠	
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.3	2016	•	7
vge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	136	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	15.9	2016	٠	→
ife expectancy at birth (years)	72.0	2016	٠	->
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	49.4	2017	•	→
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	89.4	2013	٠	۰
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	75	2018	٠	↓
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	48.0	2017	٠	7
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	
5DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	79.8	2015	٠	٠
ower secondary completion rate (%)	53.3	2013	٠	
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	96.3	2018	٠	
DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	50.7	2013	•	→
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA	٠	
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	77.2	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	0.0	2020	٠	→
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	91.3	2017	•	1
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	34.1	2017	٠	↓
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA		•
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	5.1	2013	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	62.8	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	¥
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-40	2018	•	
	-4.9 NA	NA		
fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)				
fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) voluts with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA		
		NA 2019	•	•

oble broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)6opigistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)*ne Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)*DG10 - Reduced Inequalities ini coefficient adjusted for top income*DG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)*DG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production unicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) ectronic waste (kg/capita/day)*DG13 - Climate Action oduction-based Nirogen emissions (kg/capita)*DG14 - Sustainable Cities and Comsumption and Production*Unicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) ectronic waste (kg/capita/day)*DG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production unicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)*DQ13 - Climate Action Def13 - Climate Action arensy-related CO2 emissions (kg/capita)*DG14 - Life Below Water ean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) cean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)*DG15 - Life on Land ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in terrest	65.1 NA 0.0 0.0 NA 37.6 111.7 78.5 NA 2.7 1.0 07.7 6.5 23.9 2.6 0.7 0.3	.0 2020 .0 2018 <u>A NA</u> .6 2010 .7 2017 .5 2017		
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universities (worst 0–100 best) icientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) penditure on research and development (% of GDP) DG10 – Reduced Inequalities ini coefficient adjusted for top income 3 DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities nnual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³) ccess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) 7 titsfaction with public transport (%) DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production unicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) ectronic waste (kg/capita) oduction-based SQ2 emissions (kg/capita) oduction-based SQ2 emissions (kg/capita) oduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita) 0 DG13 – Climate Action DG14 – Liffe Below Water ean area that is protected in miports (tCQ2/capita) 20 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) DG14 – Liffe Below Water ean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) scaan tealth Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) sh caught form overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) sh caught by trawling (%) arine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG15 – Liffe on Land ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) ean area that is protected in freshwater sites	0.0 NA 37.6 11.7 78.5 NA 2.7 1.0 07.7 6.5 23.9 2.6 0.7 0.3 0.0	.0 2018 A NA 6 2010 7 2017 5 2017 5 2017 A NA 7 2016 6 2010 6 2010 6 2010 7 2017 3 2017 3 2015		 ↗ ↓ ● ● ● ● ●
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nsentenced detainees (% of prison population) 2 ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)				
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		.1 2015		•
city or area where they live (%)	22.4	.4 2018		Т
operty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA			٠
	NA			•
		.4 2018		•
prruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		6 2019		•
	15.2	.2 2016		٠
<pre>cports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD * per 100,000 population)</pre>		.0 2019	•	٠
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	0.0	A NA		٠
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.0 NA			
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)				1
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	.6 2015	•	
	NA			-
prporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	NA 7.6 NA		•	1

VENEZUELA, RB



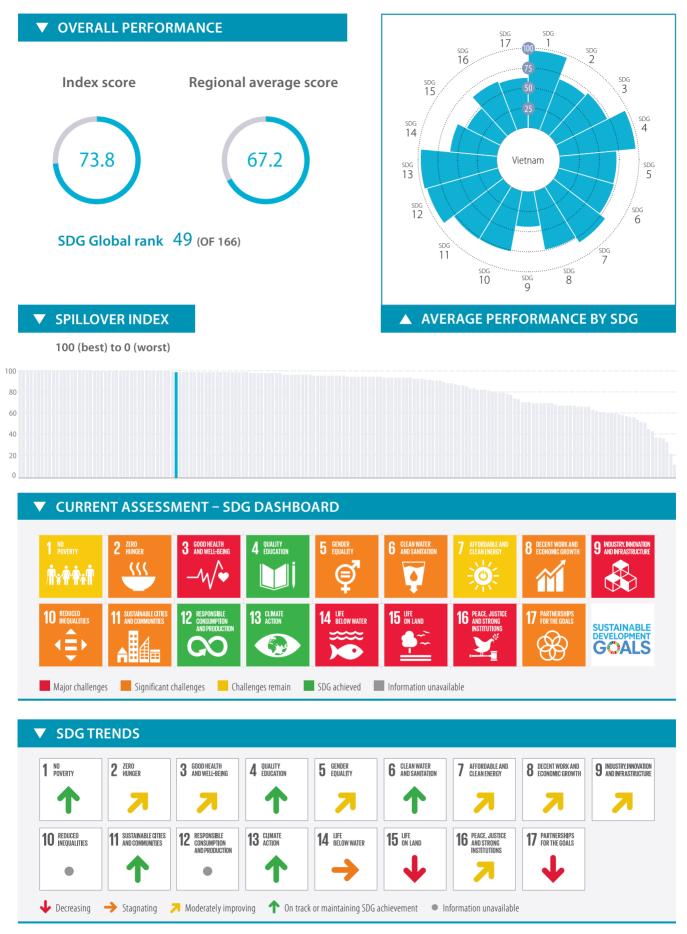
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	lating	gTrenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	36.6	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	59.7	2020	٠	4
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	21.2	2017	٠	↓
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	13.4	2009	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.1	2009	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	25.6	2016	٠	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.1	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0	2015	٠	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	125	2017	٠	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.1	2018	٠	→
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	24.5	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	48.0	2018	٠	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	18.1	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	35	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	33.7	2016	٠	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	74.1	2016	•	->
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	85.3	2017	٠	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	96.2	2016	٠	→
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)) 60	2018	٠	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)) 74.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.1	2019	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	87.4	2017	•	4
ower secondary completion rate (%)	75.2	2017	٠	4
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.8	2016	٠	٠
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	* 81.4	2017	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	107.0	2018	•	•
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		J.
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	22.2	2020	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95 7	2017	•	->
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		-
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2005		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		*
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per				
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.1	2017	•	1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			6	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	NA	NA		•
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	5.6	2018	•	•
	73 5	2017	•	1
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	, 5.5			
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2019	٠	↓

5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F		Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017		T
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	54.5	2018	•	Т
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.1	2018	٠	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	16.4	2020	•	٠
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1	2016	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	55.3	2006	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	17.0	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	22.6	2019	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
5DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.9	2012	٠	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	32.8	2012	•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.8	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	27.6	2010	•	
vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.7	2010	٠	٠
5DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.3	2017	٠	7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	2015	٠	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.7	2018	•	→
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		→
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
ish caught by trawling (%)	5.1	2014	٠	1
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	66.5	2018	٠	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2019	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.1	2018	•	٠
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.8	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				_
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	56.3	2016	٠	ѫ
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	63.0	2018	٠	→
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	29.4	2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	1.6	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	81.3	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	16	2019	٠	1
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	7.7	2016	٠	٠
exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	49.1	2019	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.9	2009	•	
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	-
		NA		
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	11/1	-	-

VIETNAM



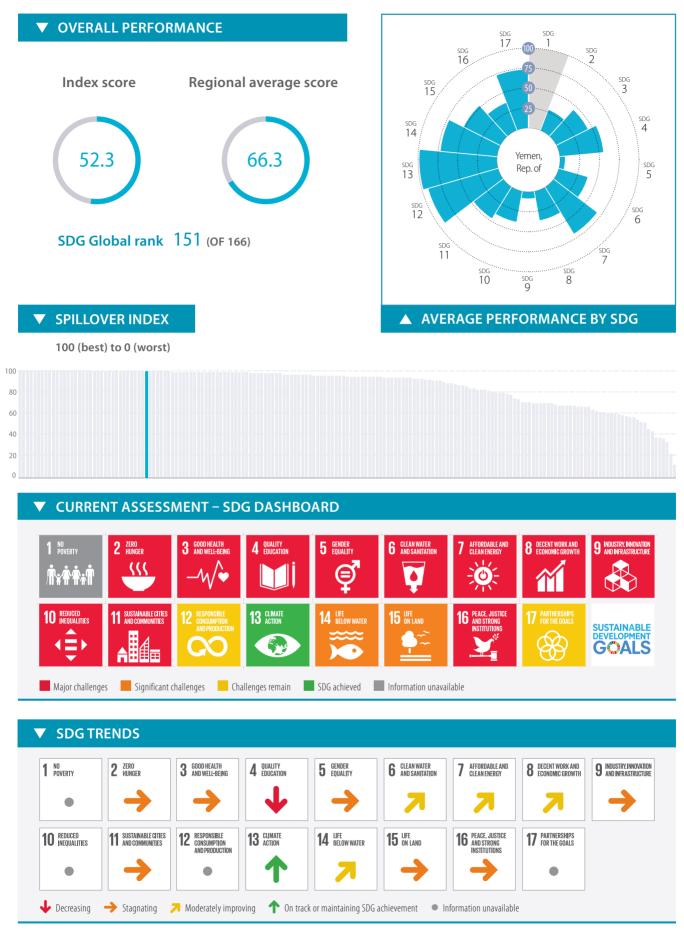
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

VIETNAM

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R		g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	3.5	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	9.3	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2015	•	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.4	2015	•	T
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016	•	T
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	>
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	Τ
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	43	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.6	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	20.7	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	182.0	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.1	2016	•	↑
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	64	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	26.4	2016	•	↓
ife expectancy at birth (years)	76.3	2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	30.9	2017	•	1
3irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	93.8	2014	٠	•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	75	2018	٠	↓
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	75.0	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.5	2019	٠	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	98.0	2013	•	•
ower secondary completion rate (%)	97.7	2018	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.4	2018	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	69.6	2014	•	↑
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	92.9	2018	•	4
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	88.1	2019	٠	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	26.7	2020	٠	->
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	94.7	2017	•	1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005	•	•
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	٠	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016		•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2017	•	→
DC9 Decent Work and Economic Crowth	0.0	2010		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2018	-	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2010		
Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	4.5	2018 2017		4
Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	4.5 30.8		•	↓ ↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F		Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018		T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	71.9	2018	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.0	2018	٠	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	22.3	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	⇒
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.5	2017	٠	7
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	35.6	2016	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	29.6	2017	•	↑
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	81.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	71.7	2019	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				•
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2010	٠	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action	2.0			
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8	2017		•
CO_2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		*
CO ₂ emissions embodied in miporis (CO ₂ , capita)		2015		
	43.7	2010	-	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	44 7	2010		-
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		~
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2019 2014		~
		2014		J.
Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014		•
	0.0	2010	-	•
SDG15 – Life on Land) <i>4</i> 11	2010		
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%		2018 2018	-	~
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)				7
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019 2018		
	1.1	2010		
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2011	٠	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	12.5	2018	٠	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	66.1	2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		۰
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		7
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	16.4	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	74.9	2019	٠	4
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	7.0	2016	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	* 21.5	2013	•	٠
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0.0	2019	٠	٠

YEMEN, REPUBLIC OF



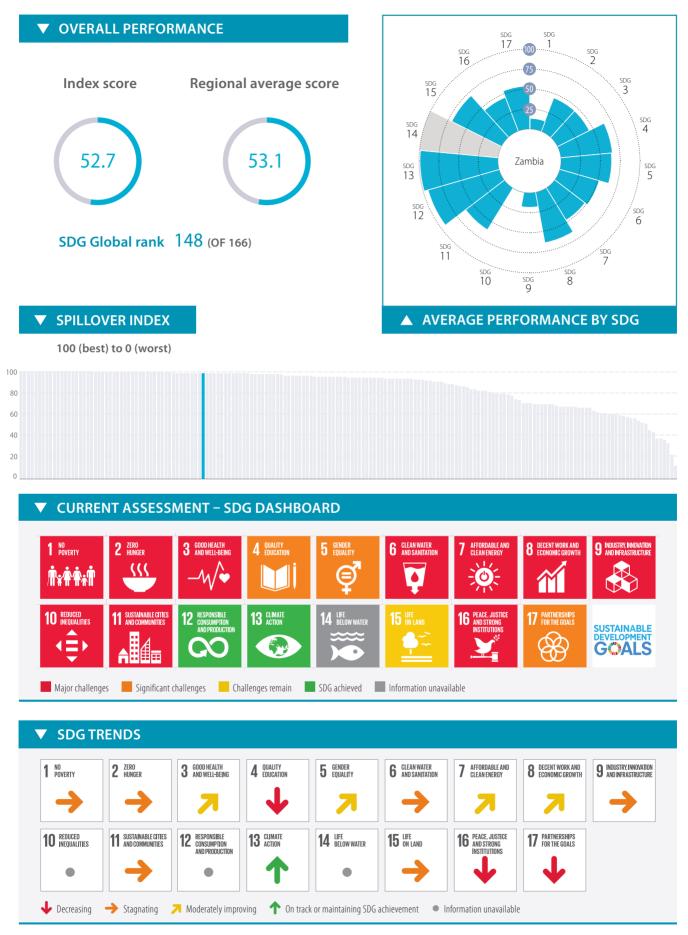
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YEMEN, REPUBLIC OF

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	* NA	NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	* NA	NA		•
5DG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	38.9	2017	٠	↓
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	46.5	2013	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	16.3	2013	٠	↓
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	17.1	2016	٠	↓
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.7	2017	٠	4
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	٠	↓
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	164	2017	٠	7
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		•
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		->
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		÷
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	30.6	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	194	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	21.5	2013	•	•
ife expectancy at birth (years)	65.3	2016	•	->
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		7
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2013		
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		T
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		4
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2018		÷
SDG4 – Quality Education			-	-
	04.2	2016	•	.1.
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2010	-	
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2010		
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	//.0	2004	•	
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	37.7	2013	٠	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		>
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	8.2	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	0.3	2020	•	→
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	63.5	2017	٠	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	59.1	2017	٠	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	168.3	2005	٠	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	2018	٠	
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	1.6	2013	٠	1
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	79 2	2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		4
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per				-
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0	2017	•	1
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				-
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	۰
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	* NA	NA	٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	6.4	2014	•	٠
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
	12.9	2019	٠	→

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		ie Year		g Trend
Population using the internet (%)	26.	7 2017	7 🔴	→
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	6.	0 2017	7 •	→
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.	1 2018	3 🔸	7
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* 0.	0 2020) 🔸	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.	0 2018	3	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	* 0.	0 2017	7 🔸	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	49	0 2014	1 🔴	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	50.	5 2017	7 🔴	Ŷ
	77	0 2017	7	-
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		9 2018		-
	32.	J 2010	. –	~
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		2 2011	-	6
Nunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		3 2016		•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		5 2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		0 2012	-	
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		7 2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		8 2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.	4 2010	, –	-
5DG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		8 2017		T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		1 2015		T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.	0 2015		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		8 2018		>
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	53.	6 2019) •	↓
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	0.	1 2014	1 •	1
ish caught by trawling (%)	8.	2 2014	1 🗕	1
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.	0 2018	3 •	٠
5DG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.	1 2018	3 😐	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	7.	7 2018	3 •	→
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.	9 2019) 🔴	→
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	N	A NA	•	٠
ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.	0 2018	3 •	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.	7 2013	3 🔴	٠
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	70.	9 2015	5	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	53.	0 2018	3 🔸	Ŷ
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	2.	9 2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	30.	7 2018	3 🔸	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	1	5 2019		↓
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	22.	7 2016	5 •	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	* 0.	0 2019)	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	61.	7 2019	•	7
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6	8 2008	3 👝	
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	N			•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	N			٠
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0	0 2019		

ZAMBIA



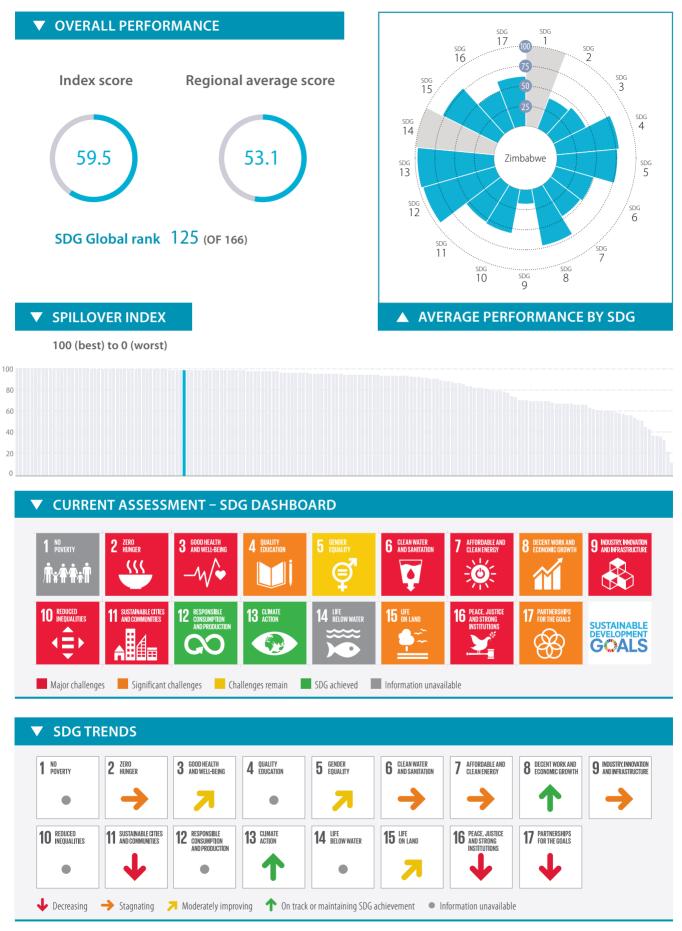
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ZAMBIA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	53.6	2020	٠	→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	72.1	2020	•	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	46.7	2017	٠	4
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	40.0	2013	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.3	2013	•	→
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016		Τ
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	•
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	•	→
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Aaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	7
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	→
Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	346.0			7
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	3.0	2018	•	7
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.9	2016	•	1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016		٠
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2013		•
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	٠	7
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	120.1		•	7
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2014	•	
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	•	T
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		→
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	3.3	2019	•	4
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	•	+
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2013	•	•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	92.1	2018	•	•
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)		2014	•	1
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018	•	1
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	16.8	2020	•	→
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	60.0	2017	•	→
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	26.4	2017	•	→
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2000	٠	٠
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	•	•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.8	2013	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2017	٠	7
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	16.4	2016	٠	→
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.4	2017	•	1
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)	-5.0	2018	٠	٠
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	5.7	2018	•	٠
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	45.9	2017	•	1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				-
Inemployment rate (% of total labor force)		2019		*
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		T

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year Ra	atingT	rend
Population using the internet (%)	14.3	2018	•	↓
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	56.6	2018	•	↑
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.3	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $_{\ast}$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	•	→
xpenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3	2008	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Sini coefficient adjusted for top income	62.7	2015	•	
DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	27.4	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017	•	↓
atisfaction with public transport (%)	48.0	2019	•	T
5DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Aunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2011	•	•
ilectronic waste (kg/capita)		2016	•	•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.6	2010	•	•
5DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	Т
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.5	2019	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Nean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		•	•
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		•	•
ish caught by trawling (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	
5DG15 – Life on Land				
Aean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.4	2018	•	→
Aean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.4	2018	•	↑
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	→
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.3	2018	•	•
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.5	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	5.3	2015	•	
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	32.4	2018	•	↓
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	44.1	2019	•	Ŧ
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.1	2019	•	•
lirth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	11.3	2018	•	•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	34	2019	•	↓
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	40.6	2016	•	
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD *	0.0	2019	•	•
	36.4	2019	•	Ł
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)				
		2016	•	
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	5.5			
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Sovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP) for high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	5.5 NA		•	
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Sovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA		•	•

ZIMBABWE



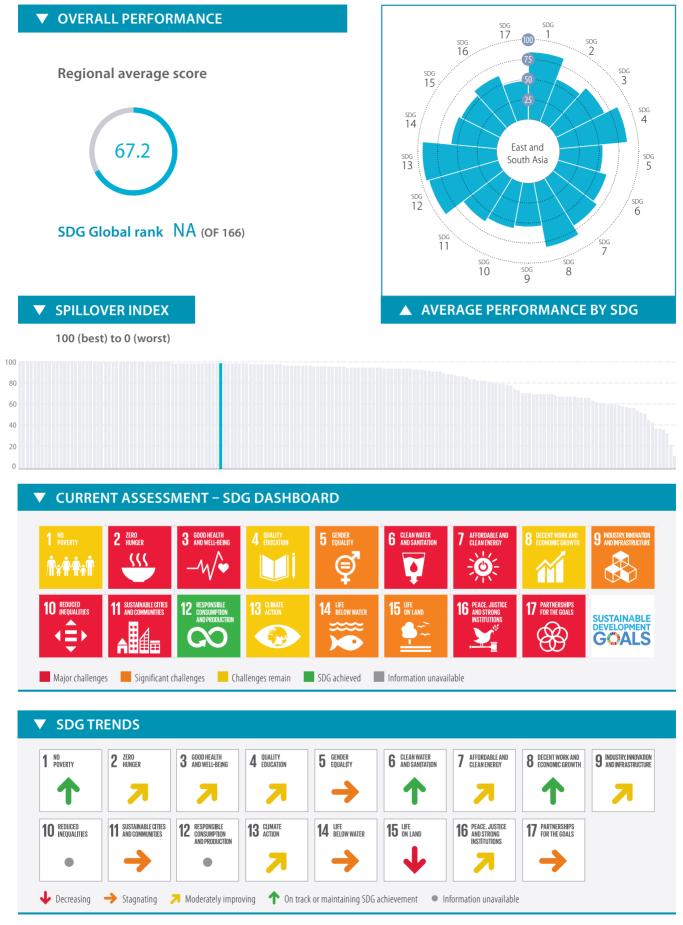
Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

ZIMBABWE

SDG1 – No Poverty	Valu	e Year F	lating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	* NA	NA NA	٠	٠
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	* N/	NA	٠	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	51.3	3 2017	٠	4
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	26.8	3 2015	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.2	2 2015	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	15.5	5 2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2 2017	•	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.6	5 2017	٠	÷
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.(2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	458	3 2017	•	->
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2 2018		1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		3 2018		•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	2.0	, 2010		1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	19.3	3 2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	133	3 2016	٠	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	34.7	7 2016	٠	↓
Life expectancy at birth (years)	61.4	1 2016	٠	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	86.	2017	٠	7
3 irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	78.	2015	٠	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	88	3 2018	•	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	54.0	2017	٠	7
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	2.7	7 2019	•	↓
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	94.1	2013	•	•
ower secondary completion rate (%)	71.	2013	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	90.4	1 2014	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	84.8	3 2015	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	84	1 2018		4
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		+ 2018 + 2019		•
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		4
	51.3	, 2020	-	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	<i>C</i> • •	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		¥ 1
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2 2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		5 2005		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.9	9 2013	•	T
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)		1 2017		7
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	29.1	2016	٠	↓
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	3 2017	•	→
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-38	3 2018	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		7 2018		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	0.7	2010		-
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	55.3	3 2017	٠	1
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	5 () 2019	•	1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		•
	0.0	2010	-	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	lating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017	-	↗
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	51.7	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	1.8	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 $$ universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	43.1	2011	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µa/m ³)	22.3	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017	•	¥
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	27.6	2019	•	*
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	<u> </u>	2002	•	-
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	••••	2002	•	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016	•	•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.3	2010	•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action		2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		Т
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	13.1	2019	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		•	•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		•	•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.3	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.3	2018	•	٠
(per million population)				
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			•	٠
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2012		
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2012 2015		
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	17.1		•	t
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	17.1 45.1 2.8	2015 2019 2019	•	•
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2	2015 2019 2019 2018	•	•
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2 24	2015 2019 2019 2018 2019	•	↓ • •
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2	2015 2019 2019 2018 2019	•	↓ • • •
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2 24 NA 0.0	2015 2019 2019 2018 2019 NA 2019	•	↓ • • •
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2 24 NA 0.0	2015 2019 2019 2018 2019 NA	•	↓ • • • •
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2 24 NA 0.0	2015 2019 2019 2018 2019 NA 2019	•	↓ • • •
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2 24 NA 0.0 42.2	2015 2019 2019 2018 2019 NA 2019	•	↓ • • • •
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2 24 NA 0.0 42.2	2015 2019 2018 2019 NA 2019 2019 2014	•	
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	17.1 45.1 2.8 38.2 24 NA 0.0 42.2 9.2 NA	2015 2019 2018 2019 NA 2019 2019 2014	•	

EAST AND SOUTH ASIA



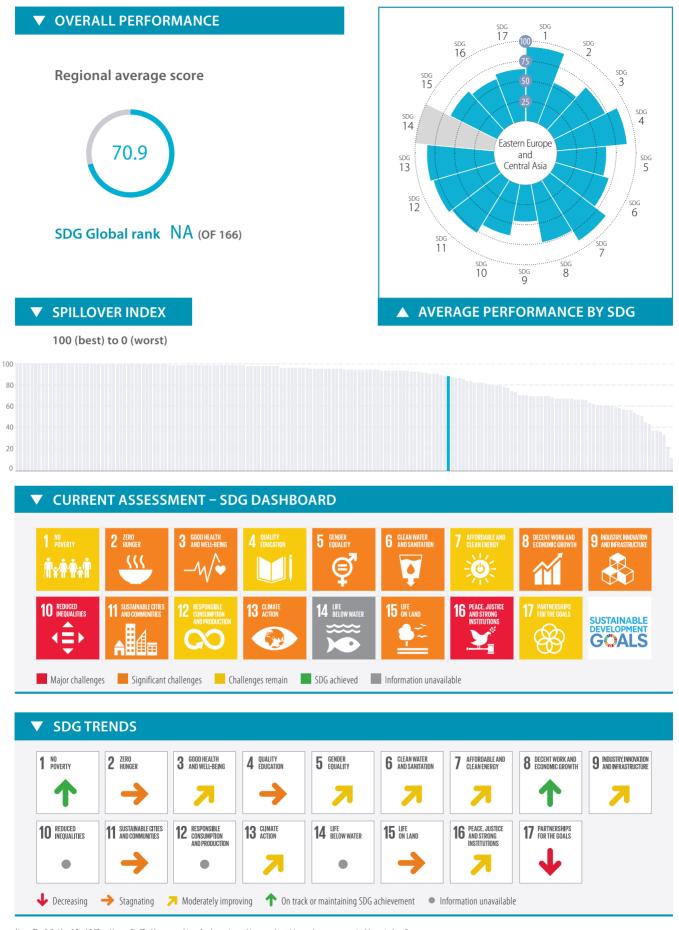
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

EAST AND SOUTH ASIA

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year Rati	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	14./	2020	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017	Т
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016	Т
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	\rightarrow
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	Υ
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	• •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	100	2017	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	14.9	2018	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	172.5	2018	• →
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	• •
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	20.9	2016 🤇	• •
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	144	2016 🤇	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	19.3	2016	• •
life expectancy at birth (years)	72.1	2016	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	20.8	2017	• •
3irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	87.5	2016	
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91	2018	• •
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	64.5	2017 (1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.8	2019	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	90.9	2018	• •
ower secondary completion rate (%)	88.4	2018	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	94.8	2018	
5DG5 – Gender Equality			
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	77.9	2017 🤇	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	76.9	2018	• •
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	56.5	2019	4
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	20.1	2020	• •
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	92.6	2017	•
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018	
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	•
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	2.0	2013	
Population with access to electricity (%)	041	2017	
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017	
	49.0	2010	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0	2017 (R
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	5.5	2018	
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	69.5	2017 🤇	1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)			
	4.4	2019	• •

_					
	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R		Trend
	Population using the internet (%)		2018		T
	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	65.8	2018	•	Τ
	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.1	2018	•	1
	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	50.0	2020	•	٠
	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	٠	⇒
_	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.1	2017	•	•
	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	42.6	2017	٠	٠
	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	61.4	2017	•	→
	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	71.7	2017	•	↓
	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	74.5	2019	•	1
	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.9	2016	٠	٠
	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	3.3	2016	٠	٠
	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	16.7	2012	٠	٠
	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.8	2012	٠	٠
	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	16.9	2010	٠	٠
j	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.7	2010	٠	٠
	SDG13 – Climate Action				
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.4	2017	•	→
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	2015	٠	1
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	270.0	2019	•	٠
	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	30.8	2018	•	→
	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	37.2	2019	٠	→
	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	14.1	2014	٠	1
	Fish caught by trawling (%)	34.0	2014	٠	↓
	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	٠
	SDG15 – Life on Land				
	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.6	2018	•	→
	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	27.6	2018	•	→
	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.7	2019	•	↓
	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.2	2018	•	٠
	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.3	2018	•	٠
	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.1	2017	•	1
	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	59.0	2018	٠	1
	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	75.6	2019	•	↑
	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.4	2019	•	٠
	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	75.8	2018	٠	٠
	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	39	2019	٠	7
	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	10.9	2016	٠	٠
	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	•
	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	58.1	2019	٠	→
	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	4.5	2016	•	→
	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	14.5	2018	٠	→
	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	21.3	2019	٠	٠
			-		

EASTERN EUROPE AND CENTRAL ASIA



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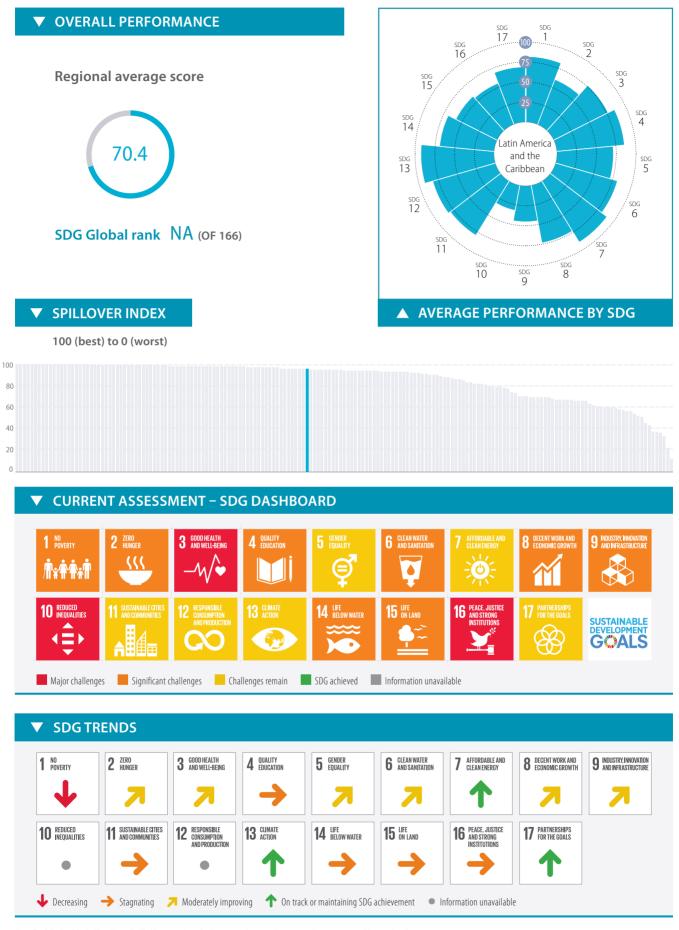
EASTERN EUROPE AND CENTRAL ASIA

5. Country Profiles

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year Ratir	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020 •	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	4.8	2020 🧧	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	6.2	2017 •	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	19.5	2016 •	\rightarrow
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.6	2016 🧧	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	20.1	2016 🗧	\bullet
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017 🔴	\rightarrow
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.3	2017 •	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015 🗧	→
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	81	2017 🧧	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.8	2018 •	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.2	2018 •	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	72.3	2018 🗧	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	25.0	2016 🔵	⊼
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	78	2016 🦲	٠
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	14.9	2016 🔵	\rightarrow
.ife expectancy at birth (years)	71.6	2016 🔵	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	29.6	2017 🗧	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	94.3	2016 •	
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	87	2018 🗧	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	68.3	2017 🔵	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.3	2019 🔵	4
SDG4 – Quality Education			
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	92.9	2018 🗧	->
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018	
SDG5 – Gender Equality			
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	63.9	2017 •	⊼
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	90.7	2018 •	-
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	•
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	92.8	2017 •	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	7
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2013	
		2018	
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m3/capita)	20.0	2013	•
		2017	
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	00 -	2017 •	T
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)			T
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) D2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	87.5		7
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	87.5	2016 •	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	87.5 1.4	2016 •	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	87.5 1.4 -1.3	2016 • 2017 •	~
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	87.5 1.4 -1.3 7.2	2016 • 2017 • 2018 •	 ∧
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	87.5 1.4 -1.3 7.2 58.9	2016 • 2017 • 2018 • 2018 •	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	lating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	68.3	2018	•	Τ
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.5	2018	•	→
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	25.8	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.3	2018	٠	7
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.6	2017	٠	1
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	40.4	2017	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) ($\mu g/m^3$)	23.4	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	88.0	2017	•	→
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	•	4
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				•
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	15	2016	•	•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2010		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action		2010	-	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	60	2017	•	-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		•
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (CO ₂ /Capita)	1795.8		-	
	1795.0	2019	-	-
SDG14 – Life Below Water	NIA			
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•	-
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		•	•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA		•	•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land	20.5		_	
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	*
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		*
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	Т
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.6	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	5.8	2017	٠	7
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	15.8	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	59.4	2019	•	7
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.9	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	93.4	2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	30	2019	•	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	10.0	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.7	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	44.5	2019	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.9	2016	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	25.6	2018	•	1
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	4.7	2019	•	٠
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LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

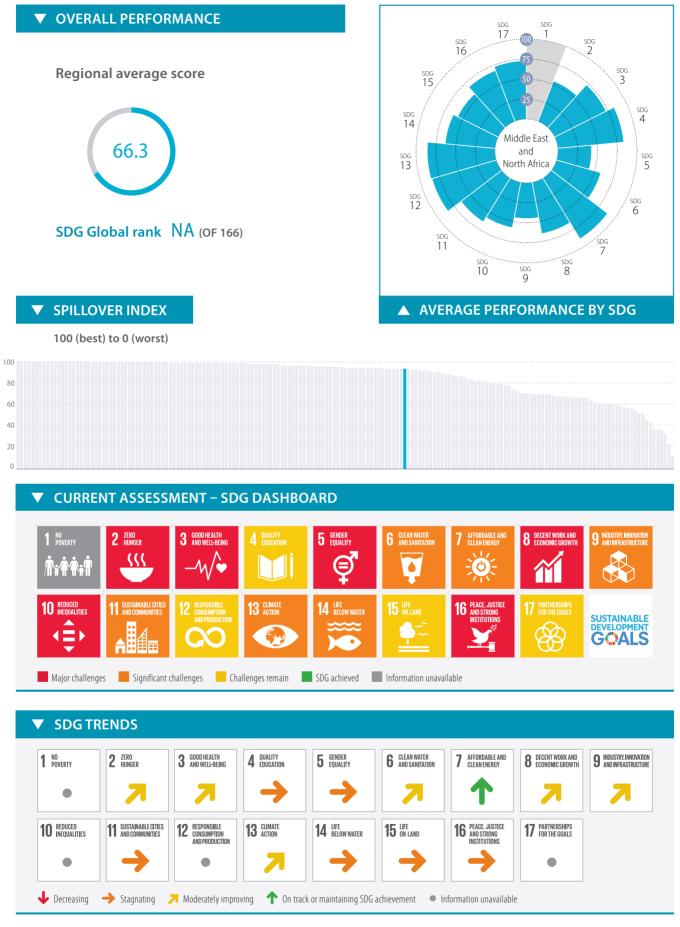
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

5. Country Profiles

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	14.1 2020
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	1 11 2020 2
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	7.4 2017 • 个
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.7 2016 • 7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.7 2016 • 1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	22.9 2016 • ↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3 2017 • →
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.3 2017 • 1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7 2015 🌒 🕹
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	80 2017 😐 🛧
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.1 2018 • ↑
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.6 2018 • 🛧
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	49.7 2018 • →
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.2 2018 😐 🔶
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.2 2016 😐 🛧
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	41 2016 🔍 🌒
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	19.0 2016 鱼 🎵
Life expectancy at birth (years)	75.0 2016 🔍 🎵
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	64.1 2017 🔹 🔶
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	95.1 2016 📍 🕇
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)) 84 2018 🗕 🦊
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)) 75.4 2017 😐 🛧
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.1 2019 🌒 🕇
SDG4 – Quality Education	
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	94.1 2018 😐 🕇
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	76.92018 🗕 🕹
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	98.4 2018 • •
SDG5 – Gender Equality	
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	82.0 2017 • 🕇
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	102.2 2018 • 🕇
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	70.1 2019 🌒 🕇
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	22.7 2020 🔍 🔶
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	96.0 2017 😐 🕇
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	85.5 2017 😐 🎵
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	5.9 2015 • •
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	28.4 2018 🔍 🔍
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	2.5 2013 🌒 🕇
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	
Population with access to electricity (%)	97.5 2017 📍 🕇
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	87.0 2016 • 🕇
ropulation with access to clean rules and technology for cooking (70)	1.0.2017
	1.0 2017 😐 🕇
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.0 2017 • T
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	-3.9 2018
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	-3.9 2018 • • 2.4 2018 • •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-3.9 2018 • •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	-3.9 2018 • • 2.4 2018 • •

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year	Rating	g Trend
Population using the internet (%)	64.6 2018	8	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	69.7 2018	3 😐	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.6 2018	3 😐	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	25.5 2020) 😐	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2 2018	3	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.7 2017	· •	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	52.0 2017	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	15.6 2017	, •	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	94.6 2017	7	-
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	54.1 2019		J.
	54.1 2013	-	
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1 1 201	-	
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.1 2016		•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	6.8 2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	22.0 2012		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.3 2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	38.7 2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.0 2010) •	•
SDG13 – Climate Action			
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.4 2017	′ 🔴	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4 2015	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	635.5 2019) 🔴	
SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.7 2018	3	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	60.9 2019		-
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	34.0 2014		1
Fish caught by trawling (%)	18.4 2014		÷
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2018	}	•
SDG15 – Life on Land			
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 40.9 2018	}	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.8 2018	}	->
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8 2019)	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.4 2018	3	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.6 2018	8 •	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	24.1 2017	7 e	-
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	42.7 2018		7
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	43.4 2019		4
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.7 2019)	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	94.5 2018		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	35 2019		Ť
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	9.8 2016		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.0 2019		•
per 100,000 population)			
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	34.6 2019) 😑	→
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	9.4 2016	5 •	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA NA		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			-
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	23.5 2018		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.7 2019	, 🗖	

MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA



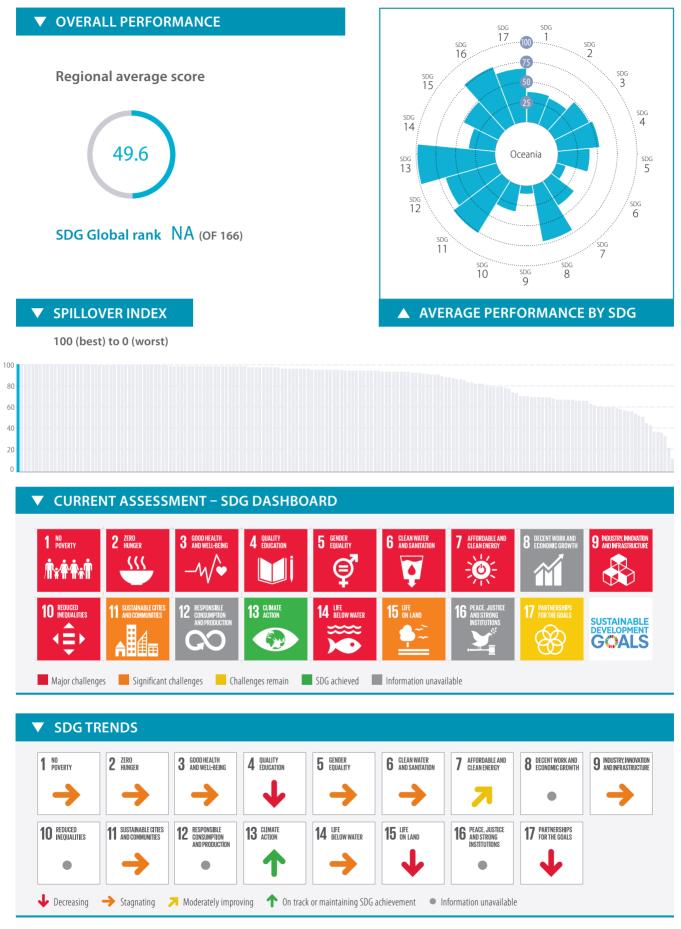
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	•
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	NA	NA	٠	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	9.6	2017	•	→
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	16.9	2016	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.1	2016	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	28.8	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.0	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	٠	7
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	53	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.5	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	20.5	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	31.1	2018	•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	19.9	2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	80	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	19.2	2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	72.9	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	37.5	2017	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	88.0	2016	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	89	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	68.2	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.8	2019	٠	↓
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	94.3	2018	•	→
ower secondary completion rate (%)	78.1	2018	٠	→
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	93.9	2018	•	٠
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	64.6	2017	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	85.3	2018	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	26.4	2019	٠	→
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	16.2	2020	٠	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	94.0	2017	٠	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	90.4	2017	•	7
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	233.9	2015	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	23.8	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	97 8	2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017		•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2017		1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	. २०	2018		
			-	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA	NA		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017		7
Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)		2019		7
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018	-	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	65.3	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.6	2018	•	↓
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	29.4	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	•	7
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	42.8	2017	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	42.0	2017	-	-
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)		2017	•	4
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017	•	→
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.6	2019	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.2	2016	•	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	7.1	2016	•	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	25.4	2012	٠	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.1	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	17.0	2010	•	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.9	2010	•	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5 9	2017	•	->
CO_2 emissions embodied in imports ($CO_2/capita$)		2017		*
CO ₂ emissions embodied in miporis (CO ₂ /Capita)	1128.1			
	1120.1	2017	-	4
SDG14 – Life Below Water	20.0	2010	•	_
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		7
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	+
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	•	+
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014	•	T
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.8	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.5	2018	•	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	→
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.1	2017	•	
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	•
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	45	2019	•	•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019	•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2010		Ţ
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2019		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.5	2010	-	
per 100,000 population)		2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	55.1	2019	•	*
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.9	2016	٠	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	•
	NA	NA	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	11/1	1 1/1		

OCEANIA



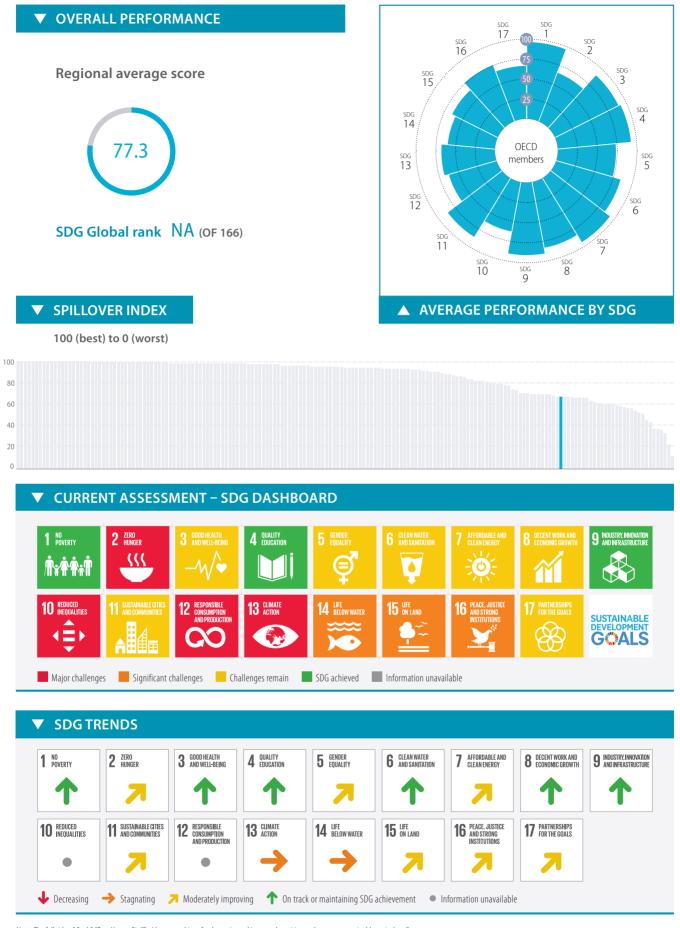
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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F		g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	24.1	2020	٠	→
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	45.8	2020	•	→
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	5.6	2017	٠	٠
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	43.1	2016	٠	→
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	12.7	2016	٠	7
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016	•	+
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	NA		•	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA		•	•
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	7
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	٠	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	354.3		•	→
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	٠	۲
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	29.2	2016	•	¥
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	144	2016	•	٠
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	13.8	2016	٠	1
life expectancy at birth (years)	67.0	2016	٠	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	52.2	2017	٠	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	61.8	2016	٠	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	66	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	43.1	2017	٠	→
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	76.1	2018	٠	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	67.2	2018	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	72.6	2018	٠	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	42.9	2017	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA	NA		
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	89.9	2019	٠	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	2.3	2020	٠	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	51.0	2017	٠	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	25.1	2017	٠	↓
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.4	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	60.6	2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	-
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	NA	•	•
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	_/ 0	2018		
	-4.9 NA	2018 NA	-	
lictime of modern clayery (per 1,000 population)	INA	INA		-
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		NA	•	٠
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	147 (
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2019	•	1

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R		Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	23.9	2018	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	NA	NA	•	٠
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2018	٠	⇒
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA	٠	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	51.3	2017	٠	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	12.1	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	61.2	2017	٠	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	NA		٠
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	2.4	2016	٠	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016	•	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	٠	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0	2017	•	1
CO2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO2/capita)	NA	NA	•	•
CO2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2019	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.2	2018	•	4
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	1
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	50.8	2014	٠	÷
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	NA		•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA		٠
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Nean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	8.5	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		•
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2019	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.1	2018	•	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	8.5	2017	•	
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	→
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA	NA	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	75.4	2018	٠	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA	NA	٠	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	NA	NA		
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.3	2016	•	•
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA		•	•
Dublic linance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Dther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	10.0	2018		J.
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2018		
כטוייטומופ ומא דומיפון שכטופ (שפצו ש- דטט שטוצו)	0.0	2019	-	-

OECD MEMBERS



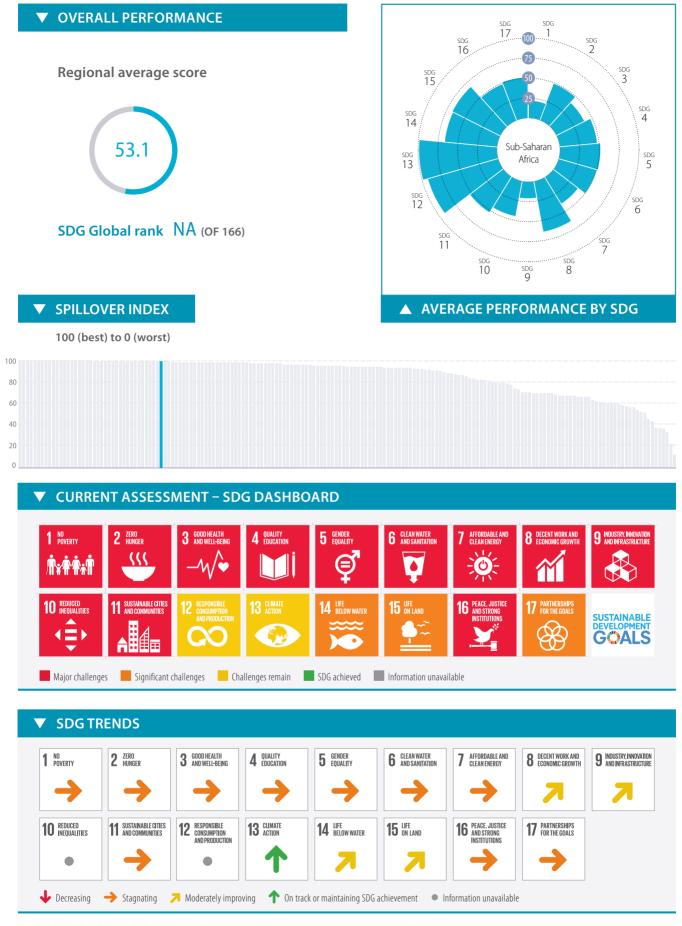
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

OECD MEMBERS

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.6	2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	1.7	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.6	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.2	2016	•	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.9	2016	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	25.3	2016	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	6.1	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5	2015	•	1
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	13	2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3.2	2018	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	5.7	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	11.9	2018	•	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	12.6	2016	•	↑
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	19	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	8.4	2016	•	↑
ife expectancy at birth (years)	80.2	2016	٠	1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	17.4	2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.9	2016	٠	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93	2018	•	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	81.6	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.6	2019	•	1
5DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	99.2	2018	٠	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	99.2	2018	•	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA		
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	77.6	2017	•	↑
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	97.4	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	75.5	2019	٠	1
Geats held by women in national parliament (%)	28.7	2020	•	7
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.5	2017	٠	٠
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	98.5	2017	•	٠
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	31.6	2015	•	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	67.2	2018	•	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	22.9	2013	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
	100.0	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2016		1
				7
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	1.2	2017		
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2	2017		
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-0.6	2018	•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	-0.6 2.1	2018 2018	•	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	-0.6 2.1	2018	•	• • •
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	-0.6 2.1 87.1	2018 2018	•	• • •

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	84.1	2018	•	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	115.6	2018	٠	1
.ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.8	2018	•	↑
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	66.3	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.1	2018	•	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	2.2	2017	•	\mathbf{T}
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				-
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	413	2017	•	•
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.5	2017	-	-
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	14.5	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	08.6	2017		•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017		-
	02.0	2019	-	7
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1.0	2014	•	
Nunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2016		•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		-
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012 2012	-	
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010	-	•
	7./	2010	-	-
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.1	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		~
CO_2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1503.8	2019	•	
5DG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		Т
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		?
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		*
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		+
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	•
ferrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	3.4	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017	٠	→
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	23.6	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	69.4	2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.2	2019	٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	99.4	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	63	2019	٠	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	1.7	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.6	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	27.2	2019	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	12.1	2016	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Sovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP)				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.3	2017	٠	→
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	0.3 NA	2017 NA	•	→

SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA



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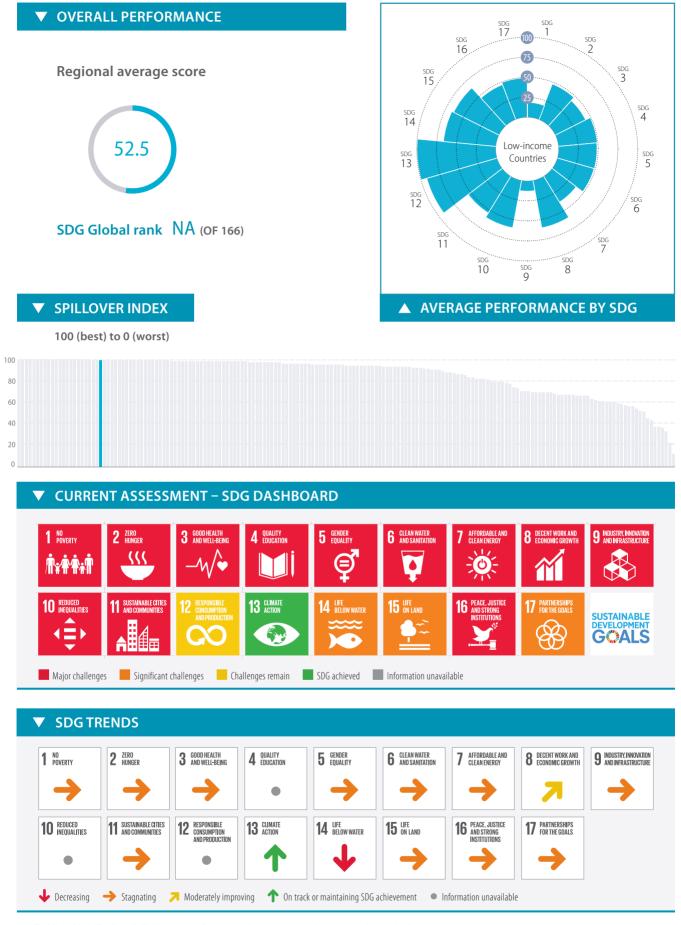
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

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ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) affic deaths (per 100,000 population) fe expectancy at birth (years) dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) rths attended by skilled health personnel (%) rcentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) bijective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrollment rate (%) wwer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality	20.8 187 26.9 61.1 102.8 58.1 72	2016 2016 2016 2016 2017 2017	• → • •
Additional and the set of the set	187 26.9 61.1 102.8 58.1 72	2016 2016 2016 2017 2016	• •
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) affic deaths (per 100,000 population) fe expectancy at birth (years) dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) rths attended by skilled health personnel (%) rcentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) bijective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrollment rate (%) wwer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality	26.9 61.1 102.8 58.1 72	2016 2016 2017 2016	• •
fe expectancy at birth (years) dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) rrths attended by skilled health personnel (%) rrcentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrollment rate (%) wer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality	61.1 102.8 58.1 72	2016 2017 2016	
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rths attended by skilled health personnel (%) rcentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) hiversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrollment rate (%) wer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality	58.1 72	2016	• -
rcentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrollment rate (%) wer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality	72		
hiversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrollment rate (%) wer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality		2010	
Ibjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrollment rate (%) wer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality	43.8	2010	7
DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrollment rate (%) wer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality		2017 () -)
et primary enrollment rate (%) wwer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality	4.5	2019) -)
wer secondary completion rate (%) teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality			
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) DG5 – Gender Equality	78.8	2018	• -
DG5 – Gender Equality	44.5	2018	• -
	76.5	2018	
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	48.2	2017 <	
tio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	68.3	2018	• -
tio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	83.9	2019	1
ats held by women in national parliament (%)	23.0	2020 🤇	• •
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			
ppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	60.7	2017) -)
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	30.7	2017	• -
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	17.4	2015	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.4	2018	
arce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	1.0	2013	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			
opulation with access to electricity (%)	44.4	2017	7
pulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	• -
D ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.9	2017	7
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			
djusted GDP growth (%)	-5.0	2018	
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017	7
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)		2019	-
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)			

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	25.1 2	2018	•	7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	29.4 2	2018	•	7
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.4 2	2018	•	→
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	13.0 2	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0 2	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.4 2	2017	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	47.2 2	2017	•	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	44.7 2	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	59.2 2	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	50.3 2			7
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	10.3	2016	•	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016	•	•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	15.9 2			•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
	0.0 2	2010	-	-
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8 2		•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1 2		•	Τ
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	147.7 2	2019	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	50.7 2	2018	•	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	44.3 2	2019	•	↓
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	22.6 2	2014	•	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)	17.2 2	2014	•	٠
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2	2018		
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.1 2	2018	•	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.6 2	2018	•	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2	2019	•	→
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.4 2	2018	•	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.2 3	2018		
(per million population)	0.2 2	2010	_	-
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	9.1 2	2017	•	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	45.1 2	2018	•	→
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	53.2 2	2019	•	↓
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.7 2	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	45.9 2	2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	29 2	2019	•	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	29.3 2	2016	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0 2	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	37.4 2	2019	•	→
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	5.7 2	2016	•	→
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			-	
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA 14.2 2	NA	•	•
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2018	-	-
Colporate lax mavell scole (best o= 100 WOISt)	9.Z Z	1019	-	-

5. Country Profiles

LOW-INCOME COUNTRIES



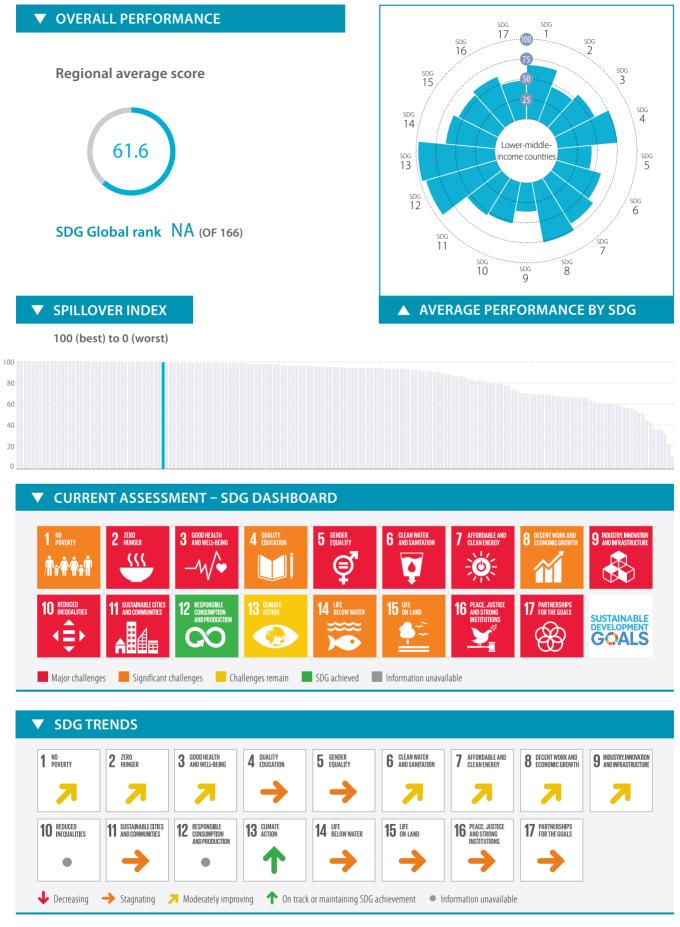
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

LOW-INCOME COUNTRIES

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year Ratir	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	44.6	2020 •	• →
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	70.7	2020 •	• →
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	27.7	2017 🔍	• •
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	37.1	2016 🔵	• >
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.7	2016 🔴	• >
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	7.6	2016 •	• •
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2017 •	• •
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.7	2017 🗧	\rightarrow
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015 •	• →
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	440	2017 🔍	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	25.7	2018 •	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	64.7	2018 🔵	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	205.3	2018 鱼	• >
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.7	2018 🔵	– –
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	215	2016 •	-
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	21.5	2010	
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	173	2016 •	•
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	26.9	2016 •	• •
Life expectancy at birth (years)	63.0	2016 🔵	• →
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	97.2	2017 🔴	• >
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	57.5	2016 🔍	
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	74	2018 鱼	• →
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	42.1	2017 🔵	• >
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.2	2019 🔴	• >
SDG4 – Quality Education			
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	84.0	2018 🗧	
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	39.2	2018 鱼	
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	75.3	2018 🔵	
SDG5 – Gender Equality			
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	47.3	2017 ●	• •
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	60.4	2018 •	• >
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	80.9	2019	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	24.8	2020 🔵	• >
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	57.2	2017 •	• ->
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	30.0	2017 •	• •
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.3	2018	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			
Population with access to electricity (%)	40.7	2017 •	7
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017 •	-
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per			
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.9	2017 ●	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	13.4	2018 •	
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	32.3	2017 •	7
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)			
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2019	T
	0.0	2010	Т

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	lating	gTrend
Population using the internet (%)	16.0	2018	٠	7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	18.1	2018	٠	7
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2	2018	•	→
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	3.9	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018		→
	0.5	2017	-	-
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	41.0	2017		
	41.9	2017	-	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	43.2	2017	•	Ŧ
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	67.0	2017		
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017 2019		7
	40.5	2019	-	7
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1 3	2016	-	
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2016		-
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010	-	
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.2	2010	-	•
SDG13 – Climate Action		2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	Τ
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	41.7	2019	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		4
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	14.2	2014	٠	•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	12.4	2014	•	٠
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	41.4	2018	٠	⇒
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.1	2018	•	7
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	⇒
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.3	2018	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.2	2017	•	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	44.9	2018	•	٠
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.2	2019	•	¥
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.6	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	42.0	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	27	2019	٠	->
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	30.5	2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	41.5	2019	•	→
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				-
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	51	2016		-
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA		•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	14 0	2018		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2010		
	⊣r.∠	2017	_	5

LOWER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

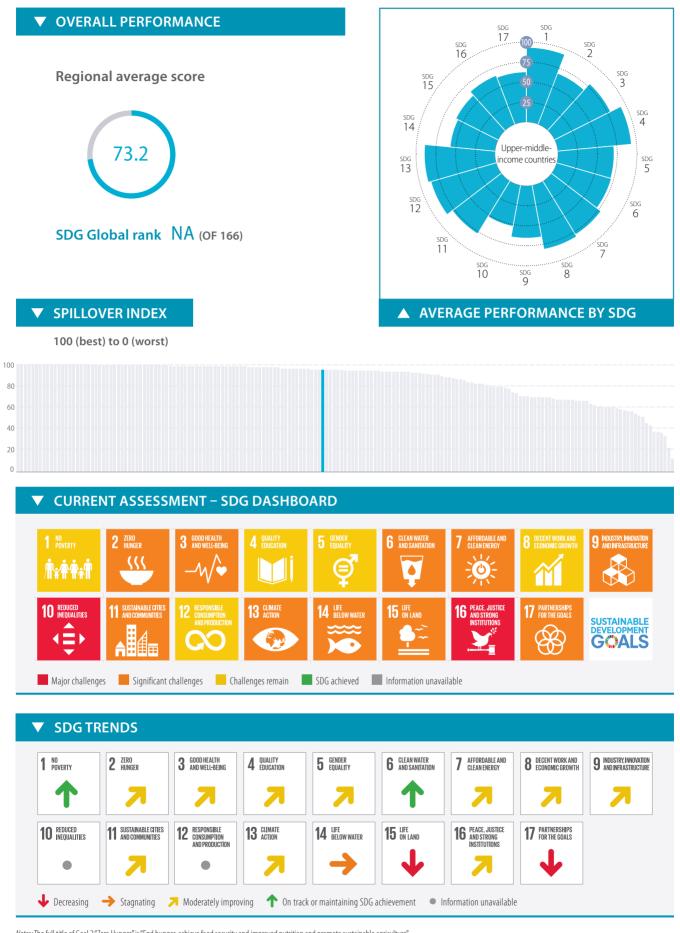
LOWER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	7.2	2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	27.5	2020	٠	7
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	14.0	2017	٠	7
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	35.6	2016	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	14.6	2016	٠	→
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	7.4	2016	٠	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	•	→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.4	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	٠	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	209	2017	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22.2	2018	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	42.9	2018	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	220.7	2018	٠	÷
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.3	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.1	2016	•	7
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	167	2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	19.8	2016		.l.
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2010		Ľ
		2010	-	~
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) Pirths attended by chilled health percented (%)		2017		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2018	•	
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	-	-
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)			-	4
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.5	2019	•	•
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.4	2010		
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2018	•	~
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•	7
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	89.7	2018	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	64.2	2017	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	70.3	2018	٠	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	47.5	2019	٠	→
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	17.4	2020	٠	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	88.5	2017	٠	7
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	60.8	2017	٠	7
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	52.1	2015	•	٠
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.0	2018	٠	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	2.1	2013	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	85.9	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	42.6	2016	•	->
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6	2017	•	7
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-0.5	2018	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	0.0	2010		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	57.4	2017	•	1
		2010		-
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	5.5	2019	-	-

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation a	nd Infrastructure	Value	Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)			2018	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 10	0 nonulation)		2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of t		0.7			
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	·	2./	2018	•	+
The Times Higher Education Universities universities (worst 0–100 best)	5 5 1		2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (0.1	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development	(% of GDP)	0.5	2017	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	6				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		44.7	2017	•	٠
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities an	d Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particula 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m	0	64.3	2017	•	↓
Access to improved water source, piped		58.9	2017	•	Ψ.
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2019	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consum	ntion and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	paonana riouucuon	1.0	2016	•	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)			2010		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/ca	nita)		2010		
SO_2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/ca			2012		
			2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (k					
Nitrogen emissions embodied in import	is (kg/capita)	0.6	2010	•	-
SDG13 – Climate Action					
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /cap			2017	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tO	O ₂ /capita)		2015	•	Τ
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel ex	(ports (kg/capita)	332.0	2019	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water					
Mean area that is protected in marine si	tes important to biodiversity (%)	38.6	2018	•	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score	(worst 0–100 best)	39.1	2019	•	→
Fish caught from overexploited or collap	used stocks (% of total catch)	17.6	2014	•	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)		20.4	2014	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in i	mports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land					
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial	sites important to biodiversity (%)	35.1	2018	•	>
Mean area that is protected in freshwater	sites important to biodiversity (%)	27.5	2018	•	→
Red List Index of species survival (worst	0–1 best)	0.8	2019	•	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest are	ea, 5-year average)	0.3	2018	•	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity th (per million population)	reats embodied in imports	0.1	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and St	rong Institutions				_
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	-	4.0	2017	•	
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison po	pulation)		2018		↓
Percentage of population who feel safe city or area where they live (%)		67.5	2019	•	→
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		4.3	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (%	of children under age 5)		2018		٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–1			2019		→
Children involved in child labor (% of po			2016	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons per 100,000 population)			2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		44 8	2019	•	بل
		1 1.0	2017	-	-
SDG17 – Partnerships for the		10	2014		J.
Government spending on health and ec		4.8	2016	•	•
	itries: international concessional	NA	NA		
For high-income and all OECD DAC cour public finance, including official develo					
5	xcluding grants (% of GDP)	14.3	2018 2019	•	→

5. Country Profiles

UPPER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES



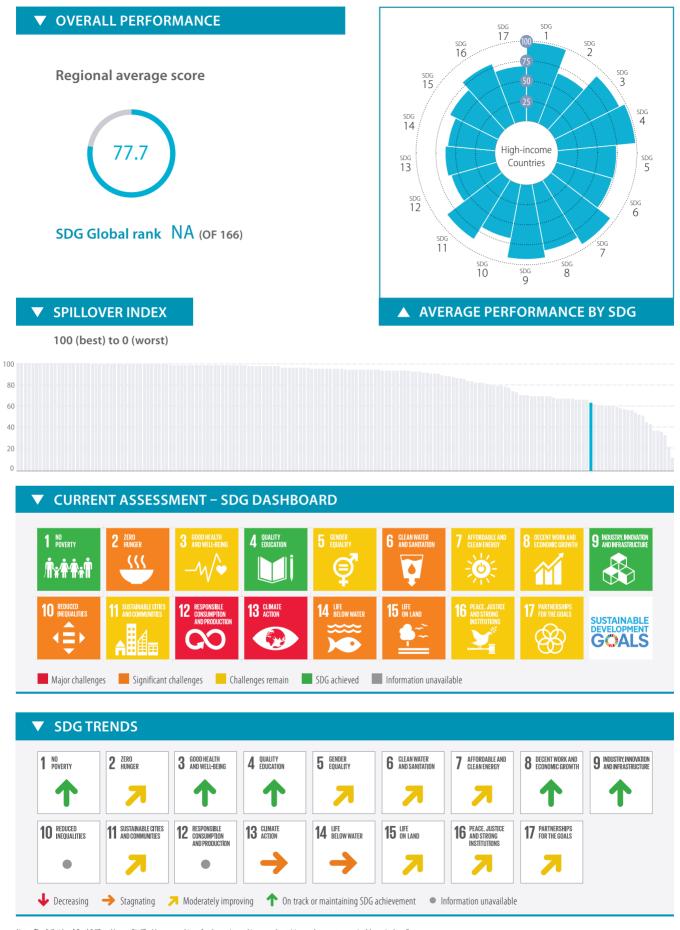
Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

UPPER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	1.8	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	5.2	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	7.2	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.0	2016	٠	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.4	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	14.5	2016	•	ł
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2	2017	٠	->
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	T
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7	2015	•	→
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	7
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.5	2018	•	Τ
vge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.5	2016	•	1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	83	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	18.6	2016	٠	7
ife expectancy at birth (years)	75.4	2016	٠	7
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	1
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016	•	•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018	•	T
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	T
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.4	2019	•	4
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)		2018	•	7
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•	Т
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.2	2018	•	•
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	86.2	2017	•	1
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		7
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	24.3	2020	•	→
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		1
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	•	1
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015	•	•
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	5.8	2013	•	Τ
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2017	•	T
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	/2.8	2016	•	7
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.2	2017	•	1
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)		2018	٠	٠
fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	3.7	2018	٠	٠
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	72.1	2017	•	1
Inemployment rate (% of total labor force)	6.5	2019	•	→
		2010		

5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	lating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	60.5	2018	٠	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	85.1	2018	٠	1
ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.3	2018	•	↑
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of to universities (worst 0–100 best)	p 3 55.7	2020	•	•
cientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.3	2018	•	7
expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.5	2017	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	44 7	2017	•	•
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		2017	-	-
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)		2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017	•	7
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	69.0	2019	•	T
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Aunicipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0	2016	٠	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	6.3	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	28.5	2012	٠	٠
50 ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.6	2012	٠	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	26.2	2010	٠	٠
vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.5	2010	•	٠
5DG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.9	2017	٠	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	2015	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	460.5	2019	•	٠
5DG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity	(%) 34.4	2018	•	→
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		->
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	٠	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014	•	÷
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population		2018		•
5DG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity	(%) 36.9	2018	•	→
Aean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity		2018	•	4
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2010		J.
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019		
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports			,	
(per million population)	0.6	2018	•	•
5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017		>
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	29.6	2018	•	Τ
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	70.4	2019	٠	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.3	2019	٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	96.5	2018	٠	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	38	2019	٠	→
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	8.3	2016	٠	٠
exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.3	2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	61.8	2019	٠	→
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.1	2016	•	•
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessio	nal			-
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NA	٠	•
	10.0	2018	•	L
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	19.9	2010		•

HIGH-INCOME COUNTRIES



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

HIGH-INCOME COUNTRIES

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year R	ating	Trenc
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.5	2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.7	2020	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.7	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.2	2016	•	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.3	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	24.8	2016	٠	↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	•	↓
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	6.7	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5	2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	10	2017	٠	1
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.6	2018	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	10.7	2018	•	Ť
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	12.2	2016	•	Т
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	18	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	8.4	2016	٠	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	80.7	2016	•	1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	11.8	2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.1	2016	٠	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	82.3	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.7	2019	•	1
5DG4 – Quality Education				, i
let primary enrollment rate (%)	98.7	2018	•	•
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2018	•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018	•	
5DG5 – Gender Equality	55.5	2010	-	
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	77.1	2017	•	ѫ
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	08.0	2018		1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2018		1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019	•	
/	20.9	2020	-	7
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	00.5	2017	•	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017	•	•
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015		
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		-
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	29.1	2013	•	1
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0		•	T
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	99.4	2016	٠	1
CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	1.2	2017	•	7
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-0.4	2018	٠	٠
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.7	2018	٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	93.2	2017	•	1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)	4.9	2019	٠	٠

l	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year Rat	ing Trend
	Population using the internet (%)	87.4 2018	• ↑
	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	124.2 2018	• ↑
	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.9 2018	• ↑
	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	70.0 2020	•
	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.2 2018	• 1
	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	2.3 2017	• 1
	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	39.0 2017	
	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	14.6 2017	• →
	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98.7 2017	• •
	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	63.1 2019	• →
	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.9 2016	
	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	18.9 2016	
	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	54.6 2012	
	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	12.0 2012	
	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	44.4 2010	
	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	11.4 2010	
		11.7 2010	
	SDG13 – Climate Action	10 5 2017	
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO_2 /capita)	10.5 2017	
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.0 2015	
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1980.3 2019	
	SDG14 – Life Below Water		
	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	65.1 2018	РТ
	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	62.5 2019	
	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	38.8 2014	
	Fish caught by trawling (%)	44.3 2014	
	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.5 2018 (
	SDG15 – Life on Land		
	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	59.8 2018	• 1
	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	56.5 2018	• ↑
	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2019 (• →
	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2018	• •
	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	3.8 2018	•
	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.3 2017	• →
	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	23.0 2018	• 1
	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	74.1 2019	• ↑
	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.4 2019	•
	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 2018	•
	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	68 2019	• ↑
	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.2 2016	•
	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.8 2019	•
	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	24.8 2019	• 1
	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	12.6 2016	• •
	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		
	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.3 2017	• →
	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA NA (•
	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	39.3 2019	

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